

Cerro Coso College  
**Course Outline of Record Report**  
10/11/2021

## HCRSC075 : Principles of Intravenous Therapy and Blood Withdrawal

### General Information

Author:	-
Course Code (CB01) :	HCRSC075
Course Title (CB02) :	Principles of Intravenous Therapy and Blood Withdrawal
Department:	Allied Health
Proposal Start:	Fall 2013
TOP Code (CB03) :	(1230.20) Licensed Vocational Nursing
SAM Code (CB09) :	Advanced Occupational
Distance Education Approved:	Yes
Course Control Number (CB00) :	CCC000510289
Curriculum Committee Approval Date:	03/09/2014
Board of Trustees Approval Date:	06/12/2014
External Review Approval Date:	07/24/2014
Course Description:	The course is designed to enable the Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN) to safely initiate and maintain intravenous therapy in a clinical setting. LVNs successfully completing this course will be certified by the California Board of Vocational Nurse Examiners to initiate and superimpose intravenous fluids. Must have a current California Vocational Nursing License or senior standing in a LVN Program, or Interim Permittee Vocational Nurse status.
Submission Type:	New Course
Author:	No value

### Faculty Minimum Qualifications

Master Discipline Preferred:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Nursing Science/ Clinical Practice</li></ul>
Alternate Master Discipline Preferred:	No value
Bachelors or Associates Discipline Preferred:	No value
Additional Bachelors or Associates Discipline Preferred:	No value

### Course Development Options

<b>Basic Skills Status (CB08)</b> Course is not a basic skills course. <input type="checkbox"/> Allow Students to Gain Credit by Exam/Challenge	<b>Course Special Class Status (CB13)</b> Course is not a special class. <b>Allowed Number of Retakes</b> 0	<b>Grade Options</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Pass/No Pass</li></ul> <b>Course Prior To College Level (CB21)</b> Not applicable.
---	--	---

**Rationale For Credit By Exam/Challenge**

No value

**Retake Policy Description**

Type:|Non-Repeatable Credit

 Allow Students To Audit Course**Course Support Course Status (CB26)**

No value

**Associated Programs** Course is part of a program (CB24)**Associated Program**

No value

**Award Type**

No value

**Active****Transferability & Gen. Ed. Options****Course General Education Status (CB25)**

No value

**Transferability**

Not transferable

**Transferability Status**

Not transferable

**Units and Hours****Summary****Minimum Credit Units (CB07)** 0**Maximum Credit Units (CB06)** 0**Total Course In-Class (Contact Hours)** 0**Total Course Out-of-Class Hours** 0**Total Student Learning Hours** 0**Faculty Load** 0**Credit / Non-Credit Options****Course Credit Status (CB04)**

Credit - Degree Applicable

**Course Non Credit Category (CB22)**

Credit Course.

**Non-Credit Characteristic**

No Value

**Course Classification Status (CB11)**

Credit Course.

Variable Credit Course

**Funding Agency Category (CB23)**

Not Applicable.

 Cooperative Work Experience Education Status (CB10)



### Weekly Student Hours

	In Class	Out of Class
Lecture Hours	0	0
Laboratory Hours	0	0
Activity Hours	0	0

### Course Student Hours

<b>Course Duration (Weeks)</b>	18
<b>Hours per unit divisor</b>	0

#### Course In-Class (Contact) Hours

Lecture	0
Laboratory	0
Activity	0
<b>Total</b>	0

#### Course Out-of-Class Hours

Lecture	0
Laboratory	0
Activity	0
<b>Total</b>	0

### Time Commitment Notes for Students

No value

### Faculty Load

Extra Duties: 0

Faculty Load: 0

### Units and Hours - Weekly Specialty Hours

Activity Name	Type	In Class	Out of Class
No Value	No Value	No Value	No Value

### Units and Hours: Non-standard

#### Summary

<b>Minimum Credit Units (CB07)</b>	2
<b>Maximum Credit Units (CB06)</b>	2
<b>Total Course In-Class (Contact) Hours</b>	36
<b>Total Course Out-of-Class Hours</b>	54
<b>Total Student Learning Hours</b>	90

**Faculty Load** 0

## Detail

### Weekly Student Hours

	<b>In Class</b>	<b>Out of Class</b>
Lecture Hours	27	54
Laboratory Hours	0	0
Activity Hours	9	0

