## General Education

Program Review

## Part 1: Relevance

## 1. Catalog Course Description:

The Cerro Coso Community College 2012-2013 Catalog offers the following philosophy statement regarding the local General Education requirement:


#### Abstract

Philosophy

The awarding of an Associate Degree at Cerro Coso Community College is intended to represent more than an accumulation of units. It is intended to lead students through patterns of learning experiences designed to develop certain capabilities and insights. Among these are the ability to think and to communicate clearly and effectively both orally and in writing, to use mathematics, to understand the modes of inquiry of the major disciplines, to be aware of other cultures and times, to achieve insights gained through experience in thinking about ethical problems, and to develop the capacity for self-understanding.

Central to an Associate Degree, General Education reflects the conviction of Cerro Coso Community College that those who receive their degrees share certain basic principles, concepts, and methodologies both unique to and shared by the various disciplines. Collegeeducated persons must be able to use this knowledge when evaluating and appreciating the physical environment, the culture, and the society in which they live. General Education should lead to better self-understanding and involve students in actively examining values inherent in proposed solutions to major social problems.


Analysis: This philosophy statement was recently revised in academic year 2011-2012 when the Vice President of Academic Affairs called a GE Task Force to

- revisit the college's general education philosophy.
- establish general education learning outcomes (GELO's).
- develop an assessment plan for measuring student achievement.

The GE philosophy needed revisiting partly because it should be reviewed not only on a regular basis as part of good practice but also more immediately because it had been several years since a catalog had been published with one in it. In addressing the philosophy, the task force returned to the original charge from the state of California regarding the minimum requirements for the Associate Degree in Title 5 section 55805 (appendix) and used that as a basis for the revised language.

Conclusion: The new philosophy statement is clear, is based directly on the state's founding intentions, and conveys the program's objectives of providing a well-rounded education for those students seeking an Associate Degree.

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## 2. Courses:

The courses that meet the local general education requirement are divided into seven areas: natural sciences, social and behavioral sciences, humanities, language and rationality, informational competency, diversity, and health and wellness. These categories and the courses they are comprised of are shown on page 40 of the 2012-2013 College Catalog (appendix).

- In Area 1, Natural Sciences, students have an option of two courses (a minimum of six units), one from the subgroup Life Sciences and one from the subgroup Physical Sciences or one course (a minimum of four units lecture/lab) from either Life or Physical Sciences.
- In Area 2, Social and Behavioral Sciences, students choose two courses, a minimum of six units, from two of five subgroups: Social, Economic and Political, Historical, Interdisciplinary Studies, and Ethnic Studies.
- In Area 3, Humanities, students choose two courses, a minimum of six units, from two of six subgroups: Active Participation, Arts, Literature, Philosophy, Foreign Language, and Interdisciplinary Studies.
- In Area 4, Language and Rationality, students need to complete two courses, a minimum of six units, with a C or better, one course from each of the subgroups: English Composition and Analytical Thinking.
- In Area 5, Information Competency, students must take one, 1-unit course or pass a proficiency test in information competency. The course is IC C075.
- In Area 6, Diversity, students may either take one course in the Diversity subgroup or any of the other GE courses denoted with a $D$ in parentheses next to the class title.
- In Area 7, Health and Wellness, students have two options to complete the requirement.

Analysis: As of the 2012-2013 Catalog, the college offers 223 courses to satisfy all categories of general education requirements. This is the total when all 1.0-unit PHED classes are considered. The number 223 reflects recent deletions and deactivations. For many years, deactivated and deleted courses were retained on the GE list because students matriculating in prior years had catalog rights, but it was determined that keeping these outmoded courses in new catalogs allowed new students to believe they could take them. New GE lists show only those courses that are active for the upcoming catalog year.

The areas chosen closely reflect state requirements and Board policy language. Natural sciences, social and behavioral sciences, humanities, and language and rationality (to specifically include 1. English composition and 2. communications and analytical thinking) are spelled out both in Title 5 language (section 55063) and Board Policy (article 4D1D). Both authorities also require at least one Ethnic Studies course to be offered in at least one of the other four areas. Cerro Coso currently has only one ethnic studies-approved course in the active catalog and offered in a regular rotation: History C209.

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Of local requirements, 3 units of coursework in a health and wellness area are also specifically mandated by Board Policy (4D1F) "since an understanding of wellness is an important attribute of a generally educated person." At the college level, Cerro Coso additionally requires a course in information competency and a course in diversity. The diversity course may be double counted.

Individual courses are mapped to their respective GE areas by means of learning outcomes. It was one of the purposes of the task force to develop a method for measuring student achievement of the GELO's. The group agreed the most direct way to do this was to create a map or crosswalk of course learning outcomes to the general education outcomes: at least one course-level SLO had to match up with at least one GELO. That would not only allow GELO's to be measured-course outcomes aggregated to provide an overall achievement rate-but also establish why specific courses belong in GE areas in the first place; if a course has no SLO's that match to the area's GELO(s), it should not apply. Faculty chairs, working with their departments, completed the mapping project by the end of Spring 2012. The chart of this crosswalk was created and posted to the college's SLO website (appendix).

According to Board policy, courses counted to meet this general education requirement must be completed with a grade point average of 2.0 or better.

Conclusion: A sufficient variety of options is available for students to fulfill GE requirements. As will be explained more fully below in Section 4, one deficiency in this area is how courses are approved (or disapproved) for the GE list. GE applicability is an appropriate topic for discussion at CIC-if it comes up. But nothing guides this conversation to make sure it happens. The college has no formal mechanism for approving or disapproving courses newly proposed as additions to the GE pattern.

## 3. General Education Learning Outcomes:

The following are the program learning outcomes for the general education pattern:

In Natural Sciences, upon successful completion of the courses in the area students will be able to

- Effectively communicate scientific results, including graphically, verbally, and in writing.
- Demonstrate competency of the Scientific Method, including the experimental and empirical methodologies characteristic of science and the modern methods and tools used in scientific inquiry.

In the Social and Behavioral Sciences area, upon successful completion of the requirement, students will be able to

- Describe the method of inquiry used by the social and behavioral sciences.
- Evaluate the operation of societies and social sub-groups.


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In the Humanities area, upon successful completion of the requirement, students will be able to

- Describe how people throughout the ages and in different cultures have responded to themselves and the world around them in artistic and cultural creation.
- Evaluate the significance of artistic and cultural constructions.

In the Language and Rationality area, upon successful completion of the requirement, students will be able to

- Use clear and precise language to express logical thought.
- Use a complex symbol system to solve problems.

In the Information Competency area, upon successful completion of the requirement, students will be able to

- Explain the fundamentals of the research process and documentation style.
- Clearly identify types of information needed to address a research problem and evaluate the credibility of sources.

In the Diversity area, upon successful completion of the requirement, students will be able to

- Describe and analyze the effects of race, ethnicity, class, gender, sexuality, disability, and/or religion on human interactions.

In the Health and Wellness area, upon successful completion of the requirement, students will be able to

- Analyze and apply the principles of health and wellness.

Analysis: As a part of the task force project in 2011-2012, learning outcomes were identified in each of the areas of the General Education requirement. Up to that point, the college had no established GELO's and no process for evaluating the appropriateness of a course designated as fulfilling a GE option. Similar to how it proceeded with the philosophy statement, the task force returned to the original founding language in Title 5 regulations section 55063 to guide the development of learning outcomes (appendix). Since program design and the definition of learning outcomes are "10 plus 1" matters, the task force limited itself to writing a first draft of the GELO's in areas 1-5 and area 7 (diversity was already created, though it had to be revised). Representatives on the task force went back to the faculty in their areas and gained agreement on the language. The GELO's were compiled as a group and then taken to Academic Senate where they were approved.

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Conclusion: The college now has a mechanism to correlate courses to GELO's and reflect the goals expressed in the statement of philosophy for the local General Education pattern. Successful achievement of the outcomes is measured by SLO assessment of individual courses. Since GELO's correspond directly to SLO's, they are not assessed independently.

## 4. Conditions of Enrollment:

In each GE area, classes have individual advisories, prerequisites, and co-requisites. The vast majority of courses have advisories only. A handful of courses have in-discipline prerequisites, mostly math and English courses. A very few (such as BIOL C251, C255, and C261) have out-of-discipline prerequisites. In the case of Honors courses (denoted with an $H$ in the title), students must be accepted to the Honors Program or have eligibility for the course as determined by the instructor in addition to the conditions for the regular section. A chart of these conditions is provided (appendix).

Analysis: It has long been recognized that advisories are inconsistent across the GE pattern. It is a perennial topic at CIC that some 100-level GE courses have an advisory of writing level 2, for instance, while others have writing level 1. It does not help that when the state mandated English C101 as the minimum proficiency for composition, "writing level 1 " went from meaning "satisfactory completion of English 70" to "satisfactory completion of English C101." And since not all courses have been brought through CIC for this change to be made, the current catalog is a hodge-podge of cross intentions. In practice, these inconsistencies present few obstacles to students since they are advisories and not hard-and-fast prerequisites. Nevertheless, it looks confusing. To address the problem, CIC explicitly agreed in Spring 2013 to convert all requisites to course names and numbers where applicable (e.g., "English 70" instead of "writing level 2").

A related but more complex development is the recent change in Title 5 language permitting out-ofdiscipline prerequisites. The language requires colleges to have a plan for developing such requisites and not just embarking on isolated and scattered changes. To date, such a plan has not been developed. But its need is keenly felt, as demonstrated by PSYC C101, which tried to put a hard-and-fast prerequisite of English 70 into place starting Summer 2012. The result was a precipitous increase in success (from an average in the low $50 \%$ range to $69.7 \%$ in the fall semester) but also a precipitous drop in enrollments.

Conclusion: In the area of requisites, the college needs to convert writing, reading, and math levels to actual courses; develop an out-of-discipline prerequisite plan to comply with state regulations and give the college guidance in this crucial area; and establish a process for consistently completing validation studies across the curriculum.

## 5. Program Matrix:

In the following tables, numbers refer to the individual SLO's that align with the General Education Learning Objectives in each area.

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## Natural Sciences

|  | A. Effectively communicate scientific <br> results, including graphically, <br> verbally and in writing. | B. Demonstrate competency of the <br> Scientific Method, including the <br> experimental and empirical methodologies <br> characteristic of Science and the modern <br> methods and tools used in scientific <br> inquiry. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Outcomess) |
| Course | Outcome(s) |  |
| Life Sciences |  | 1 |
| ANTH C121 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6$ |
| BIOL C101 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7$ |
| BIOL C105 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7$ |
| BIOL C105H |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$ |
| BIOL C111 |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| BIOL C112 | 6 | $1,2,3,4,5,7$ |
| BIOL C112H | 6 | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ |
| BIOL C121 |  | $1,2,3,4$ |
| BIOL C122 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$ |
| BIOL C125 |  | $1,2,3,4,6$ |
| BIOL C141 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6$ |
| BIOL C142 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$ |
| BIOL C145 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11$ |
| BIOL C251 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7$ |
| BIOL C255 |  | $1,2,3,4$ |
| BIOL C261 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,8$ |
| Physical Sciences |  | $1,2,3,4,5,7,8,9,19$ |
| CHEM C101 | 7 | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7$ |
| CHEM C111 | 6 | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ |
| CHEM C113 |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| CHEM C113H |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| CHEM C221 | 6 | $1,2,3,4,6,7,8$ |
| CHEM C223 | 6 | $1,2,3,4$ |
| CHEM C223H | 5 | $1,2,3,4,6$ |
| GEOG C101 | 5 | $1,2,3,4,6$ |
| GEOG C102 | 5 | $1,2,3,4,6$ |
| GEOG C111 | 5 | $1,2,3,4$ |
| GEOL C111 | 5 | $1,2,3,4,6$ |
| PHSC C101 | 5 | $1,2,3,4,6$ |
| PHSC C102 | 5 | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| PHSC C105 | 5 | $1,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$ |
| PHSC C111 |  |  |
| PHSC C112 |  |  |
| PHSC C115 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

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PHSC C125
PHSC C131
PHYS C111
PHYS C113
PHYS C211

1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11
1,2,3,4,5,6
1,2,3,4,5
1,2,3,4,5
1,2,3,4,5

Social and Behavioral Sciences

| $y$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| used by the social and behavioral | social sub-groups | sciences.


| Course | Outcome(s) | Outcome(s) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Social |  |  |
| ADM C101 |  |  |
| ANTH C111 | 1 | $2,3,4$ |
| ANTH C121 | 1 | $2,3,4$ |
| ANTH C131 | 1 | $2,3,4$ |
| CHDV C104 | 1,3 | $2,4,5,6$ |
| CHDV C105 | 1,2 | 3 |
| CHDV C106 | $1,3,4,5$ | 2,6 |
| GEOG C131 | $1,2,3$ | 4 |
| PSYC C101 | $1,3,4$ | 2 |
| PSYC C101H | $1,3,4,5$ | 2 |
| PSYC C112 | $1,2,3,5$ | 4 |
| PSYC C211 | $1,3,4,5,6,7$ | 1,2 |
| PSYC C241 | $1,2,5,6,7$ | $3,4,8$ |
| PSYC C251 | $1,5,6$ | $2,3,4$ |
| SOCI C101 | 1,2 | $3,4,5,6$ |
| SOCI C131 | $1,3,4,5,6$ | 2 |
| Economic and |  |  |
| Political |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| ECON C101 |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| ECON C102 |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| ECON C103 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7$ |
| POLS C101 |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ |
| POLS C101H |  | $1,2,3$ |
| Historical |  | $1,2,3,4$ |
| HIST C103 |  | $1,2,3,4,5$ |
| HIST C103H |  | $1,2,3,4,5,6$ |
| HIST C104 |  | $2,3,4,5$ |
| HIST C104H |  |  |



## Literature

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ENGL C102
ENGL C102H

| ENGL C111 | 2 | 1,3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ENGL C221 | 4 | $1,2,3$ |
| ENGL C231 | 4 | $1,2,3$ |
| ENGL C235 | 4 | $1,2,3$ |
| ENGL C245 | 3,4 | $1,2,5$ |
| ENGL C249 | $3,4,5$ | $1,2,6$ |
| Philosophy |  |  |
| PHIL C101 | $2,4,6$ | $3,5,6$ |
| PHIL C141 | 1,4 | $2,3,5$ |
| PHIL C161 | $1,2,6,7$ | $3,4,5,8$ |
| PHIL C164 | $1,2,3$ | $3,4,5,6,7$ |
| PHIL C205 | 7 | $1,2,4,5,6,9$ |
| PHIL C215 | 1,3 | $2,4,5$ |

