Connected Faculty Inquiry Group

Cerro Coso Community College

Matt Crow

Jennifer Flenner

Peter Fulks

Lucila Gonzalez-Cirre

Tyson Huffman

Devin Mosely

ONN

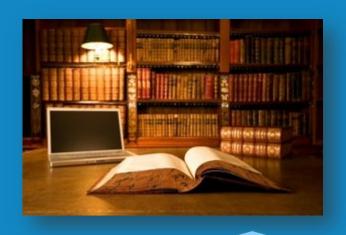
As defined by the RP Group's original work, "Success Factors Framework," connected deals with students' feeling that they are a part of the college community. This inquiry group discussed the idea of being connected to include the student connection to a course, a faculty member, and the greater college community and its support services.



Lucila and Devin



Jen and Peter

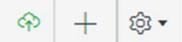


Matt and Tyson

:: • Communication







Other Sources - Tyson & Matt







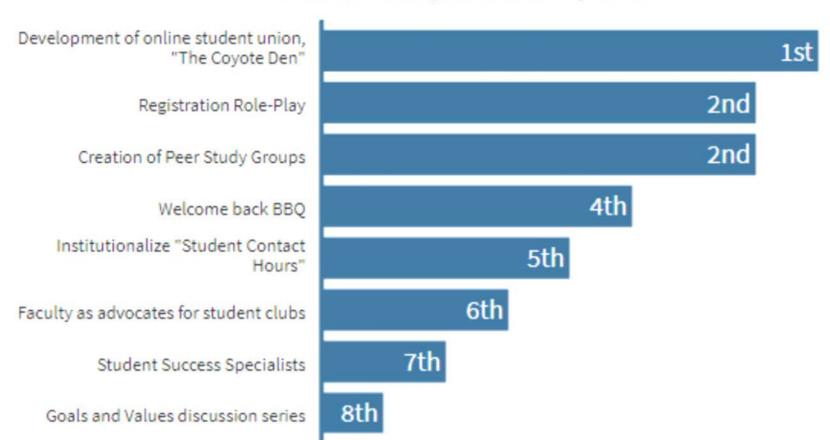




Rank these interventions by potential impact and feasibility - the top four will become the initiatives we present

When poll is active, respond at PollEv.com/tysonhuffman566

Answers to this poll are anonymous



Proposed Initiatives

- Development of an Online Student Union
 "The Coyote Den"
- Registration Day Role Play
- Faculty-Formed Peer Study Groups
- Welcome Back BBQ

The goal is to create an online equivalent to the *one-stop* shop student union through creating a virtual common space where students from all sites and online can find the services they need and the connection they are looking for. Students will be able to: communicate with their peers through forums, meet with faculty, speak with a counselor, work with a librarian, play a game with a friend, watch live video feeds of on-campus events, view social media feeds from various departments, see faculty and student highlights, etc. Each service can be found in its respective department canvas shell or canvas course room.

Registration Day Role Play is a simulation experienced by faculty to make them more aware of the departmental processes around campus. This initiative would help faculty to feel more in touch with the processes students endure throughout the semester.

Development of faculty supported peer study groups is intended to lead students toward more effective study habits through connection with faculty and their peers.

The Welcome Back BBQ is an opportunity for every department at every site at the college to connect with students. Students enjoy a BBQ with faculty, staff, and administration. Clubs can get involved too. Students can visit club booths and see what other students are doing on campus. This does not have to stop on the campuses. An online equivalent can occur through live video on social media, albeit more difficult to make enjoyable and functional at the same time.

What Was Learned Through the Inquiry Group Process?

- Setting aside time to reflect on our work and what we can do better can be enjoyable
- Inquiry Groups should start early in the semester to provide ample time for development of ideas
- Asynchronous discussions in Canvas work, but make it difficult to get things done in a timely manner
- Fewer, longer meetings would be better than numerous short meetings

Directed and Focused: Departmental Faculty Initiatives

The following sets of initiatives are intended to be implemented by all faculty members, both full time and adjunct, at all sites. This will require periodic touchpoints to verify that these strategies are being used in all classes offered by a department. A feedback form will be made available that teachers can use to report on implementation and progress (see below).

Departments can choose either Set 1. Early Communication and Feedback, or Set 2: Greater Transparency of Expectations. There is obvious and intentional redundancy of a few of the initiatives in both lists.

Once a department decides to choose one of the sets, the chair might send out an e-mail like the following to his or her faculty members:

Faculty,

As agreed upon at the department meeting on Flex Day, we have decided to implement a set of initiatives to improve the direction and focus of the students that we serve. For this project to work and for the data to be meaningful, it is imperative that all faculty members adopt all of the initiatives in the set that we have chosen. To ensure that these strategies are being used by all faculty members, I will occasionally ask you to report on your progress; you can respond by filling out the following progress report for each of the initiatives. Here's an example:

Progress Report
Directed and Focused: Set 1
Initiative A: Early Diagnostic Assignments and Feedback

Date:

Faculty Member's Name:

Diagnostic Assignment (please describe):

Overall results:

Suggested Interventions (tutoring, instructional software, additional lecture/assignment in class, lab activity) (please specify):

Results of Intervention (this can be in progress):

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

John Doe, Chair

I. Directed and Focused

Set 1: Early Communication and Feedback:

A. Early diagnostic assignments and feedback within the first ten days of a new semester and timely grading in general: grades for all assignments should be

returned, with substantive feedback, within a week, a practice that should begin in the first two weeks of the semester so that students can make informed decisions about whether they should continue in a class. Students also should have easy, immediate access to current grades at all times during the semester. Moreover, early diagnostic assignments should not be based on a textbook reading or exercise—since many students don't have books in the first two weeks; if the assignment is based upon a textbook, students should be referred to the LRC textbook reserve.

Here's an example of a diagnostic assignment from an on-ground class:

Diagnostic Assignment

Directions: In order to provide some feedback on your writing, I first need some writing. We can do this with a single paragraph.

- O Step One: Read the sample body paragraph on the reverse. You may not know *Beowulf*, but the paragraph will still give you a good idea of what an organized and developed paragraph looks like in English C101. This is the second body paragraph from the outline below.
- Step Two: Read the excerpts from Sigmund Freud's "The 'Uncanny" (focus on section 1) and Timothy Beal's *Religion and Its Monsters*, both linked on the course Moodle.
- o Write the best paragraph you can describing Freud's concept of the uncanny.
 - Use quotes and paraphrases from both sources.
 - Do not plagiarize from or summarize an outside source that explains this concept.
 - This is just a single paragraph, not a complete essay. Only write one paragraph.
 - Make the paragraph organized, developed, and clearly written.
- Step Three: Do your best to use correct MLA documentation and format: in-text citations of page numbers, spacing, margins, running header (last name and page), heading information, and title. (Do not worry if you do not know this yet. I am just assessing what you already know and what you need to learn.)
- O Step Four: Submit the paragraph to Turnitin.com by 11:59 p.m., Friday, January 22.
- Step Five: Relax! This is not a paper assignment, just an essential piece of
 information for the both of us: I see what you know and you see what you need
 to learn. You will get credit for doing the work, not on its perfection.

- B. A system that requires students to regularly check their college e-mail: beginning at the start of the semester, instituting periodic communications to which students must respond, for instance.
- C. **Student engagement surveys**, including instructions for how to conduct them and how to use the information derived from them, one of the objectives of which is for instructors to learn the names of and get to know their students on the very first day of class. Here's an example from my ENGL C101 on-ground class:

Student Engagement Survey

- 1. Name?
- 2. Why are you in college?
- 3. What's your college rank (freshman, sophomore, junior, senior)?
- 4. Have you gone through matriculation and orientation?
- 5. Do you have a major or focus of study?
- 6. Do you intend to transfer? To which university would you like to transfer?
- 7. Are you from Ridgecrest?
- 8. Do you intend to stay here or leave after you're finished with college?
- 9. In what aspects of your writing do you think you need the most help?
- 10. What will you do if you earn low grades on the first assignments in this class?
- 11. How can I help you succeed in this class?
- D. **Systematized, regular check-ins in all classes**, meaning that, as time and opportunity permit, teachers will periodically address students individually to see how they are doing with coursework and what kinds of resources they need to help them be successful. This will require some decision-making about how to actually implement them in a class. Here's an example of an e-mail check in:

Hello John,

The purpose of this e-mail is to check in with you to see how your work on paper 3 is going. Have you written a thesis and outline yet? What about secondary sources: have you found any good ones? Remember that the prospectus, including the thesis, plan of development, and outline, is due this Friday!

Do you need any help from me? Please don't hesitate to ask.