### Course Student Hours

<b>Course Duration (Weeks)</b>	18
<b>Hours per unit divisor</b>	54
<b>Course In-Class (Contact) Hours</b>	
Lecture	27
Laboratory	0
Activity	9
<b>Total</b>	36
<b>Course Out-of-Class Hours</b>	
Lecture	0
Laboratory	0
Activity	0
<b>Total</b>	54

### Time Commitment Notes for Students

No Value

### Faculty Load

**Extra Duties:** 0

**Faculty Load:** 0

## Units and Hours: Non-standard - Weekly Specialty Hours

<b>Activity Name</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>In Class</b>	<b>Out of Class</b>
No Value	No Value	No Value	No Value

## Pre-requisites, Co-requisites, Anti-requisites and Advisories

No Value

## Entrance Skills

Entrance Skills

Description

No value

No value

## Limitations on Enrollment

Limitations on Enrollment

Description

BVNPT

Required by Statute: BVNPT: Current California Vocational Nursing License (LVN), or senior standing in a LVN Program, or Interim VN Permittee status. Students must have a current California Vocational Nursing License (LVN), or senior standing in a LVN Program, or Interim VN Permittee status as mandated by the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians .

## Specifications

Methods of Instruction

Methods of Instruction

Audiovisual

Rationale

No value

Methods of Instruction

Skills Development and Performance

Rationale

Procedure presentation andClinical experience

Methods of Instruction

Skills Development and Performance

Rationale

No value

Methods of Instruction

Performance

Rationale

No value

Methods of Instruction

Peer-to-peer instruction

Rationale

No value

Methods of Instruction

Lecture

<b>Rationale</b>	No value			
<b>Methods of Instruction</b>	Instruction through examination or quizzing			
<b>Rationale</b>	No value			
<b>Methods of Instruction</b>	Audiovisual			
<b>Rationale</b>	No value			
<b>Methods of Instruction</b>	Case Study			
<b>Rationale</b>	No value			
<b>Methods of Instruction</b>	Discussion			
<b>Rationale</b>	No value			
<b>Assignments</b>				
A. Textbook Reading				
B. Written exercise on a case study related to phlebotomy, intravenous therapy, and venipunctures. Example: Discuss the case scenario. Include errors the nurse made, complications the patient suffered, and preventative steps that could have prevented the problem.				
C. Practice: On a partner/family member find veins that might be used for venipuncture, phlebotomy, or intravenous access.				
<b>Methods of Evaluation</b>		<b>Rationale</b>		
Tests		No value		
Other		Demonstration of intravenous cannulation, phlebotomy, and venipuncture.		
<b>Equipment</b>				
No Value				
<b>Textbooks</b>				
<b>Author</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>ISBN</b>
	Sharon M Weinstein, S.; Hagle, M.E.. (2014) Plumerâ€™s Principles and Practice of Intravenous Therapy , 9th, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins			
<b>Other Instructional Materials</b>				

No Value

### Materials Fee

No

## Learning Outcomes and Objectives

### Course Objectives

No value

### CSLOs

Discuss the function and structure of veins including identifying the names and locations of the veins most suitable for phlebotomy, intravenous cannulation, and venipuncture. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Discuss the correct use of and assemble the appropriate equipment and supplies needed to collect blood and insert an intravenous cannula. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Demonstrate the steps in performing blood collection, intravenous cannulation, and venipuncture procedure. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Assess techniques and equipment used to minimize biohazards exposure in both blood collections, intravenous cannulation, and venipuncture. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Evaluate procedural errors and discuss possible remedies for blood collection, intravenous cannulation, and venipuncture. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Differentiate complications and their effect on the quality of laboratory test results associated with blood collection, intravenous cannulation, and venipuncture. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Identify the components and the safe administration of total parenteral fluids. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Identify types of blood transfusion reactions and nursing actions if a reaction occurs Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

Perform a minimum of three successful venipunctures and three successful skin punctures on clients. Expected SLO Performance: 70.0

## Outline

### Course Outline

- I. The role the nurse in intravenous (IV) therapy and Blood Withdrawal Licensed Vocational NurseRegistered Nurse
- II. Factors that affect flow rates of IV solutions
- III. Proper use of specific equipment IV therapyArterial punctureBlood withdrawal
- IV. IV therapy; Blood withdrawal; Arterial puncture; Nursing precautions; and Client safety Preparing the client psychologicallyRationale for blood withdrawal; arterial punctures and venipuncturesTypes of skin puncture; venipuncture and arterial devices and their appropriate usesSkin puncture; arterial puncture; and venipunctureTypes of intravenous solutions and their appropriatenessPreparing equipment properly and asepticallySelecting and correctly preparing the most appropriate vein for venipuncture; blood withdrawal or arterial puncturePreparing site in a manner which reduces the chance of infectionPerforming venipuncture utilizing direct or indirect methodPerforming blood withdrawal utilizing skin puncture (vacutainer;

butterfly; syringe); arterial puncture or venipuncture Dressing site according to policy Securing and immobilizing device appropriately/safely Regulating flow rate of fluid accurately Documenting on medical record