Foreign
Language
ASL C101
ASL C102
FREN C101
LATN C101
LATN C102
LATN C201
LATN C202
SPAN C100
SPAN C101
SPAN C102
SPAN C110
SPAN C171
SPAN C180
Interdisciplinary
Studies
FILM/SPAN C211
1,2,3,4,5,6,7
1,2,3,4,5

```
SOCI C210 1,2,3,4,5,6,7
SOCI C210 1,2,3,4,5,6,7
SOCI C22O 1,2,3,4,5
SOCI C22O 1,2,3,4,5

1,2
3,4,5
1,2
3,4,5

1,2,4

1,2,3,4,5
1
1
1,2,3
1,2,3,4
1,2,3,4,5
1,2,3,4
1,2,3,4,5
2,3

3,4,5
3
3,4

Language and Rationality
A. Use clear and precise language to express logical thought.
B. Use a complex symbol system to solve problems.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Course & Outcome(s) & Outcome(s)
\end{tabular}


Information Competency
A. Explain the fundamentals of the research process and documentation style.
B. Clearly identify types of information needed to address a research problem and evaluate the credibility of sources.
\begin{tabular}{lll}
\hline Course & Outcome(s) & Outcome(s) \\
\hline IC CO75 & 1,3 & 2,4
\end{tabular}

Diversity
A. Describe and analyze the effects of race, ethnicity, class, gender, sexuality, disability or religion on human interactions.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline Course & Outcome(s) \\
\hline ART C101 & 2 \\
BSAD C152 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
CHDV C125 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
CHDV C241 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
DMA C113 & 2,3
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
ENGL C245 & 3,4 \\
ENGL C249 & \(3,4,5\) \\
FILM/SPAN C211 & \(1,2,3\) \\
HCRS C250 & \(1,3,4\) \\
HIST C209 & \(1,2,3,5,6\) \\
HMSV C102 & \(1,3,4,6\) \\
MUSC C173 & 2 \\
SOCI C131 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6\) \\
SOCI C210 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
SOCI C220 & \(1,2,3,5\)
\end{tabular}

Health and Wellness
A. Analyze and apply the principles of health and wellness.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline Course & Outcome(s) \\
\hline CHDV C121 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
HCRS C121 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
HSCl C101 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
PSYC C231 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\) \\
PHED C101 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
PHED C103 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C104 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C105 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\) \\
PHED C106 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\) \\
PHED C107 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C108 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C109 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\) \\
PHED C110 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\) \\
PHED C113 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C114 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C115 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C116 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C129 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
PHED C130 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
PHED C131 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7\) \\
PHED C132 & \(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\) \\
PHED C140 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C151 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C152 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C171 & \(1,2,3,4,5\)
\end{tabular}

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\begin{tabular}{ll} 
PHED C173 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C174 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C175 & \(1,2,3,4,5\) \\
PHED C176 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C177 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C178 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C276 & \(1,2,3\) \\
PHED C277 & \(1,2,3,4\) \\
PHED C278 & \(1,2,3,4\)
\end{tabular}

Analysis: In the Natural Science Area, most classes in the Life Sciences subgroup meet only the second General Education Learning Objective; therefore, a student could select a class from each subgroup and satisfy only one of the GELO's. In the Social and Behavioral Area, ADMJ C101 has no indicated outcomes. Again, the possibility exists that in choosing courses from the required subgroups a student could meet only one of the required outcomes. In the Humanities Area, a predominance of courses meets both outcomes. While possible, it seems improbable that a student could select two courses from the appropriate subgroups and not fulfill both outcomes of the Humanities Area. In the Language and Rationality Area, a student who selected an English course other than ENGL C151 from the Composition subgroup and ENGL C102 from the Analytical Thinking subgroup would meet only one of the desired General Education Learning Objectives. In the Informational Competency Area, there is only one class and it fulfills both desired outcomes. In the Diversity Area, all classes meet the single desired outcome. In the Health and Wellness area, again there is only one specified outcome and all classes meet it.

Conclusion: While the individual courses in each area and subgroup satisfy the GELO's in the aggregate, there are gaps in the mapping that make it possible for individual students to graduate without achieving all the stated outcomes. The committee recommends that a second round of mapping takes place to sharpen the relation between GELO's and courses required-such as drawing distinctions between active participation and lecture, or demonstration and application-and possibly grouping the lists by outcomes rather than subject area.

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\section*{Part 2 - Appropriateness}

\section*{1. Connection to College Mission}

Analysis: The GE pattern directly fulfills the college mission of providing outstanding educational programs and services tailored to the students in the communities and rural areas served by the institution. It provides a local option for completing Associate-Degree requirements that is not transferoriented.

Conclusion: The GE pattern is sufficiently and appropriately derived from the college mission.

\section*{2. Summary of Student Demand Data:}

Student enrollment numbers indicate that demand for GE courses is high. Over 73,000 student enrollments took place in 3,324 separate CRN's during the period Fall 2007-Spring 2012. The highest enrolled class during this time was PSYC C101 with 3,289 students at census; the lowest enrollment was recorded in HIST C132H and PHED C223 (third semester softball), each with one student. During this time, 120 courses had over 100 enrollments, 47 had over 500, and 20 had over 1,000. The average productivity for all courses in all terms was 15.99 ; the college average during this time was 14.7.

Overall, distance education sections outpaced traditional offerings in census enrollment (41,289 vs. 32,086 ) and students per section ( 30 vs .16 , unadjusted for cross-listing). Traditional offerings outpaced DE sections in sections offered (2,061 vs. 1,263, unadjusted) and FTES (4,275 vs. 4,274).

Full student demand data can be found in the data spreadsheets (appendix).
Analysis: During the last five years there has been a concentrated focus on the cleanup of outdated and inactive courses, with subsequent removal from the catalog. This has been especially true of GE courses, particularly those GE courses that were more specialized, which consequently were lower enrolled and less in demand.

At the IWV campus GE offerings are robust and comprehensive, with classes fulfilling each area offered each semester. Offerings are more limited at the Kern River Valley, East Kern, and Eastern Sierra Campuses. The schedule at these sites, particularly at ESCC, has been tightened up so that a student can complete the GE requirements according to a GE pathway. However, courses along this pathway are limited. The Eastern Sierra campuses have spearheaded this approach to enrollment management. As seen in the chart below, GE course sections were reduced by \(43 \%\) over the five-year period. This was a strategic response to continually low-enrolled classes. Kern River Valley has lagged behind in the reduction of GE sections, but the 2012-2013 academic year reflects the implementation of the same kind of enrollment-management strategy. Courses and sections have been reduced to meet student demand, but with minimal options, thereby maximizing enrollments and productivity. East Kern has always been scheduled with a very lean schedule of courses, so a reduction wasn't necessary, though long term scheduling according to a pathway to completion has been implemented through a

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combination of onsite and online GE classes. These enrollment management strategies were in response to one of the goals of the 2012-2017 Educational Master Plan.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\cline { 2 - 6 } \multicolumn{1}{c|}{} & \(\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}\) & \(\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}\) & \(\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}\) & \(\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}\) & \(\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}\) \\
\hline CC-Online & 184 & 198 & 222 & 287 & 250 \\
\hline ESCC & 110 & 102 & 92 & 83 & 77 \\
\hline KRV & 50 & 53 & 54 & 55 & 57 \\
\hline IWV Main Campus & 358 & 363 & 308 & 233 & 208 \\
\hline East Kern & 13 & 10 & 8 & 10 & 13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of GE courses offered, by campus
In the last five years there has been tremendous growth in online course offerings, which peaked in 2010. Large numbers of students outside the area enrolled in Cerro Coso online GE courses, leading to a growth in online GE offerings. The proliferation of course offerings provided a boost to FTES, which led to a period of unfettered, unevaluated growth. More recently, however, there has been a shift in focus to achieving a balance between onsite and online to better serve our local student population. Demand continues to be high for online GE offerings, particularly core GE survey classes.

Conclusion: In order to increase student success and retention, scheduling of GE courses has become more strategic, focusing primarily on the demands of local students. Demand remains high for GE courses and determining the right number of courses to offer while maintaining acceptable success rates will take continued monitoring and adjustment.

\section*{3. Student Performance Data:}

Student performance indicates that GE courses overall show an \(86.4 \%\) retention rate and a \(72.5 \%\) success rate. In courses with more than 100 students over the last five years, retention varies from a low of \(63.1 \%\) (English C101) to \(97.1 \%\) (PHED C152). Success in the same courses ranges from \(43.4 \%\) (FREN C101, though SPAN C110 with 99 students has 29.3\%) to 95.6\% (PHED C152). Eighteen of the top 22 courses in success are PHED courses (CHEM C101, CHEM C111, PHSC C125, and ART C101 are the other four). Five courses with more than 100 students have success rates under \(50 \%\); an additional thirty have success rates under 60\%.

Full student performance data can be found in the data spreadsheets (appendix).
Analysis: Student performance data for GE courses is reviewed and evaluated through annual unit plans and program review. As part of these planning processes, departments and programs identify achievement gaps and develop strategies to improve success and retention, as indicated more fully below in Section 4. These achievement gaps are specifically identified in an SLO statement appended to the annual unit plans, together with a statement of expected changes to curriculum to address the gaps. An evaluation of the effectiveness of these strategies is included in the next unit planning cycle.

As is the case in general, success and retention are significantly lower for distance-education classes than traditional face-to-face classes.

To address this discrepancy, a Distance Education Task Force was assembled by the president in the fall of 2010. This
group established a series of recommendations for improving success and retention in online and distance-education courses. Action has been taken on a number of these recommendations, including
- Hiring a Director of Distance Education.
- Implementing a student pre-assessment for preparedness for taking online classes.
- Establishing expectations for regular and effective contact in online classes.
- Establishing student authentication practices.
- Reinstituting faculty training and ongoing professional development opportunities.

This discrepancy also has been addressed by professional development opportunities specifically targeting adjunct instructors. For example, in Fall 2011, adjuncts were invited to the IWV campus to participate in a workshop on SLO development and assessment. The adjuncts who attended were provided with an overview of the purpose and value of SLO's and training on SLO development and assessment.

Conclusion: The largest concern in this area is the low success and retention rates in DE sections compared to traditional offerings. Because, by a significant margin, most online courses are GE courses, continuing to find ways to improve retention and success rates is of paramount importance to the GE pattern.

\section*{4. Place of Program in Curriculum/Similar Programs:}

The local Cerro Coso GE pattern is designed for students who intend to complete an AA or AS degree but do not want to transfer to a four-year institution. Nevertheless, there is significant overlap with the CSU Cert and the IGETC transfer patterns. The CSU Certification is the pattern of general education for the California State University system. The Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) is the pattern of GE specific to the University of California system, but it is also applicable for transfer to CSU.

Analysis: Despite the fact that the local GE pattern is designed NOT to transfer, the courses on the list are overwhelmingly designed and approved for transfer, which makes the local pattern largely a mirror of the two transfer patterns. Many years ago, the college designed and offered a handful of degreeapplicable 50-100 level courses, such as SOCI C071, specifically to provide options that were college level but not transferable. But students did not sign up for these classes, clearly sending the signal that they wanted their general education courses to be transferrable.

Title 5 establishes the minimum pattern of courses required to fulfill the GE requirements for the degree. Specific to the Kern Community College District, Board Policy also includes the area of Health and Wellness. Locally, the college additionally requires information competency and diversity. For this reason, the Cerro Coso local GE pattern exceeds the minimum number of required GE areas.

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Some courses in the GE pattern also fulfill major requirements. For example, Diversity is an area in which a number of courses also fulfill requirements within a major. There is no policy or practice preventing the double counting of courses for GE and the major, which allows students to minimize the overall number of units they need to complete. However, after conducting a system-wide comparison, the committee found that the number of units Cerro Coso requires for the completion of the GE pattern is higher than a number of colleges: specifically, on a spectrum ranging from 18 units to 30 units, Cerro Coso's pattern requires 26 to 30 units. The minimum number of units required by Title 5 is only 18 , however.

The chart to the right shows the relative proportion of California community colleges requiring the indicated number of units for GE . As the chart shows, the largest share of colleges require only 18 units (27\%), followed by 21 units (19\%), and 30 units (18\%). Over 70\% of the California Community Colleges require fewer GE units than the minimum number required by Cerro Coso.
cccc
Conclusion: The program review committee recommends that the Academic Senate revisit how many units it wants to require of its GE pattern. Not only is the college at the upper range of all community colleges in how many units it requires in GE, but so many units means students have less ability to explore unfamiliar disciplines or take additional elective courses in areas of interest. Obviously, more units also mean that it takes Cerro Coso students longer to fulfill their GE requirements than students at some colleges in California.

