Cerro Coso College

Course Outline of Record Report

GEOLC111: Physical Geology

General Information

Author:

Course Code (CB01): GEOLC111

Course Title (CB02): **Physical Geology**

Department: Science **Proposal Start:** Fall 2013

TOP Code (CB03): (1914.00) Geology SAM Code (CB09): Non-occupational

Distance Education Approved:

Course Control Number (CB00): CCC000293116 **Curriculum Committee Approval Date:** 02/07/2014 **Board of Trustees Approval Date:** 03/06/2014 **External Review Approval Date:** 07/08/2014

Course Description: This course covers the study of the earth as an integrated system of hydrologic, tectonic,

> atmospheric, and human processes, including the origin and evolution of continents, mountains, earth materials, oceans, and life forms. It also covers geologic hazards, such as earthquakes, floods, groundwater contamination, and global climate change. Laboratories are designed to complement and reinforce topics covered in the lecture and will apply geologic principles to local geologic and land use issues such as earthquake hazards, flash floods, and the evolution of

landforms in eastern California.

Submission Type: New Course

No value Author:

Faculty Minimum Qualifications

Master Discipline Preferred: Physical Sciences

Alternate Master Discipline Preferred: Physical Sciences

Bachelors or Associates Discipline Preferred: No value **Additional Bachelors or Associates Discipline**

Preferred:

No value

Course Development Options

- Allow Students to Gain Credit by

Basic Skills Status (CB08) Course Special Class Status (CB13)

Course is not a basic skills course. Course is not a special class.

• Letter Grade Methods

Pass/No Pass

Grade Options

Allowed Number of Retakes Course Prior To College Level (CB21)

0	Not applicable.
Retake Policy Description Type: Non-Repeatable Credit	Allow Students To Audit Course
	0 Retake Policy Description

Associated Programs				
Course is part of a program (CB24)				
Associated Program	Award Type	Active		
No value	No value			

Course is part of a program (CE	324)			
Associated Program	Award ⁻	Туре		Active
No value	No valu	No value		
T				
Transferability & Gen. E	d. Options			
Course General Education Statu	s (CB25)			
No value				
Transferability			Transferability Statu	ıs
Transferable to both UC and CSU			Approved	
Cerro Coso General Education Requirements	Categories	Status	Approval Date	Comparable Course
Area 1.2	Natural Science Physical Sciences	Approved	No value	No Comparable Course defined.
CSU General Education Certification	Categories	Status	Approval Date	Comparable Course
Area B.1	Scientific Inquiry & Quantitative Reasoning Physical Sciences	Approved	No value	No Comparable Course defined.
Area B.3	Scientific Inquiry & Quantitative Reasoning Laboratory	Approved	No value	
Intersegmental General	Categories	Status	Approval Date	Comparable Course

CSU General Education Certification	Categories	Status	Approval Date	Comparable Course
Area B.1	Scientific Inquiry & Quantitative Reasoning Physical Sciences	Approved	No value	No Comparable Course defined.
Area B.3	Scientific Inquiry & Quantitative Reasoning Laboratory	Approved	No value	
Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum	Categories	Status	Approval Date	Comparable Course
Area 5.A	Physical & Biological Sciences Physical Science	Approved	No value	No Comparable Course defined.

Units and Hours: Summary Minimum Credit Units (CB07) Maximum Credit Units (CB06) Total Course In-Class (Contact) 108 **Total Course Out-of-Class** 108 Hours **Total Student Learning Hours** 216 0 **Faculty Load Credit / Non-Credit Options Course Credit Status (CB04) Course Non Credit Category (CB22) Non-Credit Characteristic** Credit Course. No Value Credit - Degree Applicable **Course Classification Status (CB11) Funding Agency Category (CB23)** Cooperative Work Experience Education Status (CB10) Credit Course. Not Applicable. Variable Credit Course **Weekly Student Hours Course Student Hours Out of Classs** In Class **Course Duration (Weeks)** 18 Lecture Hours Hours per unit divisor 0 **Laboratory Hours** 3 0 **Course In-Class (Contact) Hours Activity Hours** 0 Lecture 0 0 Laboratory 0 0 Activity **Total** 108 **Course Out-of-Class Hours** Lecture 0 Laboratory 0 Activity 0 Total 108 **Time Commitment Notes for Students** No value **Faculty Load**

Extra Duties: 0 Faculty Load: 0

Units and Hours: - Weekly Specialty Hours			
Activity Name	Туре	In Class	Out of Class
No Value	No Value	No Value	No Value

Pre-requisites, Co-requisites, Anti-requisites and Advisories

Prerequisite

ENGLC070 - Introductory Composition

Students taking GEOL C111 are expected to be able to read the text book, understand written laboratory instructions and draw conclusions from multiple written data sources, as well as write coherent laboratory reports and answer short essay questions.