Thank you,

Professor Madison

II. Directed and Focused Set II: Greater Transparency of Expectations

- A. Canvas sites for all classes, onsite and online, with specification of precisely what needs to be available for onsite classes in order to ensure regularity of access across a department. For example, Canvas sites for on-ground sections could include a limited menu of items—like the syllabus, grades, and possibly handouts or homework for anyone who is absent—keeping in mind that though students want access to basic course information in Canvas, they do not want their onsite sections turned into online classes. The Canvas sites could also provide links to helpful resources, such as onsite and online tutoring, or a list of websites and other information relevant to the course.
- B. A system that requires students to regularly check their college e-mail: instituting periodic communications to which students must respond, for instance.
- C. **Systematized, regular check-ins in all classes**, meaning that, as time and opportunity permit, teachers will periodically address students individually to see how they are doing with coursework and what kinds of resources they need to help them be successful. This will require some decision-making about how to actually implement them in a class. Here's an example of an e-mail check in:

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Thank you,

Professor Madison

D. Clarity of expectations, both for the students and the teacher, not only specified in the syllabus but also posted in each unit, module, or week of a class—both onsite and online. In regard to the students' expectations of the instructor, this could include response time for e-mails, turnaround time for grades, extent and type of feedback, and so on. Here's an example from an online syllabus:

REGULAR EFFECTIVE CONTACT:

Board Policy specifically addresses regular, effective contact between instructors and students (BP Procedure 4B3). The procedure requires that any faculty member teaching an online or hybrid course shall do the following:

- 1. Respond to student questions, emails, and other communications within 48 hours, Saturdays, Sundays, non-instructional, and leave days excepted;
- 2. Regularly (at least twice a week) initiate contact with students in the online classroom:
- 3. Monitor student-to-student interaction in classroom activities requiring interaction;
- 4. Select and incorporate some combination of strategies to verify student identity and authenticate the originality of work
- 5. Provide information to students regarding the items above on the class syllabus
- 6. The faculty member teaching an online or hybrid course shall include all course syllabus information as described in the CCA contract within the District's adopted class management system and likewise shall conduct all forums, wikis, and other student-to-student class interactivity entirely within the class management system.

Instructor's Comments about Contact in This Class:

You will find that I am a very receptive instructor and will quickly respond to your questions both inside and outside the classroom. You will also notice that I am frequently in the class reading your work, answering questions, and initiating contact in the discussion forums. However, this doesn't mean that I will respond to all of your posts, or respond within one hour to every question that you pose. Such an expectation would be

unrealistic: I teach at least four classes every semester, and, like all of you, I have responsibilities and obligations external to the class.

I usually respond to a small group of students in each forum, alternating my choice of students with every discussion so that over the course of the semester, I will have replied to nearly everyone.

Please be aware that I will carefully scrutinize all of your work, including both discussion posts and papers, to be sure that it is original and completed by you. Naturally, Turnitin.com will assist me in this effort. For more information about plagiarism, please see that section below in the syllabus.

Finally, please note that all communications between instructor and student will be situated within the class management system, a requirement that means **you must frequently check your college e-mail (... @email.cerrocoso.edu, ... @email.bakersfield.edu, or ... @email.porterville.edu).** For your safety and mine, I will not respond to any communications sent through your personal e-mail addresses.

More generally, regular communication between instructor and student is extremely important, a critical element of which is good organization in the syllabus and, by extension, in instruction overall. The same goes for assignment guidelines, which should clearly define the teacher's expectations. Finally, as with papers, assignment feedback is important: it should be returned within a week and be fairly specific.

Selected Intervention: Semester Kick Off

L. Reporting & Closing Loop	0		 Create suggestion/ 	survey for	attendees during	event. Report out	 Revise and put out 	student	connection survey	and see the	different results.	Report	intervention	results in AUP and	Program Beyjew.	, 28, all 11, 12, 12, 14, 1										
K. Timing			Committee	discussions two	months prior	Begin marketing	and advertising	in the	community a	month prior to	event	 Event Saturday 	prior to	semester												
J. Personnel			 Director of 	Student Life	 PR Office 	 Student Services 	representatives	 Representatives 	from all	departments	 Faculty and 	administration	representatives													9.
 Action Plan Tasks 			 Student survey 	 Work with 	community	partners and	resources to	advertise	 Work with high 	schools to	advertise	 Work with student 	government to	help promote												
Assessment Data Sources	Long Term Data		Increased	participation in	clubs and	campus	resources	Increased	enrollment	 Increased class 	retention	 Higher GPA for 	first time	students	31									al:		
H. Assessment	Early	Observational Data	Increased	participation in	clubs and	campus	resources	Increased	enrollment	 Increased class 	retention															
G. Expected Outcomes			 Students feel 	more welcome	and accepted	 Higher percent of 	students from	high schools	Increased	community	attendance/	public awareness	 Lower access gap 	percentage	 Students are 	more informed	about activities	 Students have 	increased level of	connection						

Selected Intervention: Newsletter

F. Reporting & Closing Loop		Push out survey prior to implementation. Record results on staff communication/ connection Push out survey after first semester of implementation record results Report intervention results on program AUP and program review Offer professional development trainings to departments to help with their input for newsletter	
E. Timing		Before semester Once a month Weekly as needed by department	* (%)
D. Personnel		 PR Office One representative from each department Site representatives (KRV, ESCC, etc) 	Y
C. Action Plan Tasks		 Clicker to keep track of attendance in different departments Tracking system Head count on activities Finding student/staff willing to take responsibility for the newsletter Collaborate with Jamie Wycoff-Chesney Student/staff survey on reception of a newsletter 	
Assessment Data Sources	Long Term Data	Students feel more connected Increased participation Increased student use of campus resources	ж э.
B. Assessment l	Early Observational Data	Increase amount of students/ Staff viewing newsletter Increased participation in events	9 9
A. Expected Outcomes		• Students /staff more aware of campus events • More student /staff participation in events • Staff more informed/ involved in campus activities • Students feel more connected to campus overall	

Haine, Kerste Meurz, Jeaner Humble, Lebocca Parher grang Hunderz, Jeaner Humble, Lebocca Parher

Inquiry Group:

Our group had connected, and we discussed some of the gaps we felt that were facing the college and how we could improve connectiveness here at the college. We asked that everyone come up with 4 initiatives that they felt were important to them. As a group we collectively knew that communication here at the college is very important and that sometime communication to staff and students is sometimes missed. The communication piece is vital to making the college run smooth. We decided on the initiatives of a Staff Newsletter and a Semester Kick off for new and current students.

We researched several websites and other junior colleges looking for ways to keep students connected. We found wested.org (connected by design) that stated: * Students want general information on the website and individualized information by email or text. * Students would like structured opportunities to explore options before deciding on a major (without spending money to enroll in a class they might not like) * Students want orientations to explain steps & departments — where to go when registering, paying, planning course pathways, etc.* Students dislike generic websites, want customizable options to only show what is relevant to them so dislike generic websites, want customizable options to only show what is relevant to them so name of few.

With a Staff newsletter our expected outcomes were staff would be more aware of events and important dates on campus, more staff participation and feel overall more connected to the college. With the Semester kick off our expected outcomes were the students would feel more welcomed, have a higher percentage of students from high schools attend, increase community attendance, more informed students about what is happening on campus and a level of increased connection.

In order to find the needs for both of our initiatives we decided to come up with a survey for both our student and staff. The Student survey is important because it will assist Cerro Coso in finding better ways to keep our students connected with our college. The data from these surveys will assist with our research and assist us in finding solutions for our students to become better connected with Cerro Coso Community College through various activities, programs and methods of communication. The same can be said with our staff survey and specific tailored questions in order to find the staff needs.

We created a paper survey as well a survey on Survey Monkey for our students to take at all the sites and on line. We received 116 fesponses from students. The information was very interesting and provided us with overwhelming feedback on the Semester kick off. Many students wanted to see the kick off and for us to provide all sorts of college resources available at this event. They also wanted to see the see fun activities incorporated into this event. We do have this data to provide with our final report.

For the staff survey, we were not able to get a paper survey sent out but we did have many conversations with our staff regarding their thoughts on the informational newsletter. The thoughts on the newsletter were about 50/50 for and against a newsletter. Ultimately, we have discovered that staff do want more information as to what is occurring on campus but not in the form of a monthly newsletter. Many people suggested that we use the platform of the Coyote Connection and supply more information into the Coyote Connection in order to inform staff better on events on campus and what's information into the Coyote Connection in order to inform staff better on events on campus and what's



Student Survey_Connection

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What is your primary campus location?

Answered: 206 Skipped: 0



What kind of student are you?

Answered: 206 Skipped: 0

Current
Incoming
Alumini

206 responses

Share

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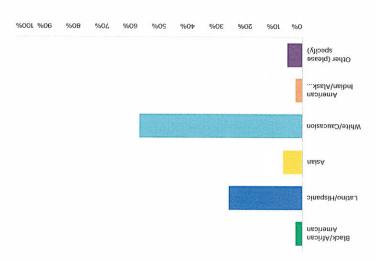
Answered: 203 Skipped: 3

O 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

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On a scale from 1-5, how connected do you feel to the Cerro Coso Community College campus?