\section*{5. Transfer Documentation:}

As indicated above, the Cerro Coso Local GE Pattern is not for transfer preparation. It is an alternative to transfer preparation, though the majority of the courses on the local pattern are transferable.

\section*{6. Patterns of Course Scheduling}

At the IWV campus, GE course options are offered each semester, including summer. Courses in primary semesters are scheduled to provide options in all time blocks: day, afternoon, evening slots, Monday-Wednesday, Tuesday-Thursday. At the Kern River Valley and Eastern Sierra campuses, long-term schedules for GE offerings onsite have been developed to allow for the completion over four semesters of all GE requirements. East Kern also has a long-term schedule of GE offerings onsite; however, students also need to take online classes to meet all of the requirements of the GE pattern. Online, two sections are generally scheduled to start with, and if the sections show high demand, additional sections are opened pending instructor availability.

Analysis: Scheduling has become more regularized over the past several semesters leading up to this program review. Courses across the GE pattern have been aligned with the block schedule, and a special effort has been made to make sure courses with multiple sections, such as English C101 or Math C055,

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are run once in each of the major time blocks-morning, afternoon, and evening-before a second section is offered in any one of the blocks. In the case of a family of offerings, such as foreign languages, courses are scheduled so they do not conflict.

At the non-IWV campus locations, offerings are limited to maximize enrollments but still meet student needs. Offerings are also coordinated with major requirements, again for efficiency and to maximize each course offering. Enrollment patterns indicate that the student population at the East Kern campus, particularly those students associated with the military base, largely prefers online courses. This was confirmed by feedback from the education liaison at Edwards Air Force Base.

Counseling scrutinizes each schedule to identify course conflicts across departments and provide input on the blocks in which to schedule GE courses. Additionally, counseling evaluates the schedule according to the GE pattern to verify that sufficient courses are offered in each area.

Conclusion: Course scheduling is done according to student need, takes into account the unique circumstances at the campus locations, and is sufficient to meet demand.

\section*{7. Patterns of Course Staffing}

Sufficient faculty resources exist across the GE curriculum to offer needed courses. In the past five years, 8,559.7 FTES in GE courses were produced by a total of 582.4 FTEF, resulting in a productivity rate of 15.99 , which is higher than the corresponding number for the college as a whole (14.7).

Approximately \(42 \%\) of the workload is accounted for by adjunct instruction, including summers. This number is not consistent across the pattern, however, for in some disciplines adjuncts teach fewer and in others more than full timers. The success rate of adjuncts does not show any appreciable difference from that of the college in the aggregate ( \(73.6 \%\) vs. \(72.5 \%\) ).

Full student staffing data can be found in the data spreadsheets (appendix).
Analysis: Through the annual unit planning process, the college continually monitors and adjusts its adjunct vs. full-time workload. Departments review student-demand data and if the data provide justification, propose full-time faculty positions through the faculty request process. This is true for new as well as replacement positions and true for all campus locations.

Over the last five years, based on retirements, replacements, or identified demand, several faculty members have been hired in GE areas:
- Two replacement history positions as a result of a retirement
- One replacement math position as a result of faculty retirement
- One replacement English position as a result of a faculty member moving to administration
- One replacement physical sciences position as a result of tenure vacancy
- One new biology position, replacing adjunct load
- One new psychology position, replacing adjunct load
- One new anthropology/sociology position, replacing adjunct load

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Conclusion: The college is currently meeting student demand in GE courses. The adjunct workload, while higher than the \(25 \%\) suggested by the \(75 / 25\) law, is in line with Cerro Coso as a whole and permits the institution to offer more sections with no appreciable difference in student success. The college hiring process works well and sees that needed full-time positions, such as the biology position at ESCC in 2008 or the history position at IWV in 2013, are identified and filled.

\section*{8. Methods of Delivery}

GE courses are taught in all delivery modes: onsite, online, and via ITV. Differences between distance education and traditional courses in student demand and performance are discussed in those sections and reflected on the spreadsheets, which are broken out by DE and Traditional delivery.

Analysis: Student needs in DE are determined by a combination of direct and indirect assessments. All DE offerings are tracked for success and retention compared to traditional sections. This information is made available and discussed in program reviews, faculty chair meetings, and between the chair and educational administrator during scheduling. This has led to modifications in the DE program, such as the Math department deciding in Spring 2012 that it needed to return to mandatory proctoring of exams.

The college employs several strategies to verify student identity and enforce academic honesty in the online environment. A unique login and password is required to access online courses. Many instructors use textbook companion sites that require an additional unique username and password. A plagiarism detection website, Turnitin.com, is used by instructors in several GE departments. Proctoring is required in many courses and has been an area of deliberate improvement for the college. Since the beginning of the online program, the logistics of implementation had fallen on individual faculty members who often did not have time and/or the expertise to create and run a secure procedure. In Fall 2011, however, the college committed resources to the hiring of a Learning Center Technician, part of whose responsibility was to develop and implement a proctoring system. A pilot project was implemented with a handful of math and English sections in Spring 2012. A report was produced that concluded wider implementation of the program was feasible. By Spring 2013, the number of sections supported has grown to 16, all of them GE.

The College adheres to Title 5 regulations by approving DE delivery separately for every course proposed for online, hybrid, or iTV delivery.

Conclusion: Methods of delivery vary according to the character of each discipline, student need, and faculty resources. Some departments now deliver all of their courses online; others deliver just a strategic few. In all cases, the decision to seek distance education approval is made on a course-bycourse basis as required by Title 5.

\section*{9. Teaching Methodologies}

The teaching methodologies for GE classes are as varied as the disciplines included in the GE pattern. The teaching methodologies of GE courses include lecture, lab, and activity.

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Analysis and Conclusion: Teaching methodologies for each course are reflected on the Course Outline of Record (COR). The department determines the appropriate teaching methodology for the content of the course. This also is often determined by the articulation of the course, for the transferability of a course will often depend on a prescribed teaching method. The Curriculum and Instruction Committee (CIC) evaluates proposed methodologies for appropriateness to course content.

\section*{10. Materials Fees}

The only materials fees in GE courses are those charged in some art activity courses that include the development of art projects kept by students:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|r|}
\hline C101 & Introduction to Art & \(\$ 10.00\) \\
\hline C111 & Two Dimensional Design & \(\$ 10.00\) \\
\hline C121 & Drawing I & \(\$ 10.00\) \\
\hline C131 & Painting I & \(\$ 6.00\) \\
\hline C141 & Ceramics I & \(\$ 6.00\) \\
\hline C151 & Sculpture I & \(\$ 15.00\) \\
\hline C165 & Photography I & \(\$ 20.00\) \\
\hline C221 & Drawing II & \(\$ 10.00\) \\
\hline C231 & Painting II & \(\$ 6.00\) \\
\hline C240 & Ceramics II & \(\$ 6.00\) \\
\hline C241 & Ceramics III & \(\$ 6.00\) \\
\hline C265 & Photography II & \(\$ 20.00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Analysis: The materials fees for these courses are determined by the department and approved yearly by the Board of Trustees. The charging of materials fees is compliant with the CCCCO's Student Fee Handbook, and the fees are often part of the district's yearly audit.

Conclusion: Materials fees are appropriately identified and charged. The materials fees were last approved February 9, 2012.

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Part 3: Currency

\section*{1. Curriculum Currency:}

Faculty, administrators, department chairs, and the Chair of the Curriculum and Instruction Committee continually monitor the status of all courses in the active catalog. Course outlines of record that are more than five years old are highlighted for update or review. In the last several years, this has involved many more revisions than updates as courses throughout the curriculum, GE as well as non-GE, have entered the SLO era. As of Spring 2013, SLO's have been defined for 100\% of GE courses and regularly assessed in 71.91\%.

During the last five years, all courses at Cerro Coso were brought up-to-date, merged with other courses (lecture/lab courses, for example), deleted, or inactivated. In the GE area, revisions and updates must keep transfer implications in mind. In the science department, faculty began a project to merge the separate lecture and lab courses (for example, PHSC C111 and PHSC C112) into a single new lecture/lab combination course (PHSC C115). While all the old lab courses were deleted without exception, some of the lecture courses were maintained to be offered as lecture-only options for Area 1.

A statewide undertaking that has major implications for the GE pattern is the SB 1440 Transfer degrees. While the degrees themselves are outside the scope of this review, the effort involves standardizing course outlines of record through the C-ID project. Even in disciplines where the college does not expect to offer a transfer degree, the expectation is that courses will still be submitted for C-ID approval, and this will become a regular part of course review at CIC. The college earned its first C-ID approvals for GE courses in Spring 2013: CHDV C104, C105, and C106.

Currency is also being maintained in curriculum outside the course outlines of record. Within the last five years, the math department adopted Course Compass as a course management tool for both online and onsite courses as a way to develop consistency between the delivery modes. This was a major undertaking that radically reshaped the curriculum and has led to an increase in student success in the post DR era from 53.0\% in Fall 2008 to \(62.4 \%\) in Fall 2012, an all-time high.

In the DE environment, a "regular effective contact" statement was adopted by the Academic Senate in April 2013 in response to Title 5 and DOE requirements. The statement sets a minimum level of expectations in the areas of contact hours, interaction format, responsiveness, and grading turn-around time. Regular effective contact standards are now employed in the evaluation of all full- and part-time faculty members with an online assignment; evidence that regular effective contact is happening is expected as part of the sample assignments and assessments required by the evaluation process.

Conclusion: The college is well situated in curriculum currency. Largely on account of early faculty champions in the key positions of CIC Chair and SLO Coordinator, Cerro Coso has developed a culture of curriculum currency, from keeping COR's continually up-to-date to defining SLO's. However, one area

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needing improvement is completing SLO assessments: the college cannot consider 71.91\% percent acceptable as an ongoing rate.

\section*{2. Physical Resources Currency:}

Each department uses the process of the annual integrated planning cycle to evaluate its needs. The departmental needs are fed into section- and then college-wide needs. Needs based on student safety (e.g., emergency eyewashes) and state and federal law (ADA compliance) are given first priority. Other high priority equipment items include program-critical materials necessary for student success in the class (e.g., up-to-date maps; replacement of broken or obsolete equipment; etc.). Items in the next priority level include equipment to increase section size or accommodate anticipated growth.

The department submits a prioritized list of equipment needed for the following academic year, as well as any identified facility needs (e.g., new or updated smart classrooms; replacing laboratory sinks that are too shallow; etc.). The Maintenance and Operations and Information Technology divisions identify the items listed in the annual unit plans for each department, evaluate such needs across the college, and summarize the trends and commonalities in a resource request analysis, one of the documents of the integrated planning cycle.

In the last five years, two major facilities projects were completed at IWV impacting GE courses: the renovation of science labs and the overhaul of the art building. In the wake of the completion, departments have struggled with ongoing issues and fixes, but courses are now being taught regularly in both facilities. In 2011-2012, a classroom was constructed at the IWV Child Development Center so that instructors and students could have readier access to manipulatables and other child development supplies and equipment.

At ESCC, discussions are underway about improving the art facilities at both Bishop and Mammoth so that more art options can be offered, particularly 3-D courses. Sufficient facilities for both science and art offerings at KRV remain an issue as well in terms of expanding the options there beyond 2-3 basic courses. At East Kern, a biology class in Fall 2012 had to be moved from Edwards to California City High School because of a lack of suitable facilities.

Conclusion: Physical resources are a challenge at all campus locations but particularly at the non-IWV sites. As the college moves ahead with facility changes at KRV and East Kern, it is imperative that safe, sufficient, and modern facilities are provided. The annual integrated planning cycle is an appropriate and adequate strategy for identifying, justifying, and seeing through to implementation the physical resource needs of departments offering GE courses.

\section*{3. Technology Currency:}

As with physical resources, technology is planned for, justified, and tied to resource allocation through the annual integrated planning cycle. Departmental needs are identified in the annual unit plans and work their way up through section and division reviews before being analyzed for budget approval. As

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with facility needs, the college relies on accurate requests to plan for and acquire safe, sufficient, and modern resources.

Currently, General Education courses are taught online and on-campus. Instructors who teach online or plan to teach online are encouraged whenever possible to attend appropriate workshops. The current office of Distance Education routinely offers Moodle and other distance education training on Flex days as well as throughout each semester in the form of workshops, webinars, and "lunch and learns."

Interactive television (iTV) classrooms offer General Education as well as major courses to students at a distance. To prepare to teach these classes, faculty can request training from the IT department. Smart classrooms at all campus locations offer instructors the opportunity to engage students with advanced technology, providing the opportunity to present material in different formats and benefit the different learning styles of each student. To prepare to teach these classes, faculty can request training from the IT department.