Entrance Skills	
Entrance Skills	Description
No value	No value

Limitations on Enrollment		
Limitations on Enrollment	Description	
No value	No value	

Specifications	
Methods of Instruction	
Methods of Instruction	Other
Rationale	Other Methods: Classroom lecture and discussion of all course content. Presentations utilizing transparencies, computer presentation, chalkboard, whiteboard and internet. Homework and inclass exercises relating to lecture topics.
Methods of Instruction	Problem Solving

Rationale	No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Written work No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Lecture No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Outside reading No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Laboratory No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	In-class writing No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Instruction through examination or quizzing No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Field Trip Field trip
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Group Work No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Discussion No value
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Case Study No value

Methods of Instruction Rationale	Demonstration No value	
Methods of Instruction Rationale	Audiovisual No value	

Assignments

- A. Readings from the assigned texts and news media B. Internet assignments, students locate and utilize scientific databases and articles. C. Laboratory Assignments D. Laboratory Reports E. Field Trips

Methods of Evaluation	Rationale
Tests	A. Quizzes covering material from the assigned readings and laboratory
	C. Exams, multiple choice and essay, covering lecture and assigned reading material. assessment
Participation	B. Reports and presentations
	F. Laboratory exercises.
	G. Laboratory reports, activities and presentations
	H. Field Trip Reports
Research Paper	D. Written Assignments
·	E. Research Assignments
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Equipment

No Value

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Author	Title	Publisher	Date	ISBN
	Richard Busch. (2014) Lal Manual in Physical Geolc 10th, Prentice Hall			
	Lutgens, Tarbuck, Tasa. (2 Essentials of Geology, 12 Prentice Hall			

Other Instructional Materials

No Value

Materials Fee

No

	mes and Objectives		
Course Objectives			
No value			
CSLOs			
Explain and practically	apply the principles of the scientifi	ic method	Expected SLO Performance: 70
Social Science Anthropology AA	Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
Degree for Transfer	Use the scientific method to analyze a		
Social Science PLOs for CSU GE COA	Communicate scientific results by applying the appropriate scientific method, including experimental and empirical methodologies characteristic of science and modern methods and tools used in scientific inquiry through the use of graphs, oral communications, and writings.		
Social Science IGETC PLOs	Communicate scientific results by applying the appropriate scientific method, including experimental and empirical methodologies characteristic of science and modern methods and tools used in scientific inquiry through the use of graphs, oral communications, and writings.		
Science Liberal Arts: Mathematics & Science AA Degree	Describe the nature of science, the methods applied in scientific investigations, and the value of those methods in developing a rigorous understanding of the physical world.		
	tual understanding of fundamental	l concepts, principles, and interactions of Earth's systems app	
	Use see for Transfer	I concepts, principles, and interactions of Earth's systems appeared the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	
ciences Social Science Anthropology AA Degre	Use see for Transfer	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Demonstrate an under	Use for Transfer Use standing of plate tectonics and the	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree	Use for Transfer Use standing of plate tectonics and the Use tor Transfer	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Earth's resources	Expected SLO Performance: 70
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Demonstrate an under Social Science Anthropology AA Degree	Use for Transfer Use standing of plate tectonics and the Use tor Transfer	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Earth's resources the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. The the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. The the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70 Expected SLO Performance: 70
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Demonstrate an under Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Apply understanding of Social Science	use for Transfer Use standing of plate tectonics and the ee for Transfer Use of the internal and external processe Use	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Earth's resources the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. The the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. The the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70 Expected SLO Performance: 70
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Demonstrate an under Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Apply understanding of	tee for Transfer Use standing of plate tectonics and the tee for Transfer Use of the internal and external processe tee for Transfer Use	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Earth's resources E the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Earth's resources E the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. E the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. E the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70 Expected SLO Performance: 70
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Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Apply understanding of Social Science Anthropology AA Degree Anthropology AA Degree Demonstrate an under Social Science Anthropology AA Degree	tee for Transfer Use standing of plate tectonics and the ele for Transfer Use of the internal and external processe ele for Transfer Use standing of the rock cycle and idented ele for Transfer Use standing of the Earth through the internal of the Earth through the internal elements of the Earth through the Earth through the Earth through the internal elements of the Earth through through the Earth through the Earth throug	e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Earth's resources e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. es that shape and form the Earth e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. e the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. ethe scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. ethe scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. ethe scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70 Expected SLO Performance: 70 Expected SLO Performance: 70