Answered: 205 Skipped: 7

What is your ethnicity?

99

202		JATOT
99	%LL'LE	+0+
09	79.27%	76-40
53	11.22%	55-52
	RESPONSES	ANSWER CHOICES

Y

SIGN UP

206 responses



 TOTAL
 RESPONSES
 206

 3-4 hours
 18.45%
 33

 1-2 hours
 18.45%
 33

 2+ hours
 18.45%
 33

 3-4 hours
 18.45%
 33

 4 hours
 18.45%
 33

 5 hours
 19.45%
 33

 6 hours
 19.45%
 38

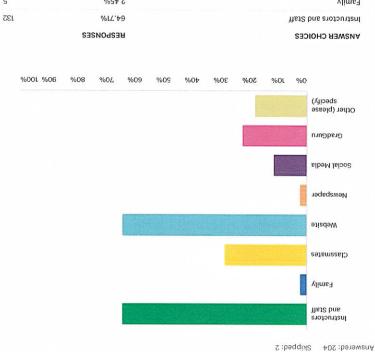
 7 hours
 19.45%
 38

 8 hours
 19.45%
 38

 9 hours
 19.45%
 38

 10 hours
 19.45%
 38

ою How do you find out about events and deadlines at Cerro Coso? (Check all that apply)



Total Respondents: 204 32 %+l.8l Other (please specify) 94 22.55% GradGuru 54 %9L'LL Social Media 9 2.45% Newspaper 132 %14.49 Website 69 28.92% Classmates 9 7.45% Family

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\scriptsize on}}$ what clubs or activities would you like to see on campus?

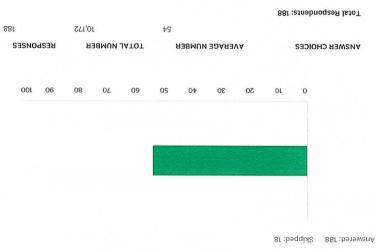
Answered: 94 Skipped: 112

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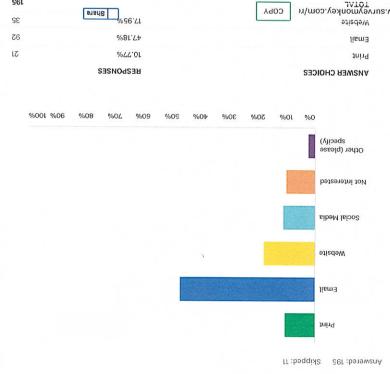
	161	
%66.0r	21	
%LL:+	6	
%96'6	61	Le mare
RESPONSES		AU NAIS
	%1 <u>7.71</u> %	61 %S6.6



newsletter? How interested would you be in a student-focused



If interested, how would you like to see this newsletter?



СОБА

Share Link https://www.surveymonkey.com/re

206 responses

192

Total Respondents: 184 Other (please specify) **VIOLES**



semester kickoff event? On a scale of 1-5 how likely would you be to attend this ΛſΟ



Check out our sample surveys and create your own now! Powered by Assured Monkey

506 responses

Share Share 6+ Share

СОРУ

https://www.surveymonkey.com/re

Share Link

SELECTED INTERVENTION 1: DEVELOPMENT OF AN ONLINE STUDENT UNION - "THE COYOTE DEN"

The goal is to create an online equivalent to the *one-stop shop* student union create a virtual common space where students from all sites and online can find the services they need and the connection they are looking for. Students will be able to: communicate with their peers through forums, meet with faculty, speak with a counselor, work with a librarian, play a game with a friend, watch life video feeds of on-campus events, view social media feeds from various departments, see faculty and student highlights, etc. Each service can be found in its respective department canvas shell or canvas course room.

Phase 1: Focuses on the introduction to online support services and video conferencing for everyday campus interactions. Phase 1 includes online student contact hours, online counseling, online librarians, tutoring, and student forums. This is the beginning of a connected online/on-ground experience, bringing some support services to the online environment in a more accessible, human form.

Phase 2: Generate "Coyote Den" marketing for the physical "student union" spaces at the sites and on the main campus. Develop recognizable similarities between the virtual and physical space. Connect departmental social media feeds to page in The Den and introduce faculty, student, staff, and administration spotlight page.

Phase 3: Single location development – Canvas? (examples: http://elife.nvcc.edu/vsu/ and https://troy.blackboard.com/bbcswebdav/institution/TrojanCafe/index.html). Relocate services to a single location (see examples). Students can visit the "den" and find what they are looking for or just hangout as they would do in a physical space.

Expectations for participation:

- 1. Attend training for setting up and using a virtual office
 - a. Links posted appropriately in Canvas Course
 - b. Using virtual office (tools, managing students, etc.)
- 2. Hold student contact hours in virtual office
- 3. Create assignments that require visits online (at least 2 per semester)
- 4. Distribute survey at the end of the semester

A. Expected Outcomes	B. Assessment Lead Measures	Data Sources Lag Measures	C. Action Plan Tasks	D. Personnel	E. Timing	F. Reporting & Closing Loop
• Increased communication between students and faculty, counselors,	• More students taking advantage of student	 Attrition, retention, and success data; Student Experience 	1. Develop expectations	 SSSP VP Instruction Dir. Counseling faculty chairs Librarian(s) 	• Prior to semester start	 Reflect and share outcomes at SSSP, faculty chairs, etc. Adjust
librarians, and fellow students; • Increased online counseling visits, tutoring visits,	support services; • Increased student contact hour	Survey Data; • CCSSE Data • Semester over semester	 Identify method for data tracking (SARS in Cranium Café – unsure with Zoom) 	 Distance Ed IT LAC Coordinator	• Prior to semester start	marketing and tighten processes to address issues in pilot semester
and social media interactions;Improved course retention, success, and perseverance	visits; • Increased online tutoring • Any sort of discussion in student	increases in usage by students, faculty, and staff.	3. Train faculty in Cranium Café or Zoom	 Distance Ed LAC Coordinator Faculty Librarian(s) Counselors 	 Flex? OR Periodically throughout semester as departments show interest 	 Welcome conversations with all stakeholders regarding areas of opportunity Faculty share
	forums • Social media interactions		4. Place links in to virtual office within canvas courses, student services pages, and on CerroCoso.edu	 Faculty Librarian(s) Counselors Distance Ed LAC Coordinator Web Designer 	Start of semesterORWhen departments are ready	experience using the den as a tool to connect with students
			5. Build process for student forum approvals	• SSSP	Process for approving and creating student forum topics	
					•	

SELECTED INTERVENTION 2: REGISTRATION DAY ROLE PLAY

Registration Day Role Play is a simulation experienced by faculty to make them more aware of the departmental processes around campus. This initiative would help faculty to feel more in touch with the processes students endure throughout the semester.

Expectations for Participation:

- 1. Faculty participate in role play
 - o Registers in ghost class (confirms who has completed the role play)
- 2. Faculty make announcements and important date reminders throughout semester
- 3. Faculty direct students to the appropriate offices and or people to accomplish desired tasks

A. Expected Outcomes	B. Assessment Lead Measures	Data Sources Lag Measures	C.	Action Plan Tasks	D. Personnel	E. Timing	F. Reporting & Closing Loop
• Increased understanding of the registration process and	• Increased number of counseling appointments	Attrition, retention, and success dataincreased	1.	Create how to guide	• ?	Prior to semester start	
departmental processes • Better connection between faculty	• More students completing matriculation process	enrollment at earlier date	2.	Faculty follow steps for registration on campuses	Admission and recordsVP InstructionCounselorsAccess	Flex or first week of semester	
and college • Less confusion regarding registration and Financial Aid	Process		3.	Faculty disseminate information in class throughout the semester			
• Better information dispersed around campus – fewer questions			4.				

SELECTED INTERVENTION 3: PEER STUDY GROUPS

Development of faculty supported peer study groups is intended to lead students toward more effective study habits through connection with faculty and their peers.

Expectations for Participation:

- 1. Introduce peer study groups in class (encourage students to form a group)
 - This could be a requirement for the course perhaps at least one assignment requires meeting with a group or collaboration outside of class
- 2. Ask that students sign up using form (student information, student availability, and course info)
 - o Form goes to the Learning Assistance Center for match making and or scheduling
- 3. Faculty checks in with study group

A. Expected Outcomes	B. Assessment Lead Measures	Data Sources Lag Measures	C.	Action Plan Tasks	D. Personnel	E. Timing	F. Reporting & Closing Loop
• Increased amount of material mastered	Student attendance Student homework	 Course outcomes Attrition, retention, and 	1.	Introduce peer study groups	• Faculty	First day of class	Awards for study group leaders
 Higher course completion rates Better course	completion rates • Student quiz	success data • Survey results	2.	(optional) assign team roles	• Faculty	1 st assignment?	
outcomesStudents develop cooperative learning skills	grades		3.	LAC pairs students and schedules meetings	LAC Coordinator		
			4.	LAC checks in with groups for support needs (tutors)	LAC Coordinator		
			5.	Assessment (survey and data)	• IR?		