V. Complications Blood withdrawal Arterial punctures Venipuncture

VI. Local and systemic reactions related to intravenous therapy

VII. Nursing measures taken to reduce local and systemic reactions

VIII. Five reasons to discontinue and restart IV devices

IX. Causes of clinical symptoms Hypovolemia Hypervolemia

X. Causes and differentiate clinical symptoms of electrolyte imbalance

XI. The role of IV therapy in pH imbalance

XII. Causes of pH imbalances

XIII. Specified intravenous solutions Actions Dosages Side effects Nursing implications

XIV. IV fluid container label and names of commonly ordered solutions

XV. Usual components of total parenteral nutrition

XVI. Nursing precautions relating to total parenteral nutrition

XVII. Safety techniques utilized in blood transfusions

XVIII. Types of blood transfusion reactions

XIX. Nursing actions taken when blood transfusion reaction occurs

XX. Differences between techniques Adult IV therapy Pediatric IV therapy

XXI. Situations related to intravenous therapy with legal implications

XXII. Ways of minimizing legal risks IV therapy Blood Withdrawal practice

XXIII. Safety precautions Administering intravenous fluids Withdrawing blood Testing for adequate circulation pertaining to arterial puncture site

### Lab Outline

I. Perform a minimum of three (3) individually supervised successful venipunctures on clients

II. Perform a minimum of three (3) individually supervised successful skin punctures on clients

III. Proper use of specific equipment IV therapy Arterial puncture Blood withdrawal

IV. Intervenuous therapy; Blood withdrawal; Arterial puncture; Nursing precautions; and Client safety Preparing the client psychologically Rationale for blood withdrawal; arterial punctures and venipunctures Types of skin puncture; venipuncture and arterial devices and their appropriate uses Types of intravenous solutions and their appropriateness Preparing equipment properly and aseptically Selecting and correctly preparing the most appropriate vein for venipuncture; blood withdrawal or arterial puncture Preparing site in a manner which reduces the chance of infection Performing venipuncture utilizing direct or indirect method Performing blood withdrawal utilizing skin puncture (vacutainer; butterfly; syringe); arterial puncture or venipuncture Dressing site according to policy Securing and immobilizing device appropriately/safely Regulating flow rate of fluid accurately Documenting on medical record.

### Delivery Methods and Distance Education

Delivery Method: Please list all that apply -Face to face -Online (purely online no face-to-face contact) -Online with some required face-to-face meetings ("Hybrid") -Online course with on ground testing -iTV – Interactive video = Face to face course with significant required activities in a distance modality -Other

Face 2 Face

Rigor Statement: Assignments and evaluations should be of the same rigor as those used in the on-ground course. If they are not the same as those noted in the COR on the Methods of Evaluation and out-of-class assignments pages, indicate what the differences are and why they are being used. For instance, if labs, field trips, or site visits are required in the face to face section of this course, how will these requirements be met with the same rigor in the Distance Education section?



No Value

**Effective Student-Instructor Contact:** Good practice requires both asynchronous and synchronous contact for effective contact. List the methods expected of all instructors teaching the course. -Learning Management System -Discussion Forums -Moodle Message -Other Contact -Chat/Instant Messaging -E-mail -Face-to-face meeting(s) -Newsgroup/Discussion Board -Proctored Exam -Telephone -iTV -Interactive Video -Other (specify)

**Software and Equipment:** What additional software or hardware, if any, is required for this course purely because of its delivery mode? How is technical support to be provided?

No Value

**Accessibility:** Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act requires access to the Federal government's electronic and information technology. The law covers all types of electronic and information technology in the Federal sector and is not limited to assistive technologies used by people with disabilities. It applies to all Federal agencies when they develop, procure, maintain, or use such technology. Federal agencies must ensure that this technology is accessible to employees and the public to the extent it does not pose an "undue burden". I am using -iTV—Interactive Video only -Learning management system -Publisher course with learning management system interface.

No Value

**Class Size:** Good practice is that section size should be no greater in distance ed modes than in regular face-to-face versions of the course. Will the recommended section size be lower than in on-ground sections? If so, explain why.

No Value