			Expected SLO Performance: 70.	
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree for Transfer		Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
		Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
Demonstrate an understanding	of how geological e	nvironments are formed, changed and eroded through time	Expected SLO Performance: 70	
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree for Transfer		Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
		Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
Demonstrate an ability to come solving skills to make informed		ourse concepts effectively in writing and diagrams and apply critica	I thinking and problem Expected SLO Performance: 70.	
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree for Transfer	Use the scientific m	ethod to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
	Use the scientific m	ethod to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
Science Liberal Arts: Mathematics & Science AA Degree	Apply algebraic, graphical, numerical, and other methods to solve applied problems in the areas of mathematics, natural sciences, computer graphics, and computer animation.			
	l and interpret topog	raphic and geologic maps and answer questions pertaining to geo	ologic processes. Expected SLO Performance: 70	
Demonstrate the ability to read				
Social Science	nsfer	Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
	nsfer	Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition. Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.		
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree for Trai			Expected SLO Performance: 70	
Social Science Anthropology AA Degree for Tran	vised experiments ir	Use the scientific method to analyze aspects of the human condition.	Expected SLO Performance: 70.	

Outline

Course Outline

- A. The Earth System
- 1. The Scientific Method
- 2. Earth's Shape and Surface (topography)
- 3. The Geologic Record-principle of uniformitarianism
- 4. Earth's concentric layers
- 5. Plate tectonics system
- 6. Geologic Time
- B. Plate Tectonics-The Unifying Theory
- 1. Continental Drift
- 2. Plate Tectonics
- 3. Active Plate Margins
- 4. Mechanism for Plate Tectonics
- C. Earth Materials-Minerals and Rocks
- 1. Minerals-building blocks of rocks
- 2. Matter
- 3. Mineral Formation

- 4. Silicates
- 5. Chemical Classes of Other Common Minerals
- 6. Properties of Minerals
- D. Igneous Processes: Rocks Formed from Cooling Melts
- 1. Igneous Rock Classification
- 2. Igneous rocks
- 3.Igneous textures
- 4. Igneous rock compositions
- 5. Origins of magma Bowen's Reaction Series tells you minerals and temperature of crystallization
- 6. How igneous rocks form melt; then crystallize
- 7. Plate tectonic settings of igneous rocks
- E. Sedimentation: Rocks Formed by Surface Processes
- 1. Sedimentary rocks and the rock cycle
- 2.Classification (based on composition and texture)
- 3. Plate Tectonics and sedimentary basins
- 4. Sedimentary Structures
- 5. Burial and Diagenesis
- 6. Sedimentary rocks and the rock cycle
- 7. Types of sedimentary rocks
- F. Metamorphism: Modification of Rocks by Temperature and Pressure
- 1.Causes of Metamorphism
- 2. Kinds of Metamorphism
- 3. Textures and Types
- 4. Metamorphic Grade&mdash:Regional Metamorphism
- 5. Plate Tectonics and Metamorphism
- G. Deformation: Modification of Rocks by Folding and Faulting
- 1. Measuring strike and dip
- 2. Forces-types of stress
- 3. Behavior (plastic; elastic; brittle) of rocks depends on
- 4. Deformation-response to force
- 5. Joints
- 6. Faults-normal; reverse; thrust; strike-slip; rift valley (horst and graben)
- 7. Folds-Symmetrical and Asymmetrical
- H. Clocks in Rocks: Timing the Geologic Record
- 1. Relative vs. radiometric ages
- 2. The Stratigraphic Record
- 3. The Geological Time Scale
- 4. Calibration of the Geological Time Scale with "absolute time" methods
- 5. Radiometric Time: adding dates to the time scale
- 6. Time scales of geologic processes
- I. Early History of the Terrestrial Planets
- 1. Origin of our solar system-Nebular hypothesis
- 2. Diversity of the Planets
- 3. Earth's Differentiated Layers
- 4. Origin of our solar system-Nebular hypothesis
- 5. Formation of Earth's atmosphere/oceans-
- 6. Planetary Surfaces-Isotopic dating of Moon rocks has yielded a crater counting time-scale that is useful in dating other planetary surfaces
- J. Evolution of the Continents
- K Volcanoes
- 1. What Comes Out of a Volcano?
- 2. Factors Influencing Eruptive Style
- 3. Kinds of Eruptions/Types of Volcanoes
- 4. Volcanism and Climate
- 5. Convergent and divergent plate boundaries
- 6. Hot spots
- 7. Hydrothermal deposits
- 8. Volcanic Hazards
- L. Earthquakes