SELECTED INTERVENTION 4: WELCOME BACK BBQ

The Welcome Back BBQ is an opportunity for every department at every site at the college to connect with students. Students enjoy a BBQ with faculty, staff, and administration. Clubs can get involved too. Students can visit club booths and see what other students are doing on campus. This does not have to stop on the campuses. An online equivalent can occur through live video on social media, albeit more difficult to make enjoyable and functional at the same time.

A. Expected Outcomes	B. Assessment Lead Measures	Data Sources Lag Measures	C. Action Plan Tasks	D. Personnel	E. Timing	F. Reporting & Closing Loop
 Increased participation in clubs Increased participation in support services Early connection with faculty Social media 	 Early participation in clubs and support services First day of class attendance 	• CCSSE	1. Plan event	 Faculty Student Government Club leadership Counseling Access Programs Administration 	First day of the semester or Flex	
analytics						
• Improved first day attendance			3.	•		
			4.	•		
			5.	•		



Quick Guide

Students are more likely to persist and accomplish their goals when they feel connected to the college. Creating connections between students and the institution and cultivating relationships that underscore students' involvement with the college community can contribute to their academic and personal success. This initiative is about faculty learning about the resources and supports available at the college, whether online or onsite, and purposefully connecting students to campus supports so they can raise student awareness and help develop a sense of belongingness and affiliation.

It helps students navigate their way through the different offices, programs, and services at the college. Colleges are complex organizations with many different policies, practices, and people that can overwhelm students. Faculty who know the college from the student perspective are in a position to guide them toward different offices, individuals, and activities on campus that can help them.

It helps students **build peer support networks**. Students are a critical and untapped resource of support for one another, and participants in this research cited many ways they help their peers reach their goals. Faculty are in a unique position to facilitate students forming study groups outside of class or engaging in peer mentoring.

Action Steps

- 1. **Provide a Resource Guide** to students on the first day of class (or in the introduction of an online class) that introduces students to the variety of college learning support services.
- 2. Make mandatory one of the following activities/assignments that requires students to connect with a campus learning support service:
 - a. **Long-term education plan.** Counselors are available to visit onsite and online classes to walk students through this activity. This activity is especially suitable for basic skills and introductory survey courses.
 - b. **Embedded library support.** Librarians are available to provide online and onsite students with targeted instruction in research skills. This is especially suitable for writing-intensive courses with research projects and papers.
 - c. **Math and writing labs**. One-on-one faculty assistance is available at the Math and Writing labs, which are available at all campus locations including online. This is especially suitable for 100-level courses without prerequisites.
 - d. **Faculty-formed peer study groups.** In this activity, faculty find a way to make it mandatory for students to meet regularly in peer study groups. This activity is suitable for all courses.
 - e. **Career Center.** In this activity, faculty not only sign their classes up to be involved but actively encourage career exploration, such as invite guest speakers, share their own experiences, create field trip opportunities, facilitate internships, etc.

Metrics

Informally, faculty members should discover they are referring more students to campus support areas and should experience better engagement during the semester. Quantitatively, the Counseling and LRC departments should see an increase in student usage and faculty collaborations. The college should see improved rates in completion of educational plans, attrition, retention, success, persistence, degree/certificate/transfer completion, and equity gaps.



Thank you for participating in this very important college-wide initiative to improve student retention and engagement. Students who are not connected to the college don't take advantage of the services and programs designed to help them succeed.

Description and Purpose

Students are more likely to persist and accomplish their goals when they feel connected to the college. Creating connections between students and the institution and cultivating relationships that underscore students' involvement with the college community can contribute to their academic and personal success. This initiative is about faculty learning about the resources and supports available at the college, whether online or onsite, so they can raise student awareness and help develop a sense of belongingness and affiliation.

It demonstrates that the instructors have **high expectations for students and hold them accountable**. Students in the Student Support (Re)Defined study indicated they want to be challenged and held to a high standard. They specifically shared that having someone on campus to whom they are accountable motivates them to succeed. Connecting students to learning support services sends the message that instructors are aware of their potential and expect them to work diligently toward the goals they have set for themselves.

It helps students navigate their way through the different offices, programs, and services at the college. Colleges are complex organizations with many different policies, practices, and people that can overwhelm students. Study participants highlighted the impact of having people on their campuses who helped them navigate their institutions. Faculty who know the college from the student perspective are in a position to guide them toward different offices, individuals, and activities on campus that can help them.

It helps students **build peer support networks**. Students are a critical and untapped resource of support for one another, and participants in this research cited many ways they help their peers reach their goals. Faculty with knowledge about the available resources at the college can suggest clubs students might join or direct or let students know about spaces on campus where they can meet. More directly, faculty can facilitate students forming study groups outside of class or engaging in peer mentoring.

Finally, it shows students that **faculty are proud to work at Cerro Coso and that they should be proud to be enrolled here too**. Some students do not see their community college as a place of pride. One reason cited by the participants was an absence of strong organizational identity among faculty and staff at their institutions. By demonstrating to students their own connection, faculty can invoke a greater sense of place and pride in students.

Action Steps

1. **Provide a Resource Guide** to students on the first day of class (or in the introduction of an online class) that introduces students to the variety of college learning support services.

Students report being generally unaware of the help that is available to them or they simply do not know how or where to ask for assistance. Faculty, too, may be unaware or unclear about the difference between counseling and Access programs, whether we have a career center, where to send students who are asking questions about transferring to a particular school, or how to develop their research skills. This initiative is about faculty learning about the resources and supports available at the college--whether online or onsite--so they can in turn raise student awareness.

2. Make mandatory one of the following activities/assignments that requires students to connect with a campus learning support service:

- a. Long-term education plan. Students who complete a long-term educational plan are far more likely to achieve their goals than those who do not. Counselors are available to visit onsite and online classes to walk students through this activity. This activity is especially suitable for basic skills and introductory survey courses.
- b. Embedded library support. Faculty often report they barely have enough time to get through the basics of the detailed topical outline; who has the time to teach research, citation, and evaluating information sources? Librarians, that's who! Librarians are available to provide online and onsite students with targeted instruction in research skills. This is especially suitable for writing-intensive courses with research projects and papers.
- Math and writing labs. Faculty frequently find individual students' composition or calculation skills are not where they should be. Most of these students need a refresher in one or two areas instead of an entire remedial class. One-on-one faculty assistance is available at the Math and Writing labs, which are available at all campus locations including online. This is especially suitable for 100-level courses without prerequisites.
- d. Faculty-formed peer study groups. Faculty can help students connect with each other by creating study groups, assigning project work, instituting a buddy system and facilitating peer mentoring opportunities. In this activity, faculty find a way to make it mandatory for students to meet regularly in peer study groups. This activity is suitable for all courses.
- e. Career Center. The college already has a Class-to-Career program, in which counselors come to online and onground classes to discuss transition to work. In this activity, faculty not only sign their classes up to be involved but actively encourage career exploration, such as invite guest speakers, share their own experiences, create field trip opportunities, facilitate internships, etc.

Implementing the Initiative across the Department

	Every full-time faculty member will hand out the Learning Support Resource Guide and
	over it with students on the first day in every class they teach in the Fall 2017 semester
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Because scaling up best practices is crucial, if your department adopts this strategy:

☐ Every full-time faculty member will assign a mandatory activity/assignment that requires students to connect with a campus learning support in every class they teach in the Fall

go

2017 semester.



The department will debrief during the Fall 2017 semester to discuss how it went
and design improvements in time for distribution for the spring semester.
Every faculty member (full- and part-time, main and extension campuses, onground and
online) will hand out the Learning Support Resource Guide and go over it with students on
the first day in every class they teach in the Spring 2018 semester.
Every faculty member (full- and part-time, main and extension campuses, onground and
online) assign a mandatory activity/assignment that requires students to connect with a
campus learning support in every class they teach in the Spring 2018 semester.

In order to be timely, the department debrief should take place in the October/early November timeframe and can certainly be counted as one of the department's required semester meetings.

For this project to work and for the data to be meaningful, it is imperative that all faculty members adopt both components of this instructional initiative. This will require periodic touchpoints to verify that these strategies are being used by all faculty in all classes at each site (full-time faculty in the fall, all faculty in the spring). A web-entry feedback form will be made available that teachers can use to report on implementation and progress. A reporting spreadsheet will also be provided to faculty chairs to summarize the progress checks and use as documentation for unit planning.

