- b. Role of Chancellor's Cabinet in Decision Making
 - i. The Chancellor's Cabinet is the clearing house for the consideration of all proposals for creation of or amendments to Board Policies and Procedures as well as considering other issues that may require decisions. This body has a broader representation than the Chancellor's Administrative Council including the College Presidents, the Vice Chancellors, and other District Administrators. The Cabinet, after due research and consideration makes its recommendations to the Chancellor.
 - ii. The Chancellor may refer the proposed changes in policy or procedures recommended by the Cabinet to the District Consultation Council for further consideration, and for recommendations from that body. The Chancellor, in the consideration of proposals takes into account whether the subject under consideration is governed by a union agreement by "reliance primarily on the advice and judgment of the Academic Senate", or by the "obligation to reach mutual agreement" with the Academic Senate. The Board of Trustees may decide which of these two options will be used in the decision making process according to its own discretion, or as is cited in existing Board Policy.
 - iii. With respect to Board Policies, following District Consultation Council considerations and recommendations, the Chancellor may recommend the proposed changes to the Board of Trustees for adoption. Once adopted, these Policies are incorporated into the Board Policies and Procedures Manual.
 - iv. With respect to Procedures, it is the Chancellor's responsibility to seek the advice and recommendations of the Chancellor's Cabinet and District Consultation Council, if deemed appropriate, and to give final approval to these procedures prior to incorporation into the Board Policies and Procedures Manual.
- c. Role of the District Consultation Council in Decision Making
 - i. The District Consultation Council is a collegial consultative body designed to serve the good of the District. The group facilitates timely, factual, and clear communication between constituents and the Chancellor as a means to help make informed District-wide decisions.

- ii. The members of the Council includes the Chancellor, the Vice Chancellors, College Presidents, Academic Senate Presidents, CCA President, CSEA Presidents, Management Association representative, and student representatives from each campus.
- iii. The members of the Council are the primary and most visible representative of their constituent groups. They set the standard for civility, candor, and accuracy in collegial discussion, within Council meetings and in their interactions with others in the college communities. Members are conduits of information to and from their respective groups. They should strive to understand and accept diverse points of view while attempting to reach a consensus to best serve the District as a whole.
- d. Role of Academic Senates in Decision Making
 - i. The role of Academic Senates in the District's decision making process is governed by Title 5, Sections 53200-53204. These Sections relate to requiring the Board of Trustees to consult "collegially" with Academic Senates in the development of Board Policies and Procedures that relate to academic and professional matters. With respect to this requirement, the Board of Trustees may use either or both of the following methods at its own discretion:
 - a. Relying primarily upon the advice and judgment of the academic senate; or
 - b. To reach mutual agreement with the Senate by written resolution, regulation, or policy of the Board of Trustees effectuating such recommendations.
 - ii. The Academic Senate Presidents serve on the District Consultation Council.
 - iii. Title 5, Section 53200 provides the definitions that are required in implementing the relationship between academic senates and the Board of Trustees.