In the last five years, the college has seen a major upgrade of the iTV classrooms and the installation of several smart classrooms at IWV and ESCC, enough to fulfill current curriculum needs at these locations. The art building at IWV recently put in a request to convert two of its rooms to Smart classrooms. At KRV and East Kern, classroom technology needs are currently being assessed in light of the planned renovations.

Conclusion: In terms of technology currency, the college is well situated. Individual instructor workstations are kept current through a hardware replacement process that ensures all computers are in warranty until planned replacement at end of life. Classroom IT is also on a closely scrutinized upgrade and replacement schedule.

\section*{4. Current Cost of the Program to Students:}

The following chart is based on 28 units for an academic year.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{\begin{tabular}{c} 
Cerro Coso Community College \\
Estimated Cost of Living for 2012-2013 \\
Based on 28 units (Fall, Spring, Summer)
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Living at Home } & & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ Living Away from Home } \\
\hline Fees & \(\$ 1,288\) & & Fees & \(\$ 1,288\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Books \& \\
Supplies
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 1,638\) & & Books \& Supplies & \(\$ 1,638\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Room and \\
Board
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 4,338\) & & Room and Board & \(\$ 8,500\) \\
\hline Personal & \(\$ 2,150\) & & Personal & \(\$ 2,826\) \\
\hline Transportation & \(\$ 1,044\) & & Transportation & \(\$ 1,170\) \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline Total & \(\$ 10,458\) & Total & \(\$ 15,422\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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\section*{Part 4-Achievement of Student Learning Outcomes}

\section*{1. Progress in Assessments:}

As indicated above, the GELO's of the GE pattern are mapped to SLO's of individual courses.
Most of the course-level SLO's in the seven GE areas have been assessed and entered into CurricUNET. The following list includes all the courses that have yet to be assessed:
- Natural Science: BIO 105H, 112H, 125, 142, 145, 255; GEOG 101, 102, 111; PHSC 105, 115, 125.
- Social and Behavioral Science: CHDV 105; GEOG 131; SOC 101, 131, 210, 220; HIST 131, 131H, 132H, 209, 218; SPAN 211.
- Humanities: ART 105, 106, 106H, 111, 115; MUSC 131, 132; THEA 101; PHIL 101, 141, 161, 164, 205, 215; ASL 101, 102; ENGL 222, 231, 232, 235H.
- Language and Rationality: MATH 101, 121H; PHIL 205.
- Information Competency: All courses have been assessed.
- Diversity: BSAD 152; CHDV 125; SPAN 211; HCRS 250; HIST 209; SOC 131, 210, 220.
- Health and Wellness: PSYC 231; PHED 101, 109, 110, 140, 171, 175, 176, \(178,276\).

Some of these courses, such as ENGL 222, 231, 232, 235H, have not been assessed because they are rarely offered, and the faculty are still deciding whether the courses should be deactivated. Others, such as BIOL C125, C145, PHSC C105 and PHSC C115, are newly integrated lecture lab courses and have only recently been offered and assessed. Some courses were assessed but were difficult to find in CurricUNET. Others simply haven't been assessed.

Conclusion: While the majority of courses have been assessed, a majority of these have been assessed only once, were assessed in a limited number of sections, or need to be reassessed because the artifact, application, or sampling was faulty. In some ways, that's how it should be. As the college comes to embrace the SLO culture, the first round will be characterized by these fits and starts.

However, by the next program review, Cerro Coso must be at the level of sustainable continuous quality improvement, as defined by ACCJC. In terms of making progress, this means assessment results must reflect all campus locations, include all delivery modes, and involve all faculty contract types, and that the cycle of identifying gaps, designing improvements, and reassessing is clearly in place for all disciplines. Given the large number of sections run in some GE areas, this will be a challenge.

\section*{2. Success in Achieving Learning Objectives and Identified Gaps:}

The success rate in achieving the General Education Learning Objectives (GELO's) is almost universally higher than \(70 \%\), a generally very positive picture, with the vast majority of Student Learning Objectives (SLO's) meeting the GELO's. Considering the overwhelming number of satisfactorily achieved SLO's, students are virtually assured of achieving the GELO's in one class or another. A few exceptions are the

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following courses and GELO's (letter A or B). It's important to note that the GELO's in the list below usually correlate to only one or two underperforming SLO's: they do not mean that all of the SLO's of a course are being achieved at a rate of under \(70 \%\) :
- Natural Science: BIO 101 (B); 105 (B) 112 (B) 121 (B), 122 (B), 141 (B); CHEM 223 (B); PHSC 111 (B), 112 (B).
- Social and Behavioral Science: CHDV 104 (A, B), 106 (A, B); PSYC 101 (A, B); ECON 101 (B), 102 (B), 103 (B); POLS 101 (B), 101H (B), 132 (A).
- Humanities: ART 141 (B); ENGL 141 (B); FREN 101 (B).
- Language and Rationality: ENGL 102 (A); MATH 55 (B), 121 (B), 130 (B), 131 (B), 141 (B), 151 (B), 255 (B); ENGL 102H (A).
- Information Competency: The success rate for all of the assessments is over \(70 \%\).
- Diversity: The success rate for all of the assessments is over \(70 \%\).
- Health and Wellness: PHED 104 (A), 114 (A), 132 (A).

The reasons that these GELO's are not being achieved at a satisfactory rate are various. A number of these courses, such as science, math, and advanced composition, are among the most challenging in the GE curriculum, so even considering the self-selection of enrollment in these courses, it's not surprising that their success rates are lower. Another point to consider is that nearly all of these courses have been assessed only once. The faculty members in the areas are currently making modifications to the instruction of the underperforming GELO's, as well as modifying assignments or revising curriculum to more successfully achieve the objectives.

For example, in English 141, students are achieving GELO B (corresponding to SLO 5) at a rate under \(70 \%\). The success rate for SLO 5 and GELO B will most likely improve with the creation of formal analysis of poetry and fiction essay portions of the final exam. In English 102, students are achieving GELO A (corresponding to SLO 4) at a rate under 70\%. The faculty agreed that the success rate for SLO 4 and GELO A should improve with more emphasis on logical fallacies in all of the ENGL 102 sections. In Physics 111, GELO B (corresponding to all of the SLO's) was achieved at a rate under \(70 \%\). The underlying cause for this was determined to be the lack of math preparation (e.g., mathematical and set up errors) of the students. This course was combined with Physics 112 and an enforceable math prerequisite, Math 55, was established. The new course, Physics 115 , will be reassessed in Spring 2013. In Child Development 104, GELO's A and B (corresponding to SLO 3) were achieved at a rate under 70\%. The faculty determined that the assessment directions do not ask students to include current research in their socialization report, so this requirement was often missing. The assessment will be reevaluated to clarify what is expected of students over the next few semesters as the course is offered again.

The achievement in GELO's was given an additional level of scrutiny in the College's most recent Comprehensive Assessment Report (2011-2012). All GELO's from all general education areas were assessed. While in most areas the target performance was met, the report had this to say about specific gaps and patterns detected:

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Natural Sciences GELO B: Demonstrate competency of the Scientific Method, including the experimental and empirical methodologies characteristic of Science and the modern methods and tools used in scientific inquiry.

While the result of the assessment was successful, the learning outcomes themselves may need to be revised. These Natural Sciences learning outcomes emphasize the correct application and reporting of the scientific method. However, the majority of courses that satisfy the Natural Sciences do not have any learning outcomes that pertain to the Scientific Method. There additionally seems to be a gap in the assessment of students' deep understanding of complex natural systems. Perhaps the current outcomes could be merged and a new outcome written to address understanding of natural systems.

Humanities GELO B: Evaluate the significance of artistic and cultural constructions.

This GELO is similar to the first Humanities GELO in that it emphasizes the meaning and significance of arts and humanities. What is missing, however, is a learning outcome that gets at the application of principles in expression of ideas or aesthetics. In addition to there being redundancy in the existing GELO's, many of the applicable courses do not align well with the GELO because of the emphasis upon creative application. Merging the existing GELO's and creating a new one will resolve this.

As the GELO currently stands, the courses for the first GELO align fairly well with the second GELO, and the results are the same. It is strongly recommended that the GELO's be revised and reassessed in the next academic year.

The outcomes that were not met were only slightly below (75\%) the target of \(80 \%\). There seems to also be a weak alignment between the GELO of evaluating the significance of artistic and cultural constructions and the course SLO's, which deal with the application of design principles. The significance of those is not addressed. ART C121, which has a strong SLO for this GELO, is slated to have that SLO eliminated. There was no discussion why. Doing so will weaken its applicability to the general education requirement.

Information Competency GELO B: Clearly identify types of information needed to address a research problem and evaluate the credibility of sources.

Course learning outcomes 2,3 , and 4 align with this GELO, and outcomes 2 and 3 fell below the target. For outcome 2, it was discussed that a specific term that was used in the exam questions that aligned with the outcome was not sufficiently covered in instruction. Both instruction and the wording of the exam questions will be revised to better equip students. The iTV delivery mode was also cited as a barrier for an adjunct instructor. There was no elaboration about whether the course content is not well suited for this delivery mode or whether the instructor needs more training in teaching via iTV.

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Outcome 3 had the lowest results. Factors contributing to this low performance were sequencing of assignments and inconsistency in assessments. It was also discussed that the learning outcome itself does not effectively get at the skill of writing citations and will be revised in the upcoming year.

Diversity: Describe and analyze the effects of race, ethnicity, class, gender, sexuality, disability, or religion on human interactions.

CCSSE data was also used as an indirect measure. All 11 SLO's (distributed across 6 courses) met the target performance of \(70 \%\) or better. However, while the direct measures indicate satisfactory attainment of the learning outcome, the CCSSE survey indicated that Cerro Coso students scored substantially lower (59.5\%) than the target level of performance (70\%). Cerro Coso students performed slightly lower ( \(0.5 \%\) ) than the cohort; however, the cohort also performed lower (61\%) than Cerro Coso's target level of performance. Analysis is needed to explain this difference.

Conclusion: Both the GE Program Review and the SLO committees agree that a second round of mapping is needed to sharpen the relation between the GELO's, SLO's, and course content-perhaps some GELO's can be reworded or even combined for better effect, perhaps SLO assessments can be better chosen to measure the learning domains of the GELO's with which they match, perhaps some classes just need to be more effective in delivering course content. In any event, the belief of the committee is that \(80 \%\) of the task has been completed in establishing the GELO's, mapping them to SLO's, and completing the first round of assessments. What needs to happen now is modifications and tinkering within the framework to achieve better and more precise assessment, leading to better and more precise improvement.

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\section*{Part 5 - Future Needs and Plans}

\section*{1. Current Program Strengths:}
A. The new GE philosophy statement is clear, is based directly on the state's founding intentions, and conveys the program's objectives of providing a well-rounded education for those students seeking an Associate Degree.
B. A sufficient variety of options is available for students to fulfill GE requirements.
C. The college now has a mechanism to correlate courses to GELO's and reflect the goals expressed in the statement of philosophy for the local General Education pattern. Successful achievement of the outcomes is measured by SLO assessment of individual courses.
D. The GE pattern is sufficiently and appropriately derived from the college mission.
E. In order to increase student success and retention, scheduling of GE courses has become more strategic, focusing primarily on the demands of local students.
F. Course scheduling is done according to student need, takes into account the unique circumstances at the campus locations, and is sufficient to meet demand.
G. The college is well situated in curriculum currency. Largely on account of early faculty champions in the key positions of CIC Chair and SLO Coordinator, Cerro Coso has developed a culture of curriculum currency, from keeping COR's continually up-to-date to defining SLO's.
H. In terms of technology currency, the college is well situated. Individual instructor workstations are kept current through a hardware replacement process that ensures all computers are in warranty until planned replacement at end of life. Classroom IT is also on a closely scrutinized upgrade and replacement schedule.
I. The college is currently meeting student demand in GE courses.
J. Modifications are being made to all of the courses in which the success rates of the GELO's (and corresponding SLO's) are under 70\%. We anticipate that these modifications will lead to improved success in achieving the GELO's.
K. Courses undergo a rigorous CIC review process.

\section*{2. Improvements Needed:}
A. The college has no formal mechanism for approving or disapproving courses newly proposed as additions to the GE pattern.
B. In the area of requisites, the college needs to convert writing, reading, and math levels to actual courses; develop an out-of-discipline prerequisite plan to comply with state regulations and give the college guidance in this crucial area; and establish a process for consistently completing validation studies across the curriculum.
C. While the individual courses in each area and subgroup satisfy the GELO's in the aggregate, there are gaps in the mapping that make it possible for individual students to graduate without achieving all the stated outcomes. The committee recommends that a second round of mapping takes place to sharpen the relation between GELO's and courses required-such as drawing

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distinctions between active participation and lecture, or demonstration and application-and possibly grouping the lists by outcomes rather than subject area. For a more detailed discussion of this topic, see "Cerro Coso General Education Requirements: Questions and Comments" below.
D. A central concern is the low success and retention rates in DE sections compared to traditional offerings. Because, by a significant margin, most online courses are GE courses, continuing to find ways to improve retention and success rates is of paramount importance to the GE pattern.