Samples

Resource Guide

The first part of the initiative is to distribute the Campus Supports Resource Guide to all students in all classes onsite and to make it available and draw attention to it in all classes online. Hard copies of the resource guide will be provided at fall FLEX and can be picked up at any of these locations:

- At IWV: Office of Instruction (modular 4), Counseling (modular 3), the library, or the learning assistance center
- At non-IWV sites: the central office and the learning resource center room

The objective of this strategy is to help students navigate their way through the different offices, programs, and services at the college. Colleges are complex organizations with many different policies, practices, and people that can overwhelm students. Students in the Student Support (Re) defined study highlighted the impact of having people on their campuses who helped them navigate their institutions. If you know the college from the student perspective, you are in a position to guide them toward different offices, individuals, and activities on campus. So part of this initiative is to familiarize yourself with the different supports available at the college, their core services, their locations at your local campus and online, and how students can contact them.

Mandatory Activity/Assignment that Requires Students to Connect with at least one Campus Learning Support Service



Here are the four different learning support services that came out of the strategy. As a department we have decided [or not decided] to adopt any of these.

- a. Long-term education plan. Students who complete a long-term educational plan are far more likely to achieve their goals than those who do not. Counselors are available to visit onsite and online classes to walk students through this activity. This activity is especially suitable for basic skills and introductory survey courses. Contact Christine Small, 760-384-6219, or your local counselor.
- b. Embedded library support. Faculty often report they barely have enough time to get through the basics of the detailed topical outline; who has the time to teach research, citation, and evaluating information sources? Librarians, that's who! Librarians are available to provide online and onsite students with targeted instruction in research skills. This is especially suitable for writing-intensive courses with research projects and papers. Contact Julie Cornett, 760-384-6132.
- c. Math and Writing Labs. Faculty frequently find individual students' composition or calculation skills are not where they should be. Most of these students need a refresher in one or two areas instead of an entire remedial class. One-on-one faculty assistance is available at the Math and Writing labs, which are available at all campus locations including online. This is especially suitable for 100-level courses without prerequisites. Contact Tyson Huffman, 760-384-6381.
- d. Faculty-formed peer study groups. Faculty can help students connect with each other by creating study groups, assigning project work, instituting a buddy system and facilitating peer mentoring opportunities. In this activity, faculty find a way to make it mandatory for students to meet regularly in peer study groups. This activity is suitable for all courses.
- e. **Career Center.** The college already has a Class-to-Career program, in which counselors come to online and onground classes to discuss the transition from college to work. In this activity, faculty not only sign their classes up to be involved but actively encourage career exploration, such as invite guest speakers, share their own experiences, create field trip opportunities, facilitate internships, etc. Contact Christine Small, 760-384-6219, or Ashlin Mattos, 760-384-6128.

Since this strategy requires integrated with programs and services already in operation, it is important and necessary that you contact the offices above to discuss what a mandatory assignment might look like in your class. They have plenty of experience working with faculty and can be an important resource for best practices. To give you some idea, here is a sample activity/assignment for embedded library support:



ctivity: Locating Sources
territy. Locating Sources
NAME:
Topic: What is your topic? What are the main subject terms for your topic? Jot down as many keywords and synonyms you can think of for your topic words.
Try locating an article on your topic using the <i>Academic Search Complete</i> database (from the databases link). Write down the search terms you used to get to the best results (hint: try searching for the author and then use the "subject-thesaurus" limiter on the left menu to select the subject "characters & characteristics")
Try locating a book or eBook on the library catalog. a. What search strategy was most effective? (search by title, by author, etc.) and what ways did you limit your search?
a. What search strategy was most effective? (search by title, by author, etc.) and
a. What search strategy was most effective? (search by title, by author, etc.) and what ways did you limit your search? Write down the APA citation of both resources you located today on your topic:

One objective of these mandatory activity/assignments is they send the message you have high expectations for students and intend to hold them accountable. Students in the Student Support (Re)Defined study indicated they want to be challenged and held to a high standard. They specifically shared that having someone on campus to whom they are accountable motivates them to succeed. By informing students of and connecting them to learning support services, you are communicating that you are aware of their potential, care about their success, and expect them to work diligently toward the goals they have set for themselves. You send the message you will match your high expectations of them with your own high commitment to supporting their success.

Another objective is that it helps students build peer support networks. Students are a critical and untapped resource of support for one another, and participants in this research cited many ways they

Cerro Coso Community College Student Success Factors Initiative Connected: Connecting Students to Learning Support Services

help their peers reach their goals. By developing your knowledge about the available resources at the college and referring students to them, you are often connecting students with other students. The Access and Umoja programs have peer mentors, for instance, writing and math labs are staffed by peers and often run as group meetings, embedded librarian support can involve discussion forums, job seekers attend workshops and interact with other job seekers, faculty-formed study groups speaks for itself. In all these ways

When it comes to the peer study groups, those faculty who routinely encourage and form such groups advise that best practices are to group students diversely so that first generation students are paired with traditional students, older students are grouped with recent high school graduates, etc.

Resource Guide

Since collecting and documenting results are a key component of this initiative, the chair will ask instructors to report on their progress by completing a web-entry "Progress Report."

Here's an example of what it will ask of you:

Progress Report Directed and Focused

Initiative: Early Diagnostic Assignments and Feedback

- 1. Date:
- 2. Faculty Member's Name:
- 3. Class name and number:
- 4. CRN
- 5. Was the learning support resource guide distributed in the first week of class?
- 6. How did you discuss it with students?
- 7. How did it go and what would you improve on it for next time?
- 8. What learning support service did you select for the mandatory activity/ assignment?
- 9. How did you make it mandatory?
- 10. How did it go and what would you improve on it for next time?

Metrics

This initiative is designed to connect students to campus supports. Effectiveness will be evaluated in two ways: **Informally**, faculty members should discover they are referring more students to campus support areas and should experience better engagement during the semester.

Quantitatively, the Counseling and LRC departments should see an increase in student usage and faculty collaborations. The college should see improved rates in completion of educational plans, attrition, retention, success, persistence, degree/certificate/transfer completion, and equity gaps.

Cerro Coso Community College Student Success Factors Initiative Connected: Connecting Students to Learning Support Services



Cerro Coso Community College Student Success Factors Initiative Connected: Connecting Students to Learning Support Services



Implementation Chart: Early Communication and Feedback

Expected Outcomes	Assessment	Data Sources	Action Plan Tasks	Action Plan Tasks	Documentation
			For Chairs	For Faculty	
	Early	Longer Term Data			
	Observational	(i.e., "lag"			
	Data (i.e., "lead"	measures)			
	measures)				
Students reporting a	More opportunity	Increased rate of	Send out communication	Distribute and go over	Communications
higher level of	for students to	students	to full-time or to all	the Learning	between faculty chair
connection to the	connect with	completing	department faculty	Assistance Resource	and faculty leading to
college: They have	learning support	educational plans	about interventions, by	Guide with students	adoption of
been intentionally	services		July 15	preferably on the first	intervention (email,
connected to learning		Decreased		day	flex day department
support services	Earlier and	discipline,	Lead the decision to		meeting minutes,
	increased	department, and	adopt a particular	Schedule library,	etc.), supplied by chair
Students reporting a	referrals to	college attrition	intervention for 2017-	tutoring, and/or	
higher level of	tutoring	rate (drops by	2018, by first day of fall	counseling sessions	Usage statistics,
connection to their		20% date)	semester (August 21)	with appropriate	supplied by director of
peers and their	Increased Class to			department	counseling, library
instructors	Careers Sessions	Increased	Send out web entry		chair, LAC coordinator
		discipline,	"Progress Report" link to	Give a mandatory	
	Increased Library	department, and	all faculty by September	activity/assignment	Progress reports
	Instruction and	college retention	15	that purposefully	submitted by faculty,
	Embedded	rates (% of		connects students to a	archived in web
	Librarian visits	students	Compile results of	defined learning	database
		remaining in class	progress reports, before	support	
	Increased Peer	at end of term)	department meeting		Department meeting
	study group			Grade the assignment	minutes, Fall 2017,
	sessions	Increased	Meet with department to	and provide	supplied by chair
		discipline,	discuss and fine tune for	meaningful and timely	
		department, and		feedback	

Cerro Coso Community College Student Success Factors Initiative Connected: Connecting Students to Learning Support Services



course success spring 2019 by Complete the progress Dissipli	
course success spring 2018, by Complete the progress Discipling	ne,
rates (C or better) November 30 report, when sent out departr	nent, and
by chair college	lag measures,
Increased college Ensure that every faculty supplied	d by IR
persistence rates member teaching a class Full-time faculty	
(students in spring 2018 (full- and participate in the fall A stude	nt reporting
returning for part-time, main and semester department instrum	ent to be
subsequent extension campuses, meeting, when determ	ined (end of
semesters) online and onsite) has scheduled by chair class su	rvey, CCSSE,
been communicated with experie	nce survey),
Increased college and has all the designe	d and
completion rates information they need to adminis	tered by IR.
(% students implement the strategy.	
receiving award)	
Narrowed college	
equity gaps in	
retention,	
success,	
persistence, and	
completion	



Quick Guide

While all staff have a role to play in helping students succeed, faculty have the primary role. Providing purposeful and timely feedback and communicating with students about their educational plans should begin in the first two weeks of the semester so that students can feel that they belong in school, that they are in the right classes to move them forward, that they are motivated to succeed, and they have the skills needed to achieve their goals.