- 1. What is an Earthquake?
- 2. Causes
- 3. Detecting and Measuring Earthquakes
- 4. Seismic Waves
- 5. Location
- 6. Measuring the Size of an Earthquake
- 7. Earthquakes and Patterns of Faulting
- 8. Destructiveness of Earthquakes
- 9. What Should You Do Before and During an Earthquake?
- M. Weathering; Erosion; and Mass Wasting
- 1. Major Factors Controlling Rates of Weathering
- 2. Products of Chemical Weathering
- 3. Silica and quartz sand
- 4. Physical Weathering
- 5. Soils are residues of weathering processes
- 6. Mass wasting&mdash:Processes that move rock and soil downhill via gravity
- 7. Factors that influence mass movements
- 8. Types of mass movement
- 9. Rock mass movements
- 10. Origins of Mass Wasting
- N. The Hydrologic Cycle and Ground water
- 1. Hydrologic Cycle
- 2. Flows/Fluxes
- 3. Groundwater
- 4. Movement of Groundwater
- 5. Aquifer vs. Aquiclude
- 6. Rate of Groundwater Flow
- 7. Erosion by Groundwater&mdash:Dissolution
- 8. Water Quality
- O. Stream Transport
- 1. Stream Valleys; Channels; and Floodplains
- 2. How Running Water Erodes Solid Rock
- 3. Sediment Load and Transport
- 4. Lake
- 5. Alluvial fans
- 6. Terraces
- 7. Dam and reservoir
- 8. Effects of waves; tides; and tectonics
- 9. Deltas
- 10. Active channel-cross-section and roughness
- 11. Floodplain
- 12. Meanders and entrenched meanders
- 13. Levees
- 14. Channel patterns
- 15. Discharge (amount of water)
- 16. Gradient (slope)
- 17. Floods
- P. Deserts and Wind
- 1. Deserts are where evaporation exceeds precipitation
- 2. Wind
- 3. Wind Transport
- 4. Wind transported materials
- 5. Wind erosion
- 6. Wind deposits
- 7. Factors Contributing to Desert Conditions
- 8. Desert weathering
- 9. Sediments
- 10. Desert landscape features
- Q. Coastlines and Oceans
- 1. Oceans vs. Continents
- 2. Origin of the Ocean Crust
- 3. Coastal Processes

- 4. Wave motion
- 5. Surf zone
- 6. Shoreline Features
- 7. Continental Margins
- 8. Major Features of the Ocean Basins
- 9. Continental margins
- 10. Deep Sea
- R. Glaciers
- 1. Glacial Ice (metamorphic rock)
- 2. Types of Glaciers
- 3. How Do Glaciers Form?
- 4. Movement of Ice
- 5. Isotasy; Ice Shelves; and Sea Level Change
- 6. Erosional and Abrasional Features
- 7. Ice and Melt Water Deposited Sediments/Drift
- 8. Depositional Features
- 9. Ice Ages: the Pleistocene Glaciation
- S. Earth Resources
- 1. Renewable and Non-Renewable Resources
- 2. Metallogenic Provinces

Lab Outline

This laboratory course provides practical experience in field methods and enhancement of topics covered in the detailed topical outline. Activities covered but not limited to:

Topographic maps

Mineral identification

Relative and absolute dating

Geologic time

Plate Tectonics

Earthquakes

Volcanoes

Rock identification

Geological structures

Geological maps and cross sections

Surface water processes

Ground water processes

Coastal processes

Desert processes

Glacial processes

Field Trips

Delivery Methods and Distance Education

Delivery Method: Please list all that apply -Face to face -Online (purely online no face-to-face contact) -Online with some required face-to-face meetings ("Hybrid") -Online course with on ground testing -iTV – Interactive video = Face to face course with significant required activities in a distance modality -Other

Face 2 Face

Hybrid

Rigor Statement: Assignments and evaluations should be of the same rigor as those used in the on-ground course. If they are not the same as those noted in the COR on the Methods of Evaluation and out-of-class assignments pages, indicate what the differences are and why they are being used. For instance, if labs, field trips, or site visits are required in the face to face section of this course, how will these requirements be met with the same rigor in the Distance Education section?

Effective Student-Instructor Contact: Good practice requires both asynchronous and synchronous contact for effective contact. List the

methods expected of all instructors teaching the course. -Learning Management System -Discussion Forums -Moodle Message -Other Contact -Chat/Instant Messaging -E-mail -Face-to-face meeting(s) -Newsgroup/Discussion Board -Proctored Exam -Telephone -iTV -

Interactive Video -Other (specify)

rigor Laboratory Experiments must be hands on and face to face.

forums message

chat

email

face2face

proctored

Software and Equipment: What additional software or hardware, if any, is required for this course purely because of its delivery mode? How is technical support to be provided?

No Value

Accessibility: Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act requires access to the Federal government's electronic and information technology. The law covers all types of electronic and information technology in the Federal sector and is not limited to assistive technologies used by people with disabilities. It applies to all Federal agencies when they develop, procure, maintain, or use such technology. Federal agencies must ensure that this technology is accessible to employees and the public to the extent it does not pose an "undue burden". I am using -iTV—Interactive Video only -Learning management system -Publisher course with learning management system interface.

itv LMS publisher

Class Size: Good practice is that section size should be no greater in distance ed modes than in regular face-to-face versions of the course. Will the recommended section size be lower than in on-ground sections? If so, explain why.

No Value