E. The program review committee recommends that the Academic Senate revisit how many units it wants to require of its GE pattern. Not only is the college at the upper range of all community colleges in how many units it requires in GE, but so many units means students have less ability to explore unfamiliar disciplines or take additional elective courses in areas of interest. See "Cerro Coso General Education Requirements: Questions and Comments" below.
F. Physical resources are a challenge at all campus locations but particularly at the non-IWV sites. As the college moves ahead with facility changes at KRV and East Kern, it is imperative that safe, sufficient, and modern facilities are provided.
G. While the majority of courses have been assessed, a majority of these have been assessed only once, were assessed in a limited number of sections, or need to be reassessed because the artifact, application, or sampling was faulty. By the next program review, Cerro Coso must be at the level of sustainable continuous quality improvement, as defined by ACCJC. In terms of making progress, this means assessment results must reflect all campus locations, include all delivery modes, and involve all faculty contract types, and that the cycle of identifying gaps, designing improvements, and reassessing is clearly in place for all disciplines. Given the large number of sections run in some GE areas, this will be a challenge.

\section*{Cerro Coso General Education Requirements: Questions and Comments:}

One of the discoveries of the GE Task Force is that, as expected, most of the SLO's of the GE courses simultaneously fulfill the GELO's of the seven areas. Another finding is that the success rate in achieving the GELO's is generally very high. These findings and the assessment data raise the following questions:
A. If the SLO's simultaneously fulfill the GELO's, then why do students need to take more than one course in a particular area? In other words, precisely what benefit in terms of their General Education do students gain by taking more than one course?
B. Some of the GELO's for the areas are very closely related, such as in Humanities. In these cases, why are there two learning objectives? Perhaps the two GELO's could be combined into one.

If the rationale for requiring more than one course in an area is that students need to be educated more broadly than only one course could achieve, then perhaps the GELO's need to be teased out and sharpened, such as by drawing distinctions between active participation and lecture, or demonstration and application, and possibly by grouping the lists by outcomes rather than subject area. According to the language from ACCJC (Accreditation Standard II.A.3), decisions about which courses to include in General Education should be based on a "carefully considered philosophy" that "determines the appropriateness of each course for inclusion." Having a vague sense that two courses will accomplish

\section*{General Education}
more than one is not the kind of careful consideration that justifies the appropriateness of a course; rather, we need to be able to specifically demonstrate how each SLO accomplishes each GELO. On the other hand, since General Education is inherently broad, such specificity in the GELO's may not be desirable-but that could leave us unable to justify the number of required units.
C. Cerro Coso requires more units for GE than a number of community colleges in California. Could we explain and quantify precisely what benefit our students are gaining from more units in GE than students at other colleges? If not, should we reduce the number of units required for GE?

Though we may imagine that students graduating from Cerro Coso have more in-depth knowledge of General Education than students from other colleges, we may not be able to justify requiring more classes in GE unless the benefit of the additional units can be demonstrated. It's difficult to see how this could be done after the fact: tracking student success after college, post-graduation surveys, employment records; such methods are often unreliable. This may be the best reason for revising the GELO's: to specify a priori in what ways the students will benefit from their General Education.

\section*{3. Three-Year Program Goals:}

Within the next three years, the Cerro Coso faculty needs to begin addressing each of the areas of improvement above. Some of these concerns can be resolved at the department level while others will require a collective response and action plan by the Academic Senate. Of these recommendations, perhaps the most important are the following:
A. Adopt a formal mechanism for approving or disapproving courses newly proposed as additions to the GE pattern.
B. Begin a second round of mapping to sharpen the relation between GELO's and courses required.
C. Develop an action plan to improve the success and retention rates in DE sections compared to traditional offerings.
D. Resolve the question of how many units the Academic Senate wants to require of its GE pattern.
E. Attain the level of sustainable continuous quality improvement as defined by ACCJC.

\section*{4. Six-Year Program Goals:}

Within the next six years, all attempts should be made to resolve the areas of improvement above.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Course} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 1} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 2} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 3} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Sections} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Census} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{FTES} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Quick Look} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Retention} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Success} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Adjunct Success} \\
\hline & & & & & & & FTEF & FTES/FTEF & & & \\
\hline ADMJ C101 & 2 & & & 16 & 530 & 51.2 & 3.2 & 16 & 77.1\% & 50.8\% & 53.6\% \\
\hline ANTH C111 & 2 & & & 29 & 804 & 79.2 & 4.8 & 16.5 & 83.0\% & 67.7\% & 70.1\% \\
\hline ANTH C121 & 1 & 2 & & 29 & 1,045 & 98 & 5.8 & 16.9 & 78.9\% & 61.7\% & 61.5\% \\
\hline ANTH C131 & 2 & & & 5 & 176 & 16.7 & 1 & 16.7 & 76.6\% & 60.2\% & 58.7\% \\
\hline ART C101 & 3 & 6 & & 31 & 1,066 & 205.6 & 12.8 & 16.1 & 87.9\% & 70.8\% & 60.5\% \\
\hline ART C105 & 3 & & & 15 & 402 & 44.2 & 3 & 14.7 & 90.0\% & 75.4\% & 73.6\% \\
\hline ART C106 & 3 & & & 9 & 277 & 31.8 & 1.8 & 17.7 & 90.0\% & 80.4\% & 79.2\% \\
\hline ART C111 & 3 & & & 6 & 131 & 27.7 & 2.4 & 11.5 & 89.3\% & 56.5\% & 56.6\% \\
\hline ART C115 & 3 & & & 4 & 96 & 20.3 & 1.6 & 12.7 & 83.9\% & 72.0\% & 68.9\% \\
\hline ART C121 & 3 & & & 25 & 542 & 115.3 & 10 & 11.5 & 85.8\% & 70.6\% & 71.5\% \\
\hline ART C131 & 3 & & & 23 & 476 & 100.3 & 9.2 & 10.9 & 78.1\% & 67.2\% & 67.9\% \\
\hline ART C141 & 3 & & & 28 & 486 & 101.9 & 11 & 9.3 & 89.6\% & 71.8\% & 68.0\% \\
\hline ART C151 & 3 & & & 13 & 256 & 54.3 & 5.2 & 10.4 & 88.7\% & 77.4\% & 74.5\% \\
\hline ART C165 & 3 & & & 8 & 161 & 34 & 3.2 & 10.6 & 85.6\% & 78.8\% & 71.7\% \\
\hline ART C231 & 3 & & & 16 & 66 & 13.9 & 0 & n/a & 90.8\% & 78.5\% & 77.0\% \\
\hline ASL C101 & 3 & & & 12 & 428 & 61 & 3.2 & 19 & 87.3\% & 70.4\% & 70.8\% \\
\hline ASL C102 & 3 & & & 7 & 135 & 19.3 & 1.8 & 10.5 & 88.9\% & 74.8\% & 75.7\% \\
\hline BIOL C101 & 1 & & & 19 & 530 & 52.4 & 3.3 & 15.9 & 81.8\% & 53.6\% & 73.7\% \\
\hline BIOL C105 (L) & 1 & & & 26 & 626 & 131.7 & 8.1 & 16.3 & 87.7\% & 63.2\% & 79.4\% \\
\hline BIOL C105H (L) & 1 & & & 2 & 5 & 1.2 & 0.1 & 12 & 80.0\% & 80.0\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline BIOL C111 (L) & 1 & & & 3 & 47 & 11.5 & 1.4 & 8.2 & 57.4\% & 42.6\% & \(n / a\) \\
\hline BIOL C112 (L) & 1 & & & 3 & 32 & 7.8 & 1.4 & 5.6 & 69.0\% & 55.2\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline BIOL C112H (L) & 1 & & & 2 & 8 & 2.2 & 0 & 67.3 & 100.0\% & 88.9\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline BIOL C121 & 1 & & & 7 & 259 & 22.6 & 1.3 & 17.8 & 75.0\% & 52.7\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline BIOL C122 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 92 & 9.6 & 1 & 9.6 & 73.9\% & 51.1\% & \(n / a\) \\
\hline BIOL C125 (L) & 1 & & & not offered & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C141 & 1 & & & 9 & 315 & 29.8 & 1.7 & 17.5 & 82.0\% & 61.8\% & 73.1\% \\
\hline BIOL C142 (L) & 1 & & & 9 & 315 & 29.8 & 1.7 & 17.5 & 82.0\% & 61.8\% & n/a \\
\hline BIOL C145 (L) & 1 & & & not offered & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C251 (L) & 1 & & & 12 & 336 & 70.7 & 4.8 & 14.7 & 85.7\% & 66.9\% & 58.9\% \\
\hline BIOL C255 (L) & 1 & & & 12 & 331 & 69.9 & 4.4 & 15.9 & 84.8\% & 64.1\% & 80.0\% \\
\hline BIOL C261 (L) & 1 & & & 11 & 243 & 67.4 & 5.9 & 11.5 & 90.1\% & 78.6\% & 94.7\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BSAD C152 & 6 & & 9 & 260 & 25.1 & 1.8 & 13.9 & 86.4\% & 78.2\% & 78.2\% \\
\hline CHDV C104 & 2 & & 18 & 624 & 58.8 & 3.6 & 16.3 & 87.2\% & 64.1\% & 66.0\% \\
\hline CHDV C105 & 2 & & 25 & 940 & 88 & 5 & 17.6 & 87.0\% & 65.0\% & 64.6\% \\
\hline CHDV C106 & 2 & & 17 & 588 & 55.1 & 3.4 & 16.2 & 79.6\% & 52.4\% & 50.5\% \\
\hline CHDV C121 & 7 & & 31 & 1,112 & 103.5 & 6.2 & 16.7 & 84.8\% & 60.9\% & 61.4\% \\
\hline CHDV C125 & 6 & & 35 & 1,179 & 109.7 & 6.8 & 16.1 & 73.3\% & 52.0\% & 58.2\% \\
\hline CHDV C241 & 6 & & 11 & 353 & 33.1 & 2.2 & 15 & 89.1\% & 69.7\% & 71.2\% \\
\hline CHEM C101 (L) & 1 & & 11 & 228 & 48.3 & 4.4 & 11 & 93.8\% & 91.6\% & 94.0\% \\
\hline CHEM C111 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 154 & 37.9 & 2.3 & 16.2 & 90.8\% & 88.8\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline CHEM C113 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 76 & 18.6 & 2.3 & 8 & 95.9\% & 80.8\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline CHEM C113H (L) & 1 & & 5 & 32 & 8.7 & 0.3 & 26.1 & 100.0\% & 90.9\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline CHEM C221 (L) & 1 & & 3 & 40 & 10.3 & 1.4 & 7.4 & 97.4\% & 84.6\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline CHEM C223 (L) & 1 & & 3 & 15 & 3.7 & 1.2 & 3.1 & 93.3\% & 86.7\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline CHEM C223H (L) & 1 & & 3 & 8 & 2.3 & 0.1 & 2,260.30 & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline DMA C113 & 6 & & 4 & 131 & 12.2 & 0.8 & 15.3 & 77.7\% & 58.5\% & n/a \\
\hline ECON C101 & 2 & & 22 & 737 & 69.5 & 4.2 & 16.5 & 81.7\% & 49.8\% & 79.2\% \\
\hline ECON C102 & 2 & & 35 & 1,090 & 104 & 6.4 & 16.2 & 88.1\% & 63.9\% & 75.8\% \\
\hline ECON C103 & 2 & & 29 & 888 & 84.4 & 5.2 & 16.2 & 86.2\% & 62.5\% & 70.4\% \\
\hline ENGL C101 & 4 & & 82 & 2,043 & 270.5 & 26.6 & 10.2 & 77.7\% & 58.6\% & 79.7\% \\
\hline ENGL C101H & 4 & & 1 & 5 & 0.9 & 0.1 & 13 & 100.0\% & 66.7\% & n/a \\
\hline ENGL C102 & 3 & 4 & 49 & 1,112 & 109 & 8.8 & 12.4 & 78.7\% & 65.1\% & 80.0\% \\
\hline ENGL C102H & 3 & 4 & 9 & 63 & 9.1 & 0.6 & 15.1 & 96.9\% & 89.1\% & n/a \\
\hline ENGL C111 & 3 & & 6 & 191 & 18 & 1.2 & 15 & 74.9\% & 59.7\% & 94.1\% \\
\hline ENGL C141 & 3 & & 7 & 171 & 16.3 & 1.4 & 11.7 & 84.3\% & 71.5\% & n/a \\
\hline ENGL C151 & 4 & & 9 & 157 & 14.6 & 1.6 & 8.9 & 72.0\% & 50.7\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline ENGL C190 & 3 & & 1 & 20 & 1.9 & 0.2 & 9.3 & 68.8\% & 50.0\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline ENGL C221 & 3 & & 12 & 233 & 22.6 & 1.8 & 12.6 & 73.1\% & 54.7\% & n/a \\
\hline ENGL C222 & 3 & & 1 & 8 & 0.8 & 0.2 & 4.2 & 87.5\% & 87.5\% & 87.5\% \\
\hline ENGL C231 & 3 & & 4 & 116 & 10.8 & 0.8 & 13.5 & 65.2\% & 53.6\% & n/a \\
\hline ENGL C232 & 3 & & 1 & 15 & 1.4 & 0.2 & 7 & 75.0\% & 41.7\% & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline ENGL C235 & 3 & & 3 & 57 & 6 & 0.6 & 10 & 91.4\% & 87.9\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline ENGL C241 & 3 & & not & & & & & & & \\
\hline ENGL C242 & 3 & & not & & & & & & & \\
\hline ENGL C245 & 3 & 6 & 6 & 130 & 12.3 & 1 & 12.3 & 63.1\% & 52.3\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline ENGL C249 & 3 & 6 & 7 & 204 & 19.4 & 1.2 & 16.1 & 78.9\% & 66.7\% & 80.6\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline FILM C211 (SPAN C211) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 13 & 253 & 24.4 & 1.7 & 14.1 & 69.5\% & 51.5\% & 50.0\% \\
\hline FREN C101 & 3 & & & 9 & 263 & 41.1 & 3 & 13.7 & 76.5\% & 43.4\% & 43.4\% \\
\hline GEOG C101 & 1 & & & 2 & 22 & 2.5 & 0.2 & 12.5 & 68.2\% & 40.9\% & 40.9\% \\
\hline GEOG C102 (L) & 1 & & & 2 & 4 & 0.4 & 0.2 & 2.1 & 100.0\% & 25.0\% & 25.0\% \\
\hline GEOG C111 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 100 & 21.1 & 1.6 & 13.2 & 77.1\% & 61.5\% & 60.8\% \\
\hline GEOG C131 & 2 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline GEOL C111 & 1 & & & 6 & 182 & 35.2 & 2.4 & 14.7 & 89.4\% & 68.2\% & 77.8\% \\
\hline HCRS C121 & 7 & & & 16 & 587 & 56.2 & 3.2 & 17.5 & 82.0\% & 70.9\% & 50.9\% \\
\hline HCRS C250 & 6 & & & 4 & 79 & 7.4 & 0.8 & 9.2 & 79.5\% & 44.9\% & 68.2\% \\
\hline HIST C103 & 2 & & & 16 & 547 & 54.6 & 3.2 & 17.1 & 75.9\% & 50.8\% & 48.4\% \\
\hline HIST C103H & 2 & & & 5 & 53 & 8.1 & 0.3 & 24.1 & 98.1\% & 92.5\% & 89.7\% \\
\hline HIST C104 & 2 & & & 13 & 447 & 45.3 & 2.6 & 17.4 & 78.8\% & 58.0\% & 54.8\% \\
\hline HIST C104H & 2 & & & 5 & 62 & 9.5 & 0.3 & 28.3 & 96.8\% & 88.7\% & 89.0\% \\
\hline HIST C131 & 2 & & & 62 & 2,135 & 209.8 & 11.3 & 18.6 & 82.7\% & 62.3\% & 56.9\% \\
\hline HIST C132 & 2 & & & 41 & 1,309 & 129.8 & 7.2 & 18 & 83.8\% & 60.0\% & 56.5\% \\
\hline HIST C132H & 2 & & & 1 & 1 & 0.1 & 0 & & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & n/a \\
\hline HIST C209 & 2 & 6 & & 12 & 218 & 22.9 & 1.4 & 16.3 & 82.5\% & 58.5\% & 58.5\% \\
\hline HIST C218 & 2 & & & 18 & 664 & 62.8 & 3.6 & 17.4 & 75.0\% & 51.2\% & 51.2\% \\
\hline HMSV C102 & 6 & & & 12 & 169 & 17.8 & 0.8 & 22.3 & 82.0\% & 69.8\% & 75.2\% \\
\hline HSCI C101 & 7 & & & 71 & 2,346 & 230.5 & 13.2 & 17.5 & 85.9\% & 68.4\% & 67.1\% \\
\hline IC C075 & 5 & & & 55 & 1,579 & 48.6 & 3.5 & 14 & 81.4\% & 69.2\% & 75.2\% \\
\hline INST C210 (Soc C210) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 5 & 59 & 5.7 & 0.4 & 14.3 & 87.9\% & 72.4\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline INST C220 (Soc C220) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 4 & 16 & 1.4 & 0.6 & 2.3 & 80.0\% & 60.0\% & n/a \\
\hline LATN C101 & 3 & & & 7 & 112 & 16 & 1.9 & 8.6 & 72.8\% & 62.3\% & 62.3\% \\
\hline LATN C102 & 3 & & & 7 & 47 & 6.8 & 0.8 & 8.4 & 78.7\% & 76.6\% & 76.6\% \\
\hline LATN C201 & 3 & & & 6 & 12 & 1.7 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 83.3\% & 83.3\% & 83.3\% \\
\hline LATN C202 & 3 & & & 5 & 6 & 0.9 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 100.0\% & 83.3\% & 83.3\% \\
\hline MATH C055 & 4 & & & 88 & 2,742 & 360.1 & 21.9 & 16.5 & 79.7\% & 56.3\% & 60.7\% \\
\hline MATH C056 & 4 & & & 4 & 75 & 10.7 & 1.1 & 10 & 89.2\% & 73.0\% & 75.0\% \\
\hline MATH C057 & 4 & & & not & & & & & & & \\
\hline MATH C101 & 4 & & & 4 & 72 & 6.6 & 0.8 & 8.2 & 84.2\% & 61.8\% & n/a \\
\hline MATH C121 & 4 & & & 53 & 1,580 & 204.6 & 12.7 & 16.1 & 84.2\% & 64.3\% & 76.9\% \\
\hline MATH C121H & 4 & & & 6 & 45 & 8 & 0.4 & 19.8 & 97.7\% & 88.6\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline MATH C130 & 4 & & & 9 & 241 & 29.9 & 2.4 & 12.5 & 76.8\% & 53.2\% & n/a \\
\hline MATH C131 & 4 & & & 7 & 122 & 15.3 & 1.9 & 8.2 & 66.9\% & 48.3\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline MATH C141 & 4 & & 31 & 976 & 129.2 & 7.7 & 16.7 & 80.7\% & 58.5\% & 91.2\% \\
\hline MATH C142 & 4 & & 21 & 541 & 73.9 & 5.6 & 13.2 & 83.9\% & 69.4\% & 89.9\% \\
\hline MATH C151 & 4 & & 15 & 499 & 79.4 & 5 & 15.9 & 87.5\% & 72.8\% & 87.0\% \\
\hline MATH C255 & 4 & & 5 & 54 & 7.6 & 1.3 & 5.7 & 88.9\% & 81.5\% & 69.6\% \\
\hline MATH C257 & 4 & & 3 & 37 & 5.1 & 0.8 & 6.3 & 89.2\% & 83.8\% & 77.8\% \\
\hline MUSC C101 & 3 & & 53 & 1,704 & 164.2 & 9.6 & 17.1 & 86.1\% & 66.4\% & 63.1\% \\
\hline MUSC C101H & 3 & & 4 & 42 & 5.9 & 0.3 & 21.8 & 95.6\% & 93.3\% & 87.5\% \\
\hline musC C118 & 3 & & 11 & 381 & 35.6 & 2.2 & 16.2 & 83.2\% & 71.1\% & n/a \\
\hline MUSC C121 & 3 & & 18 & 221 & 16.4 & 2.4 & 6.9 & 79.7\% & 59.9\% & 59.9\% \\
\hline MUSC C122 & 3 & & 18 & 61 & 4.2 & 0.7 & 6.4 & 82.1\% & 80.4\% & 80.4\% \\
\hline MUSC C126 & 3 & & 9 & 228 & 16.5 & 1.2 & 13.8 & 70.2\% & 60.5\% & 58.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C131 & 3 & & 9 & 53 & 6.9 & 1.5 & 4.5 & 98.0\% & 96.1\% & 96.1\% \\