It demonstrates that instructors have high expectations for students and hold them accountable. Students in the Student Support (Re)defined study indicated they want to be challenged and held to a high standard. They specifically shared that having someone on campus to whom they are accountable motivates them to succeed. Early communication and feedback sends the message that instructors are aware of their potential and expect them to work diligently toward the goals they have set for themselves.

Moreover, it communicates and demonstrates to students that instructors care about their success. Study participants spoke about the small but significant gestures that helped them feel more supported on their campus. Learning the names of the students is one way to making them feel that they matter. Moreover, instructors often do things as part of their job that they believe are good for students, but they do not always tell students why they do what they do and how their work supports them.

Action Steps

- 1. Give a student engagement survey during the first week of class and discuss with students. It gets students thinking about short and long-term goal-making for college and shows instructors are interested in their educational goals. By asking them why are they are in college and what their major is, instructors let students know they expect them to have a reason for enrolling in postsecondary education. Recognizing them by name is a small gesture that can go a long way in making a student feel like an important and valuable participant in your course.
- 2. Give an early diagnostic assignment with meaningful feedback within the first 10 days of the semester. By providing early meaningful feedback, instructors can help students keep motivated and their eyes on the prize of their college goals. Students want to know where they stand in their individual classes and whether they are on the right track. Early meaningful feedback can also allow students to "course correct" by connecting with additional resources if needed to improve their performance.

Metrics

Informally, faculty members should discover they know more about their students' short- and long-term goals; they should experience better student discussion and engagement in the first two weeks; they should see fewer student absences; and they may be making more referrals to tutoring or other learning support help in the early going. Quantitatively, the college should see improved rates in completion of educational plans, attrition, retention, success, persistence, degree/certificate/transfer completion, and equity gaps.



Thank you for participating in this very important college-wide initiative to improve student retention and engagement. Students who are undirected and unfocused lack a clear sense of why they are in school, and this can lead to procrastinating, stopping out, or even giving up. Adopting this initiative can help students develop a sense of belongingness and encourage motivation to achieve their goals.

Description and Purpose

While all staff have a role to play in helping students succeed, faculty have the primary role. Providing purposeful and timely feedback and communicating with students about their educational plans should begin in the first two weeks of the semester so that students can feel that they belong in school, that they are in the right classes to move them forward, that they are motivated to succeed, and they have the skills needed to achieve their goals.

It demonstrates that instructors have high expectations for students and hold them accountable. Students in the Student Support (Re)defined study indicated they want to be challenged and held to a high standard. They specifically shared that having someone on campus to whom they are accountable motivates them to succeed. Early communication and feedback sends the message that instructors are aware of their potential and expect them to work diligently toward the goals they have set for themselves.

Moreover, it communicates and demonstrates to students that instructors care about their success. Study participants spoke about the small but significant gestures that helped them feel more supported on their campus. Learning the names of the students is one way to making them feel that they matter. Moreover, instructors often do things as part of their job that they believe are good for students, but they do not always tell students why they do what they do and how their work supports them.

Action Steps

- 1. Give a student engagement survey during the first week of class and discuss the responses with students. One objective is to get students thinking about their short and long-term goals for college and to demonstrate that instructors are interested in their educational goal. A second objective of this component is for instructors to learn the names of and get to know their students from the first week. By asking them why are they are in college and what their major is, instructors let students know they expect them to have a reason for enrolling in postsecondary education. Moreover, knowing every student's name can be a challenge, especially in large classes, yet there are techniques such as name tags or plates that can prove useful. Recognizing someone by name is a small gesture that can go a long way in making a student feel like an important and valuable participant in your course.
- 2. Give an early diagnostic assignment with timely feedback within the first 10 days of the semester. Preferably, this assignment is not based on a textbook reading or exercises as many students don't have books in the first two weeks. If the assignment must be based on a textbook, the instructor should ensure a copy is available in the local textbook reserve and refer



students to that. By providing early meaningful feedback, instructors can help students keep their eyes on the prize. Students want to know where they stand in their individual classes and whether they are on the right track in meeting their goals. Early meaningful feedback can foster motivation as well as allow students to "course correct" by connecting with additional resources if needed to improve their performance.

Implementing the Initiative across the Department

Because implementation "at scale" is crucial, if your department adopts this strategy:

Every full-time faculty member will give a student engagement survey and discuss responses
with students in every class they teach in the Fall 2017 semester.
Every full-time faculty member will give a meaningful early diagnostic assignment in every
class they teach in the Fall 2017 semester.
The department will debrief during the Fall 2017 semester to discuss how it went and design
improvements in time for distribution for the spring semester.
Every faculty member (full- and part-time, main and extension campuses, onground and
online) will give a student engagement survey and discuss responses with students in every
class they teach in the Spring 2018 semester.
Every faculty member (full- and part-time, main and extension campuses, onground and
online) will give a meaningful early diagnostic assignment in every class they teach in the
Spring 2018 semester.

In order to be timely, the department debrief should take place in the October/early November timeframe and can certainly be counted as one of the department's required semester meetings.

For this project to work and for the data to be meaningful, it is imperative that all faculty members adopt both components of the initiative. This will require periodic touchpoints to verify that these strategies are being used by all faculty in all classes at each site (full-time faculty in the fall, all faculty in the spring). A web-entry feedback form will be made available so instructors can report on implementation and progress. A reporting spreadsheet will also be provided to faculty chairs to summarize the progress checks and use as documentation for unit planning.

Samples

Here is an example of a student survey:

Student Engagement Survey

- 1. Name?
- 2. Why are you in college?
- 3. How many semesters have you been in college?
- 4. Have you gone through matriculation and orientation?
- 5. Do you have a major or focus of study?



- 6. Do you intend to transfer? To which university would you like to transfer?
- 7. Are you from Ridgecrest?
- 8. Do you intend to stay here or leave after you're finished with college?
- 9. In what aspects of your writing do you think you need the most help?
- 10. What will you do if you earn low grades on the first assignments in this class?
- 11. How can I help you succeed in this class?

One objective of the survey is to get students articulating their short and long-term educational goals. While all employees at the college have a role to play in helping students keep their eyes on the prize, students report that instructors have the primary role. By asking about and showing an interest in students' educational goals, faculty can help them feel like they belong and foster motivation. A second objective is for instructors to learn the names of and get to know their students from the first week. Students have reported that being recognized by name, even though it is a small gesture, can go a long way in making them feel like an important and valuable participant in their courses.

Faculty members who routinely use an early engagement survey and have found it valuable advise that it is best to do on the first day after going over the syllabus and best to involve the entire class in the discussion. A time of 30 to 45 minutes works great.

Here is an example of an early diagnostic assessment, from an English class:

Early Diagnostic Assignment

Directions: In order to provide some feedback on your writing, I first need some writing. We can do this in a single paragraph.

Step One: Read the sample body paragraph on the reverse. You may not know Beowulf, but the paragraph will still give you a good idea of what an organized and developed paragraph looks like in English C101. This is the second body paragraph from the outline below.

Step Two: Read the excerpts from Sigmund Freud's "The 'Uncanny'" (focus on section 1) and Timothy Beal's Religion and Its Monsters, both linked on the course Canvas.

Step Three: Write the best paragraph you can describing Freud's concept of the uncanny.

- Use quotes and paraphrases from both sources.
- Do not plagiarize from or summarize an outside source that explains this concept.



- This is just a single paragraph, not a complete essay. Write only one paragraph.
- Make the paragraph organized, developed, and clearly written.

Do your best to use correct MLA documentation and format: in-text citations of page numbers, spacing, margins, running header (last name and page), heading information, and title. (Do not worry if you do not know this yet. I am just assessing what you already know and what you need to learn.)

Step Four: Submit the paragraph to Turnitin.com by 11:59 p.m., Friday, January 22.

Step Five: Relax! This is not a paper assignment, just an essential piece of information for the both of us: I see what you know and you see what you need to learn. You will get credit for doing the work, not on its perfection.

As you can see, this is from an English class, but an early diagnostic assessment can take any form as long as students view it as meaningful. Preferably, this assignment is not based on a textbook reading or exercises as many students don't have books in the first two weeks. If the assignment must be based on a textbook, faculty should ensure a copy is available to students somehow (free publisher account, on local textbook reserve, etc.).

The objective is that by providing early meaningful feedback, instructors help students know where they stand in your class after just a few days and whether they are on the right track in meeting their goals. If the class is an online class or an onground class using a Canvas shell, posting the responses to Canvas also reinforces a student's connection to the course (yes, the simple act of checking grades can be an engagement agent, especially early in the semester). Early meaningful feedback fosters motivation as well as allows students to "course correct" by connecting with additional resources if they (or the instructor) judge they need to improve their performance.

Faculty members who already give a diagnostic assignment and feedback stress that it must strike students as a meaningful use of their time and not busy work. It's best when designed as a dry run for an exam, paper, or project, using the same (or nearly the same) outcomes; it should be very clearly structured; and it should be graded thoughtfully with appropriate feedback. It might also lead, in the case of underperforming students, to referrals for tutoring, study groups, or other academic learning support.

Progress Report

Since collecting and documenting results are a key component of this initiative, the chair will ask instructors to report on their progress by completing a web-entry "Progress Report."



Here's an example of what it will ask:

Progress Report

Directed and Focused

Initiative: Early Diagnostic Assignments and Feedback

- 1. Date:
- 2. Faculty Member's Name:
- 3. Class name and number:
- 4. CRN
- 5. Was a student engagement survey given in the first 10 days of class?
- 6. How did it go?
- 7. Did it help you learn student names quicker than normal?
- 8. What would you improve on it for next time?
- 9. Did you give a diagnostic assignment in the first 10 days?
- 10. Please describe your diagnostic assignment:
- 11. How did it go?
- 12. What would you improve on it for next time?
- 13. Did the diagnostic assignment result in any suggested Interventions for students (referral to tutoring, referral to counseling, assignment of additional catch up work, office hour visits, etc.). Please specify:

Metrics

This initiative is designed to keep students directed and focused. Effectiveness will be evaluated in two ways. **Informally**, faculty members should discover they know more about their students' short- and long-term goals; they should experience better student discussion and engagement in the first two weeks; they should see fewer student absences; and they may be making more referrals to tutoring or other learning support help in the early going.

Quantitatively, the college should see improved rates in completion of educational plans, attrition, retention, success, persistence, degree/certificate/transfer completion, and equity gaps.



Selected Intervention: Early Communication and Feedback

Expected Outcomes	Assessment	Data Sources	Action Plan Tasks	Action Plan Tasks	Documentation
			For Chairs	For Faculty	
	Early	Longer Term Data			
	Observational	(i.e., "lag"			
	Data (i.e., "lead"	measures)			
	measures)				
Students reporting a	More opportunity	Increased rate of	Send out communication	Give a student	Communications
higher level of	for students to	students	to full-time or to all	engagement survey	between faculty chair
direction: faculty and	articulate their	completing	department faculty	and lead a discussion	and faculty leading to
staff have helped to	own short- and	educational plans	about interventions, by	with students, within	adoption of
clarify their	long-term reasons		July 15	the first 10 days,	intervention (email,
aspirations, select an	why they are in	Decreased		preferably on the first	flex day department
educational focus,	school.	discipline,	Lead the decision to	day	meeting minutes,
and create a plan that		department, and	adopt a particular		etc.), supplied by chair
moves them from	Better student	college attrition	intervention for 2017-	Learn student names,	
enrollment to goal	discussion and	rate (drops by	2018, by first day of fall	within the first 10 days	Early alert statistics,
achievement	engagement in	20% date)	semester (August 21)		supplied by director of
	the first two			Give an early	counseling
Students reporting a	weeks	Increased	Send out web entry	substantive diagnostic	
higher level of focus:		discipline,	"Progress Report" link to	assignment, within the	Tutoring center
faculty and staff have	Fewer student	department, and	all faculty by September	first 10 days.	statistics, supplied by
fostered their	absences	college retention	15		LAC coordinator
motivation and		rates (% of		Grade the assignment	
helped them develop	Earlier referrals to	students	Compile results of	and provide	Progress reports
the skills needed to	tutoring or other	remaining in class	progress reports, before	meaningful feedback,	submitted by faculty,
achieve their goals	learning support	at end of term)	department meeting	preferably before the	archived in web
	help			end of the second	database
		Increased	Meet with department to	week.	
		discipline,	discuss and fine tune for		



department, and	spring 2018, by	Submit an Early Alert	Department meeting
course success	November 30	for any	minutes, Fall 2017,
rates (C or better)		underperforming	supplied by chair
	Ensure that every faculty	student, following	
Increased college	member teaching a class	return of diagnostic	Discipline,
persistence rates	in spring 2018 (full- and	results	department, and
(students	part-time, main and		college lag measures,
returning for	extension campuses,	Complete the progress	supplied by IR
subsequent	online and onsite) has	report, when sent out	
semesters)	been communicated with	by chair	
	and has all the		
Increased college	information they need to	Full-time faculty	
completion rates	implement the strategy.	participate in the fall	
(% students		semester department	
receiving award)		meeting, when	
		scheduled by chair	
Narrowed college			
equity gaps in			
retention,			
success,			
persistence, and			
completion			



One outcome of the Student Success (Re)defined study is that colleges can boost students' educational efforts by teaching them how to succeed in the postsecondary environment. An instructor making his or her expectations transparently clear is one strong way to help students feel more directed and focused.

For one thing, it helps foster students' intrinsic motivation. Participants in the study reported that it is easier to keep their eyes on the prize of their educational goal when they experience and recognize progress. One way this can happen is through students self-monitoring their progress on a day-to-day basis through the ongoing feedback of instructors on tests, assignments, quizzes, and projects. Instructors being extremely clear about what is expected of students—and of the instructor—and transparently communicating those expectations in a resource that can be self-monitored helps students know where they stand in their individual classes and stay on track. It also demonstrates that instructors have high expectations for students and hold them accountable. Transparently setting expectations that instructors will post grades in a timely manner, and will regularly ask students if they understand the course material sends the message that instructors are aware of their potential and expect them to work diligently toward the goals they have set for themselves.

Action Steps

- 1. Write clear statements of expectations of both students and the teacher to be shared on the syllabus and even posted in each unit, module, or week of a class—both onsite and online. Transparent expectations might communicate what is expected of students and what they can expect of their instructor in terms of grading turnaround times, general class communication, and how the course works overall. In the online environment, this transparency might concern regular effective contact—again, for both student and instructor—including discussion etiquette, assignment submittal rules, response time for emails, turnaround time for grades, extent and type of online feedback, and so on.
- 2. For all onsite classes, establish Canvas shells that include at a minimum a syllabus, expectations of students and faculty, and current grades as well as any other resources agreed upon by the department. For example, the department could agree that all onsite Canvas shells will contain assignment sheets, PowerPoints, supplementary resources like related videos or podcasts, and possibly handouts or homework for anyone who is absent.
- **3. For all online classes, implement a system of informal check-ins**, meaning that, as time and opportunity permit, instructors will touch base with students individually to see how they are doing, whether they have issues or concerns, what kinds of resources they need to help them succeed, etc.

Metrics

Informally, faculty members should experience greater engagement in the first two weeks; they should see fewer student absences; and they may see a decline in questions from students about course procedures. Quantitatively, the college should see improved rates in completion of educational plans, attrition, retention, success, persistence, degree/certificate/transfer completion, and equity gaps.



Thank you for participating in this very important college-wide initiative to improve student retention and engagement. Students who are undirected and unfocused lack a clear sense of why they are in school, and this can lead to procrastinating, stopping out, or even giving up. Adopting this initiative can help students develop a sense of belongingness and encourage motivation to achieve their goals.

Description and Purpose

One outcome of the Student Success (Re)defined study is that colleges can boost students' educational efforts by teaching them how to succeed in the postsecondary environment. While a student's own intrinsic drive is the key agent in their educational success, showing students how to *be* students can go a long way in translating motivation into success. An instructor making his or her expectations transparently clear is one strong way to help students feel more directed and focused.

For one thing, it helps foster students' intrinsic motivation. Participants in the study reported that it is easier to keep their eyes on the prize of their educational goal when they experience and recognize progress. One way this can happen is through students self-monitoring their progress on a day-to-day basis through the ongoing feedback of instructors on tests, assignments, quizzes, and projects. Instructors being extremely clear about what is expected of students—and of the instructor—and transparently communicating those expectations in a resource that can be self-monitored helps students know where they stand in their individual classes and stay on track.

It also demonstrates that instructors have high expectations for students and hold them accountable. Students say they want to be challenged and held to a high standard. They specifically share that having someone on campus to whom they are accountable motivates them to succeed. Transparently setting expectations that instructors will post grades in a timely manner, will regularly ask students if they understand the course material, and will direct them to available assistance if needed sends the message that instructors are aware of their potential and expect them to work diligently toward the goals they have set for themselves.

Action Steps

1. Write clear statements of expectations of both students and the teacher to be shared on the syllabus and even posted in each unit, module, or week of a class—both onsite and online. Transparent expectations might communicate what is expected of students and what they can expect of their instructor in terms of grading turnaround times, general class communication, and how the course works overall. In the online environment, this transparency might concern regular effective contact—again, for both student and instructor—including discussion etiquette, assignment submittal rules, response time for emails, turnaround time for grades, extent and type of online feedback, and so on. More generally, since regular communication between instructor and student is extremely important, a critical element is good organization in the syllabus and, by extension, in instruction overall. The same goes for assignment guidelines, which should clearly define the



teacher's expectations. Finally, as with papers, assignment feedback is important: it should be returned within a week and be fairly specific.