\hline MUSC C132 & 3 & & 10 & 43 & 5.9 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C135 & 3 & & 8 & 33 & 4.5 & 1.1 & 4.3 & 94.4\% & 88.9\% & 89.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C136 & 3 & & 6 & 21 & 2.9 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C151 & 3 & & 18 & 141 & 15.6 & 4.8 & 3.2 & 83.8\% & 74.6\% & 75.1\% \\
\hline MUSC C152 & 3 & & 18 & 59 & 7.2 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 93.8\% & 87.7\% & 86.5\% \\
\hline MUSC C173 & 3 & 6 & 10 & 349 & 32.5 & 2 & 16.3 & 91.4\% & 75.3\% & n/a \\
\hline MUSC C181 & 3 & & 2 & 33 & 5.6 & 0.7 & 8.4 & 93.5\% & 77.4\% & n/a \\
\hline MUSC C183 & 3 & & 1 & 16 & 2.7 & 0.3 & 8.1 & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & n/a \\
\hline PHED C102 & 7 & & 6 & 126 & 17.9 & 1.3 & 13.7 & 86.3\% & 69.5\% & 69.5\% \\
\hline PHED C103 & 7 & & 31 & 546 & 57.3 & 4.7 & 12.3 & 89.2\% & 73.4\% & 74.1\% \\
\hline PHED C104 & 7 & & 31 & 246 & 26 & 0 & n/a & 93.0\% & 79.0\% & 79.6\% \\
\hline PHED C105 & 7 & & 70 & 917 & 96.3 & 10.5 & 9.2 & 91.8\% & 77.0\% & 79.6\% \\
\hline PHED C106 & 7 & & 70 & 415 & 43.8 & 0 & n/a & 92.8\% & 83.1\% & 83.1\% \\
\hline PHED C107 & 7 & & 36 & 645 & 68.4 & 5.4 & 12.7 & 90.5\% & 75.4\% & 71.9\% \\
\hline PHED C108 & 7 & & 36 & 251 & 26.7 & 0.1 & 211.7 & 91.6\% & 79.6\% & 80.5\% \\
\hline PHED C109 & 7 & & 20 & 254 & 26.5 & 2.8 & 9.6 & 93.4\% & 84.6\% & 83.3\% \\
\hline PHED C110 & 7 & & 20 & 136 & 14.2 & 0.3 & 56.9 & 89.1\% & 87.7\% & 84.4\% \\
\hline PHED C113 & 7 & & 22 & 314 & 33.4 & 3.3 & 10.1 & 92.9\% & 90.0\% & n/a \\
\hline PHED C114 & 7 & & 22 & 172 & 17.6 & 0 & n/a & 91.6\% & 91.6\% & n/a \\
\hline PHED C115 & 7 & & 8 & 90 & 9.4 & 1.2 & 7.8 & 88.8\% & 76.4\% & 76.4\% \\
\hline PHED C116 & 7 & & 8 & 42 & 4.2 & 0 & n/a & 95.2\% & 92.9\% & 92.9\% \\
\hline PHED C123 & 7 & & 1 & 10 & 1.1 & 0.2 & 7 & 90.0\% & 90.0\% & n/a \\
\hline PHED C124 & 7 & & 1 & 3 & 0.3 & 0 & n/a & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & n/a \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PHED C129 & 7 & & 54 & 854 & 90.3 & 8.1 & 11.1 & 90.8\% & 82.1\% & 87.2\% \\
\hline PHED C130 & 7 & & 54 & 289 & 30.4 & 0.1 & 241.6 & 94.5\% & 88.3\% & 92.5\% \\
\hline PHED C131 & 7 & & 24 & 442 & 45 & 3.6 & 12.5 & 93.4\% & 82.5\% & 80.3\% \\
\hline PHED C132 & 7 & & 24 & 119 & 12.1 & 0 & n/a & 94.9\% & 89.8\% & 90.0\% \\
\hline PHED C140 & 7 & & 2 & 56 & 5.6 & 0.3 & 18.6 & 92.9\% & 92.9\% & 90.6\% \\
\hline PHED C151 & 7 & & 18 & 182 & 28.8 & 4.5 & 6.5 & 95.8\% & 91.0\% & 94.6\% \\
\hline PHED C152 & 7 & & 17 & 134 & 21.3 & 0 & 21,323.20 & 97.1\% & 95.6\% & 96.3\% \\
\hline PHED C173 & 7 & & 5 & 75 & 24.5 & 2.4 & 10.1 & 96.0\% & 93.3\% & 93.1\% \\
\hline PHED C174 & 7 & & 5 & 72 & 23.5 & 0 & n/a & 98.6\% & 95.9\% & 96.6\% \\
\hline PHED C175 & 7 & & 5 & 95 & 30.4 & 2.2 & 13.5 & 99.0\% & 95.9\% & 95.9\% \\
\hline PHED C176 & 7 & & 5 & 47 & 15 & 0 & n/a & 100.0\% & 97.9\% & 97.9\% \\
\hline PHED C177 & 7 & & 5 & 57 & 8.1 & 1.3 & 6.5 & 98.2\% & 80.7\% & 60.0\% \\
\hline PHED C178 & 7 & & 5 & 34 & 4 & 1.2 & 3.4 & 97.1\% & 97.1\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline PHED C203 & 7 & & 27 & 129 & 13.7 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 99.2\% & 90.6\% & 91.8\% \\
\hline PHED C205 & 7 & & 63 & 198 & 20.6 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 92.4\% & 86.9\% & 83.8\% \\
\hline PHED C207 & 7 & & 26 & 145 & 13.9 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 96.9\% & 86.3\% & 88.1\% \\
\hline PHED C209 & 7 & & 20 & 67 & 6.8 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 95.4\% & 93.8\% & 96.8\% \\
\hline PHED C213 & 7 & & 18 & 71 & 7.1 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 98.6\% & 97.1\% & n/a \\
\hline PHED C215 & 7 & & 6 & 28 & 3 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 96.4\% & 89.3\% & 89.3\% \\
\hline PHED C223 & 7 & & 1 & 1 & 0.1 & 0 & \(n / a\) & & & \\
\hline PHED C229 & 7 & & 45 & 103 & 10.6 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 92.9\% & 91.9\% & 90.9\% \\
\hline PHED C231 & 7 & & 7 & 10 & 1.1 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline PHED C251 & 7 & & 14 & 58 & 9.3 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 100.0\% & 96.6\% & 97.8\% \\
\hline PHED C252 & 7 & & 14 & 46 & 7.3 & 0 & \(n / \mathrm{a}\) & 97.9\% & 97.9\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline PHED C275 & 7 & & 4 & 14 & 4.8 & 0 & n/a & 100.0\% & 85.7\% & 85.7\% \\
\hline PHED C276 & 7 & & 6 & 130 & 15.6 & 0.9 & 17.3 & 95.7\% & 95.1\% & 95.5\% \\
\hline PHED C277 & 7 & & 4 & 14 & 2.2 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 93.3\% & 86.7\% & 80.0\% \\
\hline PHED C278 & 7 & & 5 & 12 & 1.2 & 0 & n/a & 92.3\% & 92.3\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline PHIL C101 & 3 & & 35 & 1,014 & 99.2 & 6.4 & 15.5 & 73.9\% & 54.4\% & 53.2\% \\
\hline PHIL C141 & 3 & & 28 & 821 & 80.5 & 5.2 & 15.5 & 73.2\% & 59.3\% & 58.2\% \\
\hline PHIL C161 & 3 & & 20 & 555 & 54.4 & 3.6 & 15.1 & 77.5\% & 62.0\% & 66.6\% \\
\hline PHIL C164 & 3 & & not & & & & & & & \\
\hline PHIL C205 & 3 & 4 & 16 & 430 & 53.6 & 4.3 & 12.6 & 76.2\% & 51.8\% & 58.3\% \\
\hline PHIL C215 & 3 & & 4 & 47 & 5 & 0.4 & 12.4 & 78.3\% & 52.2\% & 52.2\% \\
\hline PHSC C101 & 1 & & 6 & 144 & 15.3 & 1.2 & 12.7 & 89.4\% & 69.0\% & 75.0\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PHSC C102 (L) & 1 & & & 6 & 118 & 12.9 & 1.2 & 10.7 & 88.0\% & 70.1\% & 73.2\% \\
\hline PHSC C105 (L) & 1 & & & not offered & & & & & & & \\
\hline PHSC C111 & 1 & & & 18 & 709 & 67 & 3.7 & 18.1 & 76.1\% & 64.9\% & 60.0\% \\
\hline PHSC C112 (L) & 1 & & & 14 & 468 & 39.9 & 2.8 & 14.2 & 74.7\% & 63.1\% & 61.1\% \\
\hline PHSC C115 (L) & 1 & & & 1 & 35 & 7.4 & 0.8 & 9.3 & 55.3\% & 42.1\% & 42.1\% \\
\hline PHSC C121 & 1 & & & 2 & 37 & 3.9 & 0.4 & 9.8 & 92.1\% & 71.1\% & 71.1\% \\
\hline PHSC C122 (L) & 1 & & & not offered & & & & & & & \\
\hline PHSC C125 (L) & 1 & & & 14 & 354 & 74.9 & 4.7 & 15.8 & 95.8\% & 86.8\% & 92.6\% \\
\hline PHSC C131 & 1 & & & 2 & 64 & 6.2 & 0.4 & 15.5 & 84.4\% & 57.8\% & 57.8\% \\
\hline PHSC C132 (L) & 1 & & & 1 & 11 & 1.2 & 0.2 & 5.8 & 90.9\% & 72.7\% & 72.7\% \\
\hline PHYS C111 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 96 & 26.8 & 2.7 & 10.1 & 85.3\% & 75.8\% & 75.8\% \\
\hline PHYS C113 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 61 & 17 & 2.7 & 6.4 & 95.0\% & 83.3\% & 85.1\% \\
\hline PHYS C211 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 44 & 12.3 & 2.7 & 4.6 & 93.2\% & 86.4\% & 86.4\% \\
\hline POLS C101 & 2 & & & 60 & 1,946 & 196.3 & 11 & 17.8 & 86.9\% & 67.4\% & 66.2\% \\
\hline POLS C101H & 2 & & & 5 & 17 & 2.5 & 0.2 & 12.5 & 100.0\% & 94.1\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline POLS C102 & 2 & & & 2 & 79 & 7.4 & 0.4 & 18.4 & 60.7\% & 46.4\% & 46.4\% \\
\hline POLS C204 & 2 & & & 3 & 37 & 5.7 & 0.6 & 9.4 & 98.2\% & 76.4\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline PSYC C101 & 2 & & & 103 & 3,289 & 326.3 & 20.4 & 16 & 81.7\% & 59.8\% & 59.4\% \\
\hline PSYC C101H & 2 & & & 9 & 26 & 3.8 & 0.3 & 14.1 & 84.6\% & 84.6\% & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline PSYC C112 & 2 & & & 8 & 101 & 10.8 & 0.4 & 26.9 & 83.2\% & 74.3\% & 72.3\% \\
\hline PSYC C211 & 2 & & & 28 & 1,027 & 96.2 & 5.6 & 17.2 & 85.7\% & 78.9\% & 56.8\% \\
\hline PSYC C231 & 7 & & & 2 & 66 & 7 & 0.4 & 17.4 & 74.2\% & 62.1\% & n/a \\
\hline PSYC C241 & 2 & & & 30 & 847 & 82.9 & 5.4 & 15.4 & 81.6\% & 62.6\% & 60.1\% \\
\hline PSYC C251 & 2 & & & 9 & 243 & 24.8 & 1.8 & 14.1 & 85.6\% & 66.3\% & 49.2\% \\
\hline READ C056 & & & & 26 & 603 & 60.7 & 5.2 & 11.7 & 77.3\% & 45.2\% & 60.5\% \\
\hline SOCI C101 & 2 & & & 59 & 1,930 & 187.2 & 11.2 & 16.7 & 83.2\% & 63.2\% & 67.3\% \\
\hline SOCI C131 & 2 & 6 & & 17 & 589 & 55.4 & 3.4 & 16.3 & 79.1\% & 59.9\% & 58.0\% \\
\hline SOCI C210 & 2 & 3 & 6 & 18 & 532 & 52 & 3 & 17.3 & 77.2\% & 55.9\% & 63.6\% \\
\hline SOCI C220 & 2 & 3 & 6 & 13 & 335 & 34.1 & 1.4 & 24.3 & 85.4\% & 61.7\% & 66.2\% \\
\hline SPAN C100 & 3 & & & 4 & 118 & 12.5 & 0.8 & 15.6 & 87.6\% & 65.5\% & 63.5\% \\
\hline SPAN C101 & 3 & & & 75 & 2,307 & 370.2 & 22.7 & 16.3 & 71.4\% & 49.3\% & 55.4\% \\
\hline SPAN C102 & 3 & & & 29 & 900 & 141 & 8.7 & 16.3 & 85.7\% & 68.5\% & 64.8\% \\
\hline SPAN C110 & 3 & & & 3 & 99 & 15.4 & 1 & 15.4 & 49.5\% & 29.3\% & n/a \\
\hline SPAN C171 & 3 & & & 4 & 48 & 5.1 & 0.6 & 8.4 & 89.4\% & 53.2\% & 35.5\% \\
\hline SPAN C180 & 3 & & & 3 & 21 & 2.2 & 0.2 & 11.1 & 71.4\% & 71.4\% & n/a \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SPAN C211/FILM C211 & 3 & 13 & 134 & 12.8 & 0.9 & 14.8 & 84.4\% & 55.7\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C101 & 3 & 8 & 311 & 29 & 1.6 & 18.1 & 84.0\% & 57.3\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C103 & 3 & 3 & 95 & 8.8 & 0.6 & 14.7 & 88.4\% & 52.6\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C105 & 3 & 1 & 13 & 1.4 & 0.2 & 6.9 & 91.7\% & 83.3\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C111 & 3 & 5 & 47 & 6.7 & 1.3 & 5 & 93.3\% & 75.6\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C112 & 3 & 5 & 15 & 2.1 & 0 & n/a & 100.0\% & 100.0\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C118 & 3 & 2 & 36 & 5.1 & 0.5 & 9.6 & 94.4\% & 88.9\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C121 & 3 & 5 & 81 & 18.5 & 2.3 & 7.9 & 96.3\% & 93.8\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C126 & 3 & not offered & & & & & & & \\
\hline THEA C131 & 3 & 5 & 36 & 7.3 & 0.3 & 21.8 & 88.2\% & 76.5\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C140 & 3 & 1 & 9 & 1 & 0.2 & 4.8 & 77.8\% & 77.8\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C145 & 3 & 1 & 10 & 1.1 & 0.2 & 5.3 & 100.0\% & 90.0\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C211 & 3 & 5 & 12 & 1.7 & 0 & \(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) & 83.3\% & 58.3\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C212 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 1 & 0 & n/a & 100.0\% & 85.7\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C230 & 3 & 1 & 10 & 1.1 & 0.2 & 5.3 & 88.9\% & 77.8\% & n/a \\
\hline THEA C241 & 3 & not offered & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & 3,325 & 73,470 & 8,560 & 582 & & 86.4\% & 72.5\% & 73.6\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Course} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 1} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 2} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 3} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Sections} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{First Day Enrollment} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Census Enrollment} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{End Enrollment} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Students per Section} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{FTES} \\
\hline & & & & DE & Trad & DE & Trad & DE & Trad & DE & Trad & & Trad & DE & Trad \\
\hline ADMJ C101 & 2 & & & 10 & 6 & 446 & 162 & 372 & 158 & 269 & 129 & 37 & 26 & 34.5 & 16.7 \\
\hline ANTH C111 & 2 & & & 17 & 12 & 680 & 265 & 555 & 249 & 433 & 222 & 33 & 21 & 53.1 & 26.1 \\
\hline ANTH C121 & 1 & 2 & & 24 & 5 & 1,083 & 120 & 932 & 113 & 723 & 88 & 39 & 23 & 86.5 & 11.5 \\
\hline ANTH C131 & 2 & & & 4 & 1 & 181 & 21 & 155 & 21 & 112 & 19 & 39 & 21 & 14.4 & 2.2 \\
\hline ART C101 & 3 & 6 & & 31 & & 1,275 & & 1,066 & & 926 & & 34 & & 205.6 & \\
\hline ART C105 & 3 & & & & 15 & & 424 & & 402 & & 359 & & 27 & & 44.2 \\
\hline ART C106 & 3 & & & & 9 & & 265 & & 277 & & 244 & & 31 & & 31.8 \\
\hline ART C111 & 3 & & & & 6 & & 137 & & 131 & & 117 & & 22 & & 27.7 \\
\hline ART C115 & 3 & & & & 4 & & 105 & & 96 & & 78 & & 24 & & 20.3 \\
\hline ART C121 & 3 & & & & 25 & & 559 & & 542 & & 453 & & 22 & & 115.3 \\
\hline ART C131 & 3 & & & & 23 & & 492 & & 476 & & 364 & & 21 & & 100.3 \\
\hline ART C141 & 3 & & & & 28 & & 500 & & 486 & & 432 & & 17 & & 101.9 \\
\hline ART C151 & 3 & & & & 13 & & 263 & & 256 & & 220 & & 20 & & 54.3 \\
\hline ART C165 & 3 & & & & 8 & & 183 & & 161 & & 137 & & 20 & & 34.0 \\
\hline ART C231 & 3 & & & & 16 & & 60 & & 66 & & 59 & & 4 & & 13.9 \\
\hline ASL C101 & 3 & & & & 12 & & 452 & & 428 & & 373 & & 36 & & 61.0 \\
\hline ASL C102 & 3 & & & & 7 & & 146 & & 135 & & 120 & & 19 & & 19.3 \\
\hline BIOL C101 & 1 & & & 7 & 12 & 382 & 244 & 304 & 226 & 242 & 185 & 43 & 19 & 28.4 & 23.9 \\
\hline BIOL C105 (L) & 1 & & & 4 & 22 & 113 & 511 & 108 & 518 & 89 & 454 & 27 & 24 & 22.6 & 109.1 \\
\hline BIOL C105H (L) & 1 & & & & 2 & & 4 & & 5 & & 4 & & 3 & & 1.2 \\
\hline BIOL C111 (L) & 1 & & & & 3 & & 54 & & 47 & & 27 & & 16 & & 11.5 \\
\hline BIOL C112 (L) & 1 & & & & 3 & & 44 & & 32 & & 20 & & 11 & & 7.8 \\
\hline BIOL C112H (L) & 1 & & & & 2 & & 6 & & 8 & & 9 & & 4 & & 2.2 \\
\hline BIOL C121 & 1 & & & 5 & 2 & 278 & 51 & 212 & 47 & 155 & 37 & 42 & 24 & 19.8 & 2.8 \\
\hline BIOL C122 (L) & 1 & & & & 5 & & 104 & & 92 & & 68 & & 18 & & 9.6 \\
\hline BIOL C125 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C141 & 1 & & & 7 & 2 & 313 & 46 & 266 & 49 & 202 & 49 & 38 & 25 & 24.7 & 5.1 \\
\hline BIOL C142 (L) & 1 & & & 6 & 2 & 182 & 47 & 173 & 47 & 132 & 43 & 29 & 24 & 14.7 & 4.9 \\
\hline BIOL C145 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C251 (L) & 1 & & & & 12 & & 347 & & 336 & & 285 & & 28 & & 70.7 \\
\hline B1OL C255 (L) & 1 & & & & 12 & & 301 & & 331 & & 275 & & 28 & & 69.9 \\
\hline BIOL C261 (L) & 1 & & & & 11 & & 252 & & 243 & & 218 & & 22 & & 67.4 \\
\hline BSAD C152 & 6 & & & 5 & 4 & 202 & 66 & 190 & 70 & 161 & 61 & 38 & 18 & 17.7 & 7.4 \\
\hline CHDV C104 & 2 & & & 15 & 3 & 840 & 76 & 578 & 46 & 498 & 34 & 39 & 15 & 53.7 & 5.1 \\
\hline CHDV C105 & 2 & & & 22 & 3 & 1,173 & 109 & 860 & 80 & 724 & 66 & 39 & 27 & 79.9 & 8.0 \\
\hline CHDV C106 & 2 & & & 15 & 2 & 778 & 39 & 562 & 26 & 455 & 20 & 37 & 13 & 52.4 & 2.7 \\
\hline CHDV C121 & 7 & & & 28 & 3 & 1,352 & 58 & 1,057 & 55 & 890 & 43 & 38 & 18 & 98.2 & 5.2 \\
\hline CHDV C125 & 6 & & & 31 & 4 & 1,465 & 131 & 1,063 & 116 & 734 & 96 & 34 & 29 & 99.7 & 10.0 \\
\hline CHDV C241 & 6 & & & 10 & 1 & 403 & 16 & 339 & 14 & 302 & 10 & 34 & 14 & 31.6 & 1.5 \\
\hline CHEM C101 (L) & 1 & & & & 11 & & 237 & & 228 & & 214 & & 21 & & 48.3 \\
\hline CHEM C111 (L) & 1 & & & & 5 & & 139 & & 154 & & 138 & & 31 & & 37.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Course} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 1} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 2} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 3} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Census Enrollment} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Retention} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Success} \\
\hline & & & & DE & Trad & DE & Trad & DE & Trad \\
\hline ADMJ C101 & 2 & & & 372 & 158 & 75.4\% & 81.1\% & 48.5\% & 56.0\% \\
\hline ANTH C111 & 2 & & & 555 & 249 & 80.2\% & 89.1\% & 66.5\% & 70.4\% \\
\hline ANTH C121 & 1 & 2 & & 932 & 113 & 78.8\% & 80.0\% & 61.4\% & 63.6\% \\
\hline ANTH C131 & 2 & & & 155 & 21 & 74.7\% & 90.5\% & 58.7\% & 71.4\% \\
\hline ART C101 & 3 & 6 & & 1,066 & & 87.9\% & & 70.8\% & \\
\hline ART C105 & 3 & & & & 402 & & 90.0\% & & 75.4\% \\
\hline ART C106 & 3 & & & & 277 & & 90.0\% & & 80.4\% \\
\hline ART C111 & 3 & & & & 131 & & 89.3\% & & 56.5\% \\
\hline ART C115 & 3 & & & & 96 & & 83.9\% & & 72.0\% \\
\hline ART C121 & 3 & & & & 542 & & 85.8\% & & 70.6\% \\
\hline ART C131 & 3 & & & & 476 & & 78.1\% & & 67.2\% \\
\hline ART C141 & 3 & & & & 486 & & 89.6\% & & 71.8\% \\
\hline ART C151 & 3 & & & & 256 & & 88.7\% & & 77.4\% \\
\hline ART C165 & 3 & & & & 161 & & 85.6\% & & 78.8\% \\
\hline ART C231 & 3 & & & & 66 & & 90.8\% & & 78.5\% \\
\hline ASL C101 & 3 & & & & 428 & & 87.3\% & & 70.4\% \\
\hline ASL C102 & 3 & & & & 135 & & 88.9\% & & 74.8\% \\
\hline BIOL C101 & 1 & & & 304 & 226 & 81.1\% & 82.6\% & 62.3\% & 42.0\% \\
\hline BIOL C105 (L) & 1 & & & 108 & 518 & 81.7\% & 89.0\% & 57.8\% & 64.3\% \\
\hline BIOL C105H (L) & 1 & & & & 5 & & 80.0\% & & 80.0\% \\
\hline BIOL C111 (L) & 1 & & & & 47 & & 57.4\% & & 42.6\% \\
\hline BIOL C112 (L) & 1 & & & & 32 & & 69.0\% & & 55.2\% \\
\hline BIOL C112H (L) & 1 & & & & 8 & & 100.0\% & & 88.9\% \\
\hline BIOL C121 & 1 & & & 212 & 47 & 74.2\% & 78.7\% & 52.6\% & 53.2\% \\
\hline BIOL C122 (L) & 1 & & & & 92 & & 73.9\% & & 51.1\% \\
\hline BIOL C125 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C141 & 1 & & & 266 & 49 & 78.6\% & 100.0\% & 61.1\% & 65.3\% \\
\hline BIOL C142 (L) & 1 & & & 173 & 47 & 77.6\% & 95.6\% & 64.1\% & 66.7\% \\
\hline BIOL C145 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C251 (L) & 1 & & & & 336 & & 85.7\% & & 66.9\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BIOL C255 (L) & 1 & & & 331 & & 84.8\% & & 64.1\% \\
\hline BIOL C261 (L) & 1 & & & 243 & & 90.1\% & & 78.6\% \\
\hline BSAD C152 & 6 & & 190 & 70 & 85.6\% & 88.4\% & 75.0\% & 87.0\% \\
\hline CHDV C104 & 2 & & 578 & 46 & 88.3\% & 73.9\% & 64.7\% & 56.5\% \\
\hline CHDV C105 & 2 & & 860 & 80 & 87.0\% & 86.8\% & 65.3\% & 61.8\% \\
\hline CHDV C106 & 2 & & 562 & 26 & 79.7\% & 76.9\% & 52.5\% & 50.0\% \\
\hline CHDV C121 & 7 & & 1,057 & 55 & 85.2\% & 78.6\% & 61.2\% & 55.4\% \\
\hline CHDV C125 & 6 & & 1,063 & 116 & 72.5\% & 80.0\% & 50.8\% & 61.7\% \\
\hline CHDV C241 & 6 & & 339 & 14 & 89.9\% & 71.4\% & 70.2\% & 57.1\% \\
\hline CHEM C101 (L) & 1 & & & 228 & & 93.8\% & & 91.6\% \\
\hline CHEM C111 (L) & 1 & & & 154 & & 90.8\% & & 88.8\% \\
\hline CHEM C113 (L) & 1 & & & 76 & & 95.9\% & & 80.8\% \\
\hline CHEM C113H (L) & 1 & & & 32 & & 100.0\% & & 90.9\% \\
\hline CHEM C221 (L) & 1 & & & 40 & & 97.4\% & & 84.6\% \\
\hline CHEM C223 (L) & 1 & & & 15 & & 93.3\% & & 86.7\% \\
\hline CHEM C223H (L) & 1 & & & 8 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline DMA C113 & 6 & & 131 & & 77.7\% & & 58.5\% & \\
\hline ECON C101 & 2 & & 671 & 66 & 82.0\% & 78.8\% & 48.7\% & 60.6\% \\
\hline ECON C102 & 2 & & 930 & 160 & 87.0\% & 94.4\% & 60.2\% & 85.1\% \\
\hline ECON C103 & 2 & & 773 & 115 & 85.3\% & 92.0\% & 59.7\% & 81.4\% \\
\hline ENGL C101 & 4 & & 1,065 & 978 & 72.4\% & 83.4\% & 54.1\% & 63.5\% \\
\hline ENGL C101H & 4 & & & 5 & & 100.0\% & & 66.7\% \\
\hline ENGL C102 & 3 & 4 & 780 & 332 & 76.0\% & 84.9\% & 62.3\% & 71.6\% \\
\hline ENGL C102H & 3 & 4 & & 63 & & 96.9\% & & 89.1\% \\
\hline ENGL C111 & 3 & & 143 & 48 & 73.4\% & 79.2\% & 58.7\% & 62.5\% \\
\hline ENGL C141 & 3 & & 140 & 31 & 84.3\% & 84.4\% & 70.7\% & 75.0\% \\
\hline ENGL C151 & 4 & & 147 & 10 & 70.6\% & 100.0\% & 49.0\% & 85.7\% \\
\hline ENGL C190 & 3 & & 20 & & 68.8\% & & 50.0\% & \\
\hline ENGL C221 & 3 & & 214 & 19 & 70.6\% & 100.0\% & 51.5\% & 89.5\% \\
\hline ENGL C222 & 3 & & & 8 & & 87.5\% & & 87.5\% \\
\hline ENGL C231 & 3 & & 116 & & 65.2\% & & 53.6\% & \\
\hline ENGL C232 & 3 & & 15 & & 75.0\% & & 41.7\% & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ENGL C235 & 3 & & & & 57 & & 91.4\% & & 87.9\% \\
\hline ENGL C241 & 3 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ENGL C242 & 3 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ENGL C245 & 3 & 6 & & 130 & & 63.1\% & & 52.3\% & \\
\hline ENGL C249 & 3 & 6 & & 174 & 30 & 76.9\% & 90.3\% & 64.2\% & 80.6\% \\
\hline FILM C211 (SPAN C211) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 196 & 57 & 68.7\% & 71.9\% & 48.9\% & 59.6\% \\
\hline FREN C101 & 3 & & & 230 & 33 & 76.9\% & 73.1\% & 44.9\% & 30.8\% \\
\hline GEOG C101 & 1 & & & & 22 & & 68.2\% & & 40.9\% \\
\hline GEOG C102 (L) & 1 & & & & 4 & & 100.0\% & & 25.0\% \\
\hline GEOG C111 (L) & 1 & & & & 100 & & 77.1\% & & 61.5\% \\
\hline GEOG C131 & 2 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline GEOL C111 & 1 & & & & 182 & & 89.4\% & & 68.2\% \\
\hline HCRS C121 & 7 & & & 468 & 119 & 81.2\% & 84.9\% & 75.5\% & 52.9\% \\
\hline HCRS C250 & 6 & & & 79 & & 79.5\% & & 44.9\% & \\
\hline HIST C103 & 2 & & & 377 & 170 & 69.9\% & 88.8\% & 46.4\% & 60.4\% \\
\hline HIST C103H & 2 & & & & 53 & & 98.10\% & & 92.5\% \\
\hline HIST C104 & 2 & & & 268 & 179 & 72.2\% & 87.7\% & 44.1\% & 77.1\% \\
\hline HIST C104H & 2 & & & & 62 & & 96.8\% & & 88.7\% \\
\hline HIST C131 & 2 & & & 1,291 & 844 & 79.4\% & 87.8\% & 59.1\% & 67.2\% \\
\hline HIST C132 & 2 & & & 800 & 509 & 80.9\% & 88.1\% & 56.2\% & 65.8\% \\
\hline HIST C132H & 2 & & & & 1 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline HIST C209 & 2 & 6 & & 72 & 146 & 83.3\% & 82.1\% & 59.7\% & 57.9\% \\
\hline HIST C218 & 2 & & & 575 & 89 & 74.9\% & 75.3\% & 53.1\% & 39.3\% \\
\hline HMSV C102 & 6 & & & 169 & & 82.0\% & & 69.8\% & \\
\hline HSCI C101 & 7 & & & 1,527 & 819 & 83.7\% & 90.1\% & 65.2\% & 74.6\% \\
\hline IC \(\mathrm{C075}\) & 5 & & & 1,121 & 458 & 81.8\% & 80.4\% & 71.4\% & 63.9\% \\
\hline INST C210 (Soc C210) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 28 & 31 & 88.9\% & 87.1\% & 81.5\% & 64.5\% \\
\hline INST C220 (Soc C220) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 8 & 8 & 71.4\% & 87.5\% & 42.9\% & 75.0\% \\
\hline LATN C101 & 3 & & & & 112 & & 72.8\% & & 62.3\% \\
\hline LATN C102 & 3 & & & & 47 & & 78.7\% & & 76.6\% \\
\hline LATN C201 & 3 & & & & 12 & & 83.3\% & & 83.3\% \\
\hline LATN C202 & 3 & & & & 6 & & 100.0\% & & 83.3\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline MATH C055 & 4 & & 1,457 & 1,285 & 77.3\% & 82.4\% & 56.2\% & 56.5\% \\
\hline MATH C056 & 4 & & & 75 & & 89.2\% & & 73.0\% \\
\hline MATH C057 & 4 & & & & & & & \\
\hline MATH C101 & 4 & & 72 & & 84.2\% & & 61.8\% & \\
\hline MATH C121 & 4 & & 1,069 & 511 & 82.6\% & 87.5\% & 61.7\% & 69.7\% \\
\hline MATH C121H & 4 & & & 45 & & 97.7\% & & 88.6\% \\
\hline MATH C130 & 4 & & 241 & & 76.8\% & & 53.2\% & \\
\hline MATH C131 & 4 & & 122 & & 66.9\% & & 48.3\% & \\
\hline MATH C141 & 4 & & 512 & 464 & 74.5\% & 87.5\% & 48.4\% & 69.5\% \\
\hline MATH C142 & 4 & & 294 & 247 & 78.0\% & 90.9\% & 60.6\% & 79.8\% \\
\hline MATH C151 & 4 & & 164 & 335 & 79.3\% & 91.5\% & 56.1\% & 80.9\% \\
\hline MATH C255 & 4 & & 7 & 47 & 42.9\% & 95.7\% & 28.6\% & 89.4\% \\
\hline MATH C257 & 4 & & 12 & 25 & 91.7\% & 88.0\% & 83.3\% & 84.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C101 & 3 & & 1,319 & 385 & 85.1\% & 89.7\% & 65.7\% & 68.9\% \\
\hline MUSC C101H & 3 & & & 42 & & 95.6\% & & 93.3\% \\
\hline MUSC C118 & 3 & & 381 & & 83.2\% & & 71.1\% & \\
\hline MUSC C121 & 3 & & & 221 & & 79.7\% & & 59.9\% \\
\hline MUSC C122 & 3 & & & 61 & & 82.1\% & & 80.4\% \\
\hline MUSC C126 & 3 & & & 228 & & 70.2\% & & 60.5\% \\
\hline MUSC C131 & 3 & & & 53 & & 98.0\% & & 96.1\% \\
\hline MUSC C132 & 3 & & & 43 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C135 & 3 & & & 33 & & 94.4\% & & 88.9\% \\
\hline MUSC C136 & 3 & & & 21 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline MUSC C151 & 3 & & & 141 & & 83.8\% & & 74.6\% \\
\hline MUSC C152 & 3 & & & 59 & & 93.8\% & & 87.7\% \\
\hline MUSC C173 & 3 & 6 & 320 & 29 & 90.6\% & 100.0\% & 76.8\% & 58.6\% \\
\hline MUSC C181 & 3 & & & 33 & & 93.5\% & & 77.4\% \\
\hline MUSC C183 & 3 & & & 16 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline PHED C102 & 7 & & & 126 & & 86.3\% & & 69.5\% \\
\hline PHED C103 & 7 & & & 546 & & 89.2\% & & 73.4\% \\
\hline PHED C104 & 7 & & & 246 & & 93.0\% & & 79.0\% \\
\hline PHED C105 & 7 & & & 917 & & 91.8\% & & 77.0\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PHED C106 & 7 & 415 & 92.8\% & 83.1\% \\
\hline PHED C107 & 7 & 645 & 90.5\% & 75.4\% \\
\hline PHED C108 & 7 & 251 & 91.6\% & 79.6\% \\
\hline PHED C109 & 7 & 254 & 93.4\% & 84.6\% \\
\hline PHED C110 & 7 & 136 & 89.1\% & 87.7\% \\
\hline PHED C113 & 7 & 314 & 92.9\% & 90.0\% \\
\hline PHED C114 & 7 & 172 & 91.6\% & 91.6\% \\
\hline PHED C115 & 7 & 90 & 88.8\% & 76.4\% \\
\hline PHED C116 & 7 & 42 & 95.2\% & 92.9\% \\
\hline PHED C123 & 7 & 10 & 90.0\% & 90.0\% \\
\hline PHED C124 & 7 & 3 & 100.0\% & 100.0\% \\
\hline PHED C129 & 7 & 854 & 90.8\% & 82.1\% \\
\hline PHED C130 & 7 & 289 & 94.5\% & 88.3\% \\
\hline PHED C131 & 7 & 442 & 93.4\% & 82.5\% \\
\hline PHED C132 & 7 & 119 & 94.9\% & 89.8\% \\
\hline PHED C140 & 7 & 56 & 92.9\% & 92.9\% \\
\hline PHED C151 & 7 & 182 & 95.8\% & 91.0\% \\
\hline PHED C152 & 7 & 134 & 97.1\% & 95.6\% \\
\hline PHED C173 & 7 & 75 & 96.0\% & 93.3\% \\
\hline PHED C174 & 7 & 72 & 98.6\% & 95.9\% \\
\hline PHED C175 & 7 & 95 & 99.0\% & 95.9\% \\
\hline PHED C176 & 7 & 47 & 100.0\% & 97.9\% \\
\hline PHED C177 & 7 & 57 & 98.2\% & 80.7\% \\
\hline PHED C178 & 7 & 34 & 97.1\% & 97.1\% \\
\hline PHED C203 & 7 & 129 & 99.2\% & 90.6\% \\
\hline PHED C205 & 7 & 198 & 92.4\% & 86.9\% \\
\hline PHED C207 & 7 & 145 & 96.9\% & 86.3\% \\
\hline PHED C209 & 7 & 67 & 95.4\% & 93.8\% \\
\hline PHED C213 & 7 & 71 & 98.6\% & 97.1\% \\
\hline PHED C215 & 7 & 28 & 96.4\% & 89.3\% \\
\hline PHED C223 & 7 & 1 & & \\
\hline PHED C229 & 7 & 103 & 92.9\% & 91.9\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
PHED C231 & 7 \\
PHED C251 & 7 \\
PHED C252 & 7 \\
PHED C275 & 7 \\
PHED C276 & 7 \\
PHED C277 & 7 \\
PHED C278 & 7 \\
PHIL C101 & 3 \\
PHIL C141 & 3 \\
PHIL C161 & 3 \\
PHIL C164 & 3 \\
PHIL C205 & 3 \\
PHIL C215 & 3 \\
PHSC C101 & 1 \\
PHSC C102 (L) & 1 \\
PHSC C105 (L) & 1 \\
PHSC C111 & 1 \\
PHSC C112 (L) & 1 \\
PHSC C115 (L) & 1 \\
PHSC C121 & 1 \\
PHSC C122 (L) & 2 \\
PHSC C125 (L) & 1 \\
PHSC C131 & 1 \\
PHSC C132 (L) & 2 \\
PHYS C111 (L) & 2 \\
PHYS C113 (L) & 2 \\
PHYS C211 (L) & 1 \\
POLS C101 & 2 \\
POLS C101H & 2 \\
POLS C102 & 2 \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 10 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline & 58 & & 100.0\% & & 96.6\% \\
\hline & 46 & & 97.9\% & & 97.9\% \\
\hline & 14 & & 100.0\% & & 85.7\% \\
\hline & 130 & & 95.7\% & & 95.1\% \\
\hline & 14 & & 93.3\% & & 86.7\% \\
\hline & 12 & & 92.3\% & & 92.3\% \\
\hline 682 & 332 & 70.4\% & 80.8\% & 50.7\% & 61.6\% \\
\hline 563 & 258 & 68.2\% & 83.8\% & 55.3\% & 68.0\% \\
\hline 400 & 155 & 71.7\% & 92.1\% & 54.7\% & 80.3\% \\
\hline 418 & 12 & 75.5\% & 100.0\% & 51.6\% & 58.3\% \\
\hline 27 & 20 & 77.8\% & 78.9\% & 48.1\% & 57.9\% \\
\hline & 144 & & 89.4\% & & 69.0\% \\
\hline & 118 & & 88.0\% & & 70.1\% \\
\hline 651 & 58 & 74.4\% & 94.8\% & 63.9\% & 75.9\% \\
\hline 435 & 33 & 73.2\% & 93.9\% & 61.1\% & 87.9\% \\
\hline 35 & & 55.3\% & & 42.1\% & \\
\hline & 37 & & 92.1\% & & 71.1\% \\
\hline & 354 & & 95.8\% & & 86.8\% \\
\hline 44 & 20 & 79.5\% & 95.0\% & 59.1\% & 55.0\% \\
\hline & 11 & & 90.9\% & & 72.7\% \\
\hline & 96 & & 85.3\% & & 75.8\% \\
\hline & 61 & & 95.0\% & & 83.3\% \\
\hline & 44 & & 93.2\% & & 86.4\% \\
\hline 1,089 & 857 & 84.9\% & 89.3\% & 64.8\% & 70.5\% \\
\hline & 17 & & 100.0\% & & 94.1\% \\
\hline 79 & & 60.7\% & & 46.4\% & \\
\hline & 37 & & 98.2\% & & 76.4\% \\
\hline 1,666 & 1,623 & 77.3\% & 86.2\% & 51.9\% & 67.9\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PSYC C101H & 2 & & & & 26 & & 84.6\% & & 84.6\% \\
\hline PSYC C112 & 2 & & & 101 & & 83.2\% & & 74.3\% & \\
\hline PSYC C211 & 2 & & & 973 & 54 & 85.7\% & 87.0\% & 79.5\% & 66.7\% \\
\hline PSYC C231 & 7 & & & & 66 & & 74.2\% & & 62.1\% \\
\hline PSYC C241 & 2 & & & 588 & 259 & 79.1\% & 87.2\% & 58.1\% & 73.2\% \\
\hline PSYC C251 & 2 & & & 77 & 166 & 79.2\% & 88.6\% & 49.4\% & 74.1\% \\
\hline READ C056 & & & & 229 & 374 & 71.2\% & 81.1\% & 38.4\% & 49.3\% \\
\hline SOCI C101 & 2 & & & 1,408 & 522 & 82.9\% & 84.1\% & 61.5\% & 68.0\% \\
\hline SOCI C131 & 2 & 6 & & 557 & 32 & 79.2\% & 78.1\% & 59.4\% & 68.8\% \\
\hline SOCI C210 & 2 & 3 & 6 & 357 & 175 & 73.7\% & 84.5\% & 54.9\% & 58.0\% \\
\hline SOCI C220 & 2 & 3 & 6 & 215 & 120 & 90.4\% & 76.7\% & 67.0\% & 52.5\% \\
\hline SPAN C100 & 3 & & & & 118 & & 87.6\% & & 65.5\% \\
\hline SPAN C101 & 3 & & & 1,845 & 462 & 69.0\% & 81.4\% & 47.0\% & 59.2\% \\
\hline SPAN C102 & 3 & & & 806 & 94 & 85.5\% & 88.1\% & 68.8\% & 65.5\% \\
\hline SPAN C110 & 3 & & & 99 & & 49.5\% & & 29.3\% & \\
\hline SPAN C171 & 3 & & & 14 & 34 & 93.8\% & 87.1\% & 87.5\% & 35.5\% \\
\hline SPAN C180 & 3 & & & & 21 & & 71.4\% & & 71.4\% \\
\hline SPAN C211/FILM C211 & 3 & & & 105 & 29 & 81.9\% & 92.9\% & 53.2\% & 64.3\% \\
\hline THEA C101 & 3 & & & 311 & & 84.0\% & & 57.3\% & \\
\hline THEA C103 & 3 & & & 95 & & 88.4\% & & 52.6\% & \\
\hline THEA C105 & 3 & & & & 13 & & 91.7\% & & 83.3\% \\
\hline THEA C111 & 3 & & & & 47 & & 93.3\% & & 75.6\% \\
\hline THEA C112 & 3 & & & & 15 & & 100.0\% & & 100.0\% \\
\hline THEA C118 & 3 & & & & 36 & & 94.4\% & & 88.9\% \\
\hline THEA C121 & 3 & & & & 81 & & 96.3\% & & 93.8\% \\
\hline THEA C126 & 3 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline THEA C131 & 3 & & & & 36 & & 88.2\% & & 76.5\% \\
\hline THEA C140 & 3 & & & & 9 & & 77.8\% & & 77.8\% \\
\hline THEA C145 & 3 & & & & 10 & & 100.0\% & & 90.0\% \\
\hline THEA C211 & 3 & & & & 12 & & 83.3\% & & 58.3\% \\
\hline THEA C212 & 3 & & & & 7 & & 100.0\% & & 85.7\% \\
\hline THEA C230 & 3 & & & & 10 & & 88.9\% & & 77.8\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{cc|c|c|c|c|c} 
THEA C241 & & & & & \\
\hline \hline & 41,289 & 32,086 & \(78.01 \%\) & \(87.61 \%\) & \(58.22 \%\) & \(71.52 \%\)
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Course} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 1} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 2} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Area 3} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Sections} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Census} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{FTES} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{FTEF} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{FTES/FTEF} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{FTEF} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & Adjunct & Full-Time \\
\hline ADMJ C101 & 2 & & & 16 & 530 & 51.2 & 3.2 & 16 & 2.4 & 0.8 \\
\hline ANTH C111 & 2 & & & 29 & 804 & 79.2 & 4.8 & 16.5 & 4.0 & 0.8 \\
\hline ANTH C121 & 1 & 2 & & 29 & 1,045 & 98 & 5.8 & 16.9 & 5.4 & 0.4 \\
\hline ANTH C131 & 2 & & & 5 & 176 & 16.7 & 1 & 16.7 & 0.8 & 0.2 \\
\hline ART C101 & 3 & 6 & & 31 & 1,066 & 205.6 & 12.8 & 16.1 & 1.3 & 11.5 \\
\hline ART C105 & 3 & & & 15 & 402 & 44.2 & 3 & 14.7 & 1.0 & 2.0 \\
\hline ART C106 & 3 & & & 9 & 277 & 31.8 & 1.8 & 17.7 & 1.4 & 0.4 \\
\hline ART C111 & 3 & & & 6 & 131 & 27.7 & 2.4 & 11.5 & 0.8 & 1.6 \\
\hline ART C115 & 3 & & & 4 & 96 & 20.3 & 1.6 & 12.7 & 1.2 & 0.4 \\
\hline ART C121 & 3 & & & 25 & 542 & 115.3 & 10 & 11.5 & 6.0 & 4.0 \\
\hline ART C131 & 3 & & & 23 & 476 & 100.3 & 9.2 & 10.9 & 6.0 & 3.2 \\
\hline ART C141 & 3 & & & 28 & 486 & 101.9 & 11 & 9.3 & 7.4 & 3.6 \\
\hline ART C151 & 3 & & & 13 & 256 & 54.3 & 5.2 & 10.4 & 1.6 & 3.6 \\
\hline ART C165 & 3 & & & 8 & 161 & 34 & 3.2 & 10.6 & 1.2 & 2.0 \\
\hline ART C231 & 3 & & & 16 & 66 & 13.9 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline ASL C101 & 3 & & & 12 & 428 & 61 & 3.2 & 19 & 3.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline ASL C102 & 3 & & & 7 & 135 & 19.3 & 1.8 & 10.5 & 1.8 & 0.0 \\
\hline BIOL C101 & 1 & & & 19 & 530 & 52.4 & 3.3 & 15.9 & 0.4 & 2.9 \\
\hline BIOL C105 (L) & 1 & & & 26 & 626 & 131.7 & 8.1 & 16.3 & 2.6 & 5.5 \\
\hline BIOL C105H (L) & 1 & & & 2 & 5 & 1.2 & 0.1 & 12 & 0.0 & 0.1 \\
\hline BIOL C111 (L) & 1 & & & 3 & 47 & 11.5 & 1.4 & 8.2 & 0.0 & 1.4 \\
\hline BIOL C112 (L) & 1 & & & 3 & 32 & 7.8 & 1.4 & 5.6 & 0.0 & 1.4 \\
\hline BIOL C112H (L) & 1 & & & 2 & 8 & 2.2 & 0 & 67.3 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline BIOL C121 & 1 & & & 7 & 259 & 22.6 & 1.3 & 17.8 & 0.0 & 1.3 \\
\hline BIOL C122 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 92 & 9.6 & 1 & 9.6 & 0.4 & 0.6 \\
\hline BIOL C125 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C141 & 1 & & & 9 & 315 & 29.8 & 1.7 & 17.5 & 0.2 & 1.5 \\
\hline BIOL C142 (L) & 1 & & & 9 & 315 & 29.8 & 1.7 & 17.5 & 0.0 & 1.5 \\
\hline BIOL C145 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline BIOL C251 (L) & 1 & & & 12 & 336 & 70.7 & 4.8 & 14.7 & 2.9 & 1.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BIOL C255 (L) & 1 & & 12 & 331 & 69.9 & 4.4 & 15.9 & 0.8 & 3.6 \\
\hline BIOL C261 (L) & 1 & & 11 & 243 & 67.4 & 5.9 & 11.5 & 0.5 & 5.4 \\
\hline BSAD C152 & 6 & & 9 & 260 & 25.1 & 1.8 & 13.9 & 1.8 & 0.0 \\
\hline CHDV C104 & 2 & & 18 & 624 & 58.8 & 3.6 & 16.3 & 2.2 & 1.4 \\
\hline CHDV C105 & 2 & & 25 & 940 & 88 & 5 & 17.6 & 5.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline CHDV C106 & 2 & & 17 & 588 & 55.1 & 3.4 & 16.2 & 2.6 & 0.8 \\
\hline CHDV C121 & 7 & & 31 & 1,112 & 103.5 & 6.2 & 16.7 & 5.8 & 0.4 \\
\hline CHDV C125 & 6 & & 35 & 1,179 & 109.7 & 6.8 & 16.1 & 2.6 & 4.2 \\
\hline CHDV C241 & 6 & & 11 & 353 & 33.1 & 2.2 & 15 & 2.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline CHEM C101 (L) & 1 & & 11 & 228 & 48.3 & 4.4 & 11 & 1.6 & 2.8 \\
\hline CHEM C111 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 154 & 37.9 & 2.3 & 16.2 & 0.0 & 2.3 \\
\hline CHEM C113 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 76 & 18.6 & 2.3 & 8 & 0.0 & 2.3 \\
\hline CHEM C113H (L) & 1 & & 5 & 32 & 8.7 & 0.3 & 26.1 & 0.0 & 0.3 \\
\hline CHEM C221 (L) & 1 & & 3 & 40 & 10.3 & 1.4 & 7.4 & 0.0 & 1.4 \\
\hline CHEM C223 (L) & 1 & & 3 & 15 & 3.7 & 1.2 & 3.1 & 0.0 & 1.2 \\
\hline CHEM C223H (L) & 1 & & 3 & 8 & 2.3 & 0.1 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline DMA C113 & 6 & & 4 & 131 & 12.2 & 0.8 & 15.3 & 0.0 & 0.8 \\
\hline ECON C101 & 2 & & 22 & 737 & 69.5 & 4.2 & 16.5 & 0.1 & 4.1 \\
\hline ECON C102 & 2 & & 35 & 1,090 & 104 & 6.4 & 16.2 & 2.4 & 4.0 \\
\hline ECON C103 & 2 & & 29 & 888 & 84.4 & 5.2 & 16.2 & 2.2 & 3.0 \\
\hline ENGL C101 & 4 & & 82 & 2,043 & 270.5 & 26.6 & 10.2 & 2.3 & 24.4 \\
\hline ENGL C101H & & & 1 & 5 & 0.9 & 0.1 & 13 & 0.0 & 0.1 \\
\hline ENGL C102 & 3 & 4 & 49 & 1,112 & 109 & 8.8 & 12.4 & 0.2 & 8.0 \\
\hline ENGL C102H & 3 & 4 & 9 & 63 & 9.1 & 0.6 & 15.1 & 0.0 & 0.6 \\
\hline ENGL C111 & 3 & & 6 & 191 & 18 & 1.2 & 15 & 0.2 & 1.0 \\
\hline ENGL C141 & 3 & & 7 & 171 & 16.3 & 1.4 & 11.7 & 0.4 & 1.0 \\
\hline ENGL C151 & 4 & & 9 & 157 & 14.6 & 1.6 & 8.9 & 0.0 & 1.6 \\
\hline ENGL C190 & 3 & & 1 & 20 & 1.9 & 0.2 & 9.3 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline ENGL C221 & 3 & & 12 & 233 & 22.6 & 1.8 & 12.6 & 0.0 & 1.8 \\
\hline ENGL C222 & 3 & & 1 & 8 & 0.8 & 0.2 & 4.2 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline ENGL C231 & 3 & & 4 & 116 & 10.8 & 0.8 & 13.5 & 0.0 & 0.8 \\
\hline ENGL C232 & 3 & & 1 & 15 & 1.4 & 0.2 & 7 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ENGL C235 & 3 & & & 3 & 57 & 6 & 0.6 & 10 & 0.0 & 0.6 \\
\hline ENGL C241 & 3 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ENGL C242 & 3 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ENGL C245 & 3 & 6 & & 6 & 130 & 12.3 & 1 & 12.3 & 0.0 & 1.0 \\
\hline ENGL C249 & 3 & 6 & & 7 & 204 & 19.4 & 1.2 & 16.1 & 0.2 & 1.0 \\
\hline FILM C211 (SPAN C211) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 13 & 253 & 24.4 & 1.7 & 14.1 & 0.2 & 1.5 \\
\hline FREN C101 & 3 & & & 9 & 263 & 41.1 & 3 & 13.7 & 3.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline GEOG C101 & 1 & & & 2 & 22 & 2.5 & 0.2 & 12.5 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline GEOG C102 (L) & 1 & & & 2 & 4 & 0.4 & 0.2 & 2.1 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline GEOG C111 (L) & 1 & & & 5 & 100 & 21.1 & 1.6 & 13.2 & 1.2 & 0.4 \\
\hline GEOG C131 & 2 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline GEOL C111 & 1 & & & 6 & 182 & 35.2 & 2.4 & 14.7 & 1.2 & 1.2 \\
\hline HCRS C121 & 7 & & & 16 & 587 & 56.2 & 3.2 & 17.5 & 0.6 & 2.6 \\
\hline HCRS C250 & 6 & & & 4 & 79 & 7.4 & 0.8 & 9.2 & 0.4 & 0.4 \\
\hline HIST C103 & 2 & & & 16 & 547 & 54.6 & 3.2 & 17.1 & 2.8 & 0.4 \\
\hline HIST C103H & 2 & & & 5 & 53 & 8.1 & 0.3 & 24.1 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\
\hline HIST C104 & 2 & & & 13 & 447 & 45.3 & 2.6 & 17.4 & 2.2 & 0.4 \\
\hline HIST C104H & 2 & & & 5 & 62 & 9.5 & 0.3 & 28.3 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\
\hline HIST C131 & 2 & & & 62 & 2,135 & 209.8 & 11.3 & 18.6 & 6.4 & 4.9 \\
\hline HIST C132 & 2 & & & 41 & 1,309 & 129.8 & 7.2 & 18 & 4.8 & 2.4 \\
\hline HIST C132H & 2 & & & 1 & 1 & 0.1 & 0 & & & \\
\hline HIST C209 & 2 & 6 & & 12 & 218 & 22.9 & 1.4 & 16.3 & 1.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline HIST C218 & 2 & & & 18 & 664 & 62.8 & 3.6 & 17.4 & 3.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline HMSV C102 & 6 & & & 12 & 169 & 17.8 & 0.8 & 22.3 & 0.0 & 0.8 \\
\hline HSCI C101 & 7 & & & 71 & 2,346 & 230.5 & 13.2 & 17.5 & 1.8 & 11.4 \\
\hline IC \(\mathrm{CO75}\) & 5 & & & 55 & 1,579 & 48.6 & 3.5 & 14 & 2.7 & 0.8 \\
\hline INST C210 (Soc C210) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 5 & 59 & 5.7 & 0.4 & 14.3 & 0.0 & 0.4 \\
\hline INST C220 (Soc C220) & 2 & 3 & 6 & 4 & 16 & 1.4 & 0.6 & 2.3 & 0.0 & 0.6 \\
\hline LATN C101 & 3 & & & 7 & 112 & 16 & 1.9 & 8.6 & 1.9 & 0.0 \\
\hline LATN C102 & 3 & & & 7 & 47 & 6.8 & 0.8 & 8.4 & 0.8 & 0.0 \\
\hline LATN C201 & 3 & & & 6 & 12 & 1.7 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline LATN C202 & 3 & & & 5 & 6 & 0.9 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline MATH C055 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C056 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C057 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C101 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C121 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C121H & 4 \\
\hline MATH C130 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C131 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C141 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C142 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C151 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C255 & 4 \\
\hline MATH C257 & 4 \\
\hline MUSC C101 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C101H & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C118 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C121 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C122 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C126 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C131 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C132 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C135 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C136 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C151 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C152 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C173 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C181 & 3 \\
\hline MUSC C183 & 3 \\
\hline PHED C102 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C103 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C104 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C105 & 7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 88 & 2,742 & 360.1 & 21.9 & 16.5 & 3.7 & 18.1 \\
\hline 4 & 75 & 10.7 & 1.1 & 10 & 0.3 & 0.8 \\
\hline 4 & 72 & 6.6 & 0.8 & 8.2 & 0.0 & 0.8 \\
\hline 53 & 1,580 & 204.6 & 12.7 & 16.1 & 0.5 & 12.1 \\
\hline 6 & 45 & 8 & 0.4 & 19.8 & 0.0 & 0.4 \\
\hline 9 & 241 & 29.9 & 2.4 & 12.5 & 0.0 & 2.4 \\
\hline 7 & 122 & 15.3 & 1.9 & 8.2 & 0.0 & 1.9 \\
\hline 31 & 976 & 129.2 & 7.7 & 16.7 & 1.0 & 6.7 \\
\hline 21 & 541 & 73.9 & 5.6 & 13.2 & 0.8 & 4.8 \\
\hline 15 & 499 & 79.4 & 5 & 15.9 & 2.3 & 2.7 \\
\hline 5 & 54 & 7.6 & 1.3 & 5.7 & 0.5 & 0.9 \\
\hline 3 & 37 & 5.1 & 0.8 & 6.3 & 0.3 & 0.5 \\
\hline 53 & 1,704 & 164.2 & 9.6 & 17.1 & 4.4 & 5.2 \\
\hline 4 & 42 & 5.9 & 0.3 & 21.8 & 0.1 & 0.2 \\
\hline 11 & 381 & 35.6 & 2.2 & 16.2 & 0.0 & 2.2 \\
\hline 18 & 221 & 16.4 & 2.4 & 6.9 & 2.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline 18 & 61 & 4.2 & 0.7 & 6.4 & 0.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline 9 & 228 & 16.5 & 1.2 & 13.8 & 0.9 & 0.3 \\
\hline 9 & 53 & 6.9 & 1.5 & 4.5 & 1.5 & 0.0 \\
\hline 10 & 43 & 5.9 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 8 & 33 & 4.5 & 1.1 & 4.3 & 1.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline 6 & 21 & 2.9 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 18 & 141 & 15.6 & 4.8 & 3.2 & 4.8 & 0.0 \\
\hline 18 & 59 & 7.2 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 10 & 349 & 32.5 & 2 & 16.3 & 0.0 & 2.0 \\
\hline 2 & 33 & 5.6 & 0.7 & 8.4 & 0.0 & 0.7 \\
\hline 1 & 16 & 2.7 & 0.3 & 8.1 & 0.0 & 0.3 \\
\hline 6 & 126 & 17.9 & 1.3 & 13.7 & 1.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline 31 & 546 & 57.3 & 4.7 & 12.3 & 4.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline 31 & 246 & 26 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 70 & 917 & 96.3 & 10.5 & 9.2 & 3.6 & 6.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline PHED C106 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C107 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C108 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C109 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C110 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C113 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C114 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C115 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C116 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C123 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C124 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C129 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C130 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C131 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C132 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C140 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C151 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C152 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C173 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C174 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C175 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C176 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C177 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C178 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C203 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C205 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C207 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C209 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C213 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C215 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C223 & 7 \\
\hline PHED C229 & 7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 70 & 415 & 43.8 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 36 & 645 & 68.4 & 5.4 & 12.7 & 3.4 & 2.0 \\
\hline 36 & 251 & 26.7 & 0.1 & 211.7 & 0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline 20 & 254 & 26.5 & 2.8 & 9.6 & 1.8 & 1.0 \\
\hline 20 & 136 & 14.2 & 0.3 & 56.9 & 0.0 & 0.3 \\
\hline 22 & 314 & 33.4 & 3.3 & 10.1 & 0.0 & 3.3 \\
\hline 22 & 172 & 17.6 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 8 & 90 & 9.4 & 1.2 & 7.8 & 1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline 8 & 42 & 4.2 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 1 & 10 & 1.1 & 0.2 & 7 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline 1 & 3 & 0.3 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 54 & 854 & 90.3 & 8.1 & 11.1 & 2.9 & 5.2 \\
\hline 54 & 289 & 30.4 & 0.1 & 241.6 & 0.0 & 0.1 \\
\hline 24 & 442 & 45 & 3.6 & 12.5 & 1.7 & 1.9 \\
\hline 24 & 119 & 12.1 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 2 & 56 & 5.6 & 0.3 & 18.6 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\
\hline 18 & 182 & 28.8 & 4.5 & 6.5 & 1.7 & 2.8 \\
\hline 17 & 134 & 21.3 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 5 & 75 & 24.5 & 2.4 & 10.1 & 2.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline 5 & 72 & 23.5 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 5 & 95 & 30.4 & 2.2 & 13.5 & 2.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline 5 & 47 & 15 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 5 & 57 & 8.1 & 1.3 & 6.5 & 0.3 & 1.0 \\
\hline 5 & 34 & 4 & 1.2 & 3.4 & 0.2 & 1.0 \\
\hline 27 & 129 & 13.7 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 63 & 198 & 20.6 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 26 & 145 & 13.9 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 20 & 67 & 6.8 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 18 & 71 & 7.1 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 6 & 28 & 3 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 1 & 1 & 0.1 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline 45 & 103 & 10.6 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PHED C231 & 7 & & 7 & 10 & 1.1 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHED C251 & 7 & & 14 & 58 & 9.3 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHED C252 & 7 & & 14 & 46 & 7.3 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHED C275 & 7 & & 4 & 14 & 4.8 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHED C276 & 7 & & 6 & 130 & 15.6 & 0.9 & 17.3 & 0.6 & 0.3 \\
\hline PHED C277 & 7 & & 4 & 14 & 2.2 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHED C278 & 7 & & 5 & 12 & 1.2 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHIL C101 & 3 & & 35 & 1,014 & 99.2 & 6.4 & 15.5 & 5.2 & 1.2 \\
\hline PHIL C141 & 3 & & 28 & 821 & 80.5 & 5.2 & 15.5 & 5.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHIL C161 & 3 & & 20 & 555 & 54.4 & 3.6 & 15.1 & 2.6 & 1.0 \\
\hline PHIL C164 & 3 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline PHIL C205 & 3 & 4 & 16 & 430 & 53.6 & 4.3 & 12.6 & 0.3 & 4.0 \\
\hline PHIL C215 & 3 & & 4 & 47 & 5 & 0.4 & 12.4 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHSC C101 & 1 & & 6 & 144 & 15.3 & 1.2 & 12.7 & 0.4 & 0.8 \\
\hline PHSC C102 (L) & 1 & & 6 & 118 & 12.9 & 1.2 & 10.7 & 0.4 & 0.8 \\
\hline PHSC C105 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline PHSC C111 & 1 & & 18 & 709 & 67 & 3.7 & 18.1 & 2.1 & 1.6 \\
\hline PHSC C112 (L) & 1 & & 14 & 468 & 39.9 & 2.8 & 14.2 & 2.4 & 0.4 \\
\hline PHSC C115 (L) & 1 & & 1 & 35 & 7.4 & 0.8 & 9.3 & 0.8 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHSC C121 & 1 & & 2 & 37 & 3.9 & 0.4 & 9.8 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHSC C122 (L) & 1 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline PHSC C125 (L) & 1 & & 14 & 354 & 74.9 & 4.7 & 15.8 & 2.2 & 2.5 \\
\hline PHSC C131 & 1 & & 2 & 64 & 6.2 & 0.4 & 15.5 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHSC C132 (L) & 1 & & 1 & 11 & 1.2 & 0.2 & 5.8 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHYS C111 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 96 & 26.8 & 2.7 & 10.1 & 2.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHYS C113 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 61 & 17 & 2.7 & 6.4 & 2.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline PHYS C211 (L) & 1 & & 5 & 44 & 12.3 & 2.7 & 4.6 & 2.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline POLS C101 & 2 & & 60 & 1,946 & 196.3 & 11 & 17.8 & 8.2 & 2.8 \\
\hline POLS C101H & 2 & & 5 & 17 & 2.5 & 0.2 & 12.5 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline POLS C102 & 2 & & 2 & 79 & 7.4 & 0.4 & 18.4 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline POLS C204 & 2 & & 3 & 37 & 5.7 & 0.6 & 9.4 & 0.0 & 0.6 \\
\hline PSYC C101 & 2 & & 103 & 3,289 & 326.3 & 20.4 & 16 & 7.0 & 13.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PSYC C101H & 2 & & & 9 & 26 & 3.8 & 0.3 & 14.1 & 0.0 & 0.3 \\
\hline PSYC C112 & 2 & & & 8 & 101 & 10.8 & 0.4 & 26.9 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\
\hline PSYC C211 & 2 & & & 28 & 1,027 & 96.2 & 5.6 & 17.2 & 0.4 & 5.2 \\
\hline PSYC C231 & 7 & & & 2 & 66 & 7 & 0.4 & 17.4 & 0.0 & 0.4 \\
\hline PSYC C241 & 2 & & & 30 & 847 & 82.9 & 5.4 & 15.4 & 1.8 & 3.6 \\
\hline PSYC C251 & 2 & & & 9 & 243 & 24.8 & 1.8 & 14.1 & 0.8 & 1.0 \\
\hline READ C056 & & & & 26 & 603 & 60.7 & 5.2 & 11.7 & 1.0 & 4.2 \\
\hline SOCI C101 & 2 & & & 59 & 1,930 & 187.2 & 11.2 & 16.7 & 7.8 & 3.4 \\
\hline SOCI C131 & 2 & 6 & & 17 & 589 & 55.4 & 3.4 & 16.3 & 3.2 & 0.2 \\
\hline SOCI C210 & 2 & 3 & 6 & 18 & 532 & 52 & 3 & 17.3 & 0.6 & 2.4 \\
\hline SOCI C220 & 2 & 3 & 6 & 13 & 335 & 34.1 & 1.4 & 24.3 & 1.2 & 0.2 \\
\hline SPAN C100 & 3 & & & 4 & 118 & 12.5 & 0.8 & 15.6 & 0.4 & 0.4 \\
\hline SPAN C101 & 3 & & & 75 & 2,307 & 370.2 & 22.7 & 16.3 & 4.0 & 18.7 \\
\hline SPAN C102 & 3 & & & 29 & 900 & 141 & 8.7 & 16.3 & 1.7 & 7.0 \\
\hline SPAN C110 & 3 & & & 3 & 99 & 15.4 & 1 & 15.4 & 0.0 & 1.0 \\
\hline SPAN C171 & 3 & & & 4 & 48 & 5.1 & 0.6 & 8.4 & 0.4 & 0.2 \\
\hline SPAN C180 & 3 & & & 3 & 21 & 2.2 & 0.2 & 11.1 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline SPAN C211/FILM C211 & 3 & & & 13 & 134 & 12.8 & 0.9 & 14.8 & 0.0 & 0.9 \\
\hline THEA C101 & 3 & & & 8 & 311 & 29 & 1.6 & 18.1 & 0.0 & 1.6 \\
\hline THEA C103 & 3 & & & 3 & 95 & 8.8 & 0.6 & 14.7 & 0.0 & 0.6 \\
\hline THEA C105 & 3 & & & 1 & 13 & 1.4 & 0.2 & 6.9 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline THEA C111 & 3 & & & 5 & 47 & 6.7 & 1.3 & 5 & 0.0 & 1.3 \\
\hline THEA C112 & 3 & & & 5 & 15 & 2.1 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline THEA C118 & 3 & & & 2 & 36 & 5.1 & 0.5 & 9.6 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline THEA C121 & 3 & & & 5 & 81 & 18.5 & 2.3 & 7.9 & 0.0 & 2.3 \\
\hline THEA C126 & 3 & & & & & & & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline THEA C131 & 3 & & & 5 & 36 & 7.3 & 0.3 & 21.8 & 0.0 & 0.3 \\
\hline THEA C140 & 3 & & & 1 & 9 & 1 & 0.2 & 4.8 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline THEA C145 & 3 & & & 1 & 10 & 1.1 & 0.2 & 5.3 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline THEA C211 & 3 & & & 5 & 12 & 1.7 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline THEA C212 & 3 & & & 5 & 7 & 1 & 0 & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline THEA C230 & 3 & & & 1 & 10 & 1.1 & 0.2 & 5.3 & 0.0 & 0.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline THEA C241 & 3 & & & & & & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline & & 3325.0 & 73470.0 & 8559.7 & 582.4 & 15.99 & 244.9 & 336.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}







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