- 2. For all onsite classes, establish Canvas shells that include at a minimum a syllabus, expectations of students and faculty, and current grades as well as any other resources agreed upon by the department. For example, the department could agree that all onsite Canvas shells will contain assignment sheets, PowerPoints, supplementary resources like related videos or podcasts, and possibly handouts or homework for anyone who is absent—keeping in mind that, though students want access to basic course information in Canvas, they do not want their onsite sections turned into online classes. By using a Canvas shell for onsite classes, greater transparency is achieved while also ensuring increased access to grades, important course material, and resources. For students to self-monitor progress, it is extremely important the grade report be kept current: promptly updated after major assignments and regularly updated for quizzes, discussions, and other weekly exercises.
- 3. For all online classes, implement a system of informal check-ins, meaning that, as time and opportunity permit, instructors will touch base with students individually to see how they are doing, whether they have issues or concerns, what kinds of resources they need to help them succeed, etc. Students want faculty to care if they are learning. While it is not possible to provide private instruction to every student in need, faculty can help by identifying and referring struggling students to campus resources like tutoring centers for assistance.

Implementing the Initiative across the Department

Because scaling up best practices is crucial, if your department adopts this strategy:

Every full-time faculty member will create and distribute/post a statement about expectations of student and faculty performance for every class they teach in the Fall 2017 semester.
Every full-time faculty member teaching an onsite class will implement a Canvas shell in the
Fall 2017 semester. The Canvas shell will minimally include a syllabus, expectations of
student and faculty performance, and grades and may additionally include assignments,
handouts, links to resources, etc.
Every full-time faculty teaching an online class will initiate an informal check-in with each
student at least once during the Fall 2017 semester.
The department will debrief during the Fall 2017 semester to discuss how it went and design
improvements in time for implementation across the department for the spring semester.
Every faculty member (full- and part-time, main and extension campuses, onground and
online) will create and distribute/post a statement about expectations of student and
faculty performance for every class they teach in the Spring 2018 semester.
Every faculty member teaching an onsite class (full- and part-time, main and extension
campuses) will implement a Canvas shell in the Spring 2018 semester. The Canvas shell will
minimally include a syllabus, expectations of student and faculty performance, and grades
and may additionally include assignments, handouts, links to resources, etc.



Every faculty member teaching an online class (full- and part-time) will initiate an informal
check-in with each student at least once during the Spring 2018 semester.

In order to be timely, the department debrief should take place in the October/early November timeframe and can certainly be counted as one of the department's required semester meetings.

For this project to work and for the data to be meaningful, it is imperative that all faculty members adopt both components of this instructional initiative. This will require periodic touchpoints to verify that these strategies are being used in all classes offered by a department at each site (full-time faculty in the fall, all faculty in the spring). A web-entry feedback form will be made available that teachers can use to report on implementation and progress. A reporting spreadsheet will also be provided to faculty chairs to summarize the progress checks and use as documentation for unit planning.

Samples

Here is a sample statement of expectations for students and instructors to be included in the syllabus.

Classroom Etiquette

What you can expect of me:

- I will arrive to class 5-10 minutes before the start time and stay after to answer questions.
- I will focus on teaching you mathematics in a positive, supportive, and engaging environment.
- I will come to class prepared and I will use all of our class time.
- I will challenge you while providing the resources you need to succeed.
- I will attempt to answer questions as they come up in class. However, there may be times that, in the interest of time or for some other reason, I may wait to answer your question at another time or at the end of class.
- I will have my cell phone on silent from the time I enter the class until I leave in case of emergency.
- I will communicate important announcements, changes, and information either in class, via email, or through Canvas.
- I will return work approximately one week after the students have submitted the work.

What I expect of you:

- You will arrive on time to class and have all materials you need for class, including your notes, a pencil, eraser, and a calculator.
- Your cell phone (and any other electronic device) will be turned off and put away before class begins. If there is a situation that requires you to have your cell phone on, please let me know.



- You will stay the entire class and will not pack up your belongings until I release you.
- If you must arrive late or leave early, you will inform me before class of the situation.
- You will participate in class. This means asking and answering questions, engaging in activities, helping other students, etc.
- If you have a question, or wish to add to the discussion, please raise your hand.
- You will treat the time in class in a professional manner. This includes keeping language clean and avoiding bawdy jokes.
- You will not sleep in class, work on or read materials unrelated to our course, or engage in any disruptive behavior.
- If you are absent, you will miss out on (and thus earn a zero on) any
 assignments. Further, it is your responsibility to learn the missed
 material on your own before the next class meeting. You may attend
 office hours to copy missed notes and ask questions. Missing a
 previous class is not a reason for being unable to complete an
 assignment for which you are in attendance.
- You will spend time working on this class outside of class hours. You should plan on spending a minimum of 2 hours of time outside of class for every 1 hour of instruction.
- It is your responsibility to get help early and often. I want to help you and I want you to be successful, but you have to choose to use the resources available to you.

Here is a sample statement of regular and effective contact for an online class:

Statement about Course Expectations: Regular Effective Contact and Timely Feedback

Regular Effective Contact

Board Policy specifically addresses regular, effective contact between instructors and students (BP Procedure 4B3). The procedure requires that any faculty member teaching an online or hybrid course shall do the following:

- Respond to student questions, emails, and other communications within 48 hours, Saturdays, Sundays, non-instructional, and leave days excepted;
- Regularly (at least twice a week) initiate contact with students in the online classroom;



- Monitor student-to-student interaction in classroom activities requiring interaction;
- Select and incorporate some combination of strategies to verify student identity and authenticate the originality of work
- Provide information to students regarding the items above on the class syllabus
- The faculty member teaching an online or hybrid course shall include all course syllabus information as described in the CCA contract within the District's adopted class management system and likewise shall conduct all forums, wikis, and other student-to-student class interactivity entirely within the class management system.

Instructor's Comments about Contact in This Class:

You will find that I am a very receptive instructor and will quickly respond to your questions both inside and outside the classroom. You will also notice that I am frequently in the class reading your work, answering questions, and initiating contact in the discussion forums. However, this doesn't mean that I will respond to all of your posts, or respond within one hour to every question that you pose. Such an expectation would be unrealistic: I teach at least four classes every semester, and, like all of you, I have responsibilities and obligations external to the class.

I usually respond to a small group of students in each forum, alternating my choice of students with every discussion so that over the course of the semester, I will have replied to nearly everyone.

Please be aware that I will carefully scrutinize all of your work, including both discussion posts and papers, to be sure that it is original and completed by you. Naturally, Turnitin.com will assist me in this effort. For more information about plagiarism, please see that section below in the syllabus.

Finally, please note that all communications between instructor and student will be situated within the class management system, a requirement that means you must frequently check your college e-mail (@email.cerrocoso.edu, @email.bakersfield.edu, or @email.porterville.edu). For your safety and mine, I will not respond to any communications sent through your personal e-mail addresses.

These statements are the kind of thing that might show up in a syllabus, but you can create and publish/distribute/post them in any way that makes sense to you and that fits your style. Such statements can also be broken up and distributed throughout the class—for example, for each unit,



weekly exercise, or major assignment. Since they are highly personalized by necessity, you are encouraged to make this initiative your own.

The objective of transparent expectations is to get students and faculty on the same page so that students can remain focused on school. Students report that staying focused on school helps them clarify a direction and establish a specific outcome over time. In turn, having a goal helps them remain motivated.

Faculty members who already provide these kinds of statements stress the importance of setting realistic but timely expectations on themselves, especially regarding turn-around times for grades. Students want to know that faculty are committed to their success and view them as a high priority. While they do understand faculty lead busy lives, especially adjunct faculty, a "contract" like this is a visible reminder that someone cares about and is dedicated to their success.

Transparency of expectations is the first component of the initiative. Depending on whether you are teaching onsite or online, the second component is either a canvas shell or a systematized method for checking in with students.

Creating a Canvas Shell for an On-Site Class

If you are teaching onsite, the first thing to know about adopting a Canvas shell if you don't have one is that you don't have to do anything. Cerro Coso automatically creates a Canvas shell for every CRN offered at the college. Once you have a CRN, your Canvas shell is ready and waiting for you. You can access your shell at any time in a couple of different ways:

- Log in to insideCC
- 2. Click on My Courses

OR

- 1. Log in to InsideCC
- 2. click on the Tools button on the top of the page
- 3. select Canvas
- 4. If your class is not already on the Dashboard, you can get to it by clicking on "Courses"

The next step is populating the shell with your syllabus, statement of student and faculty expectations, and (eventually) grades, as well as with any other resources we have discussed as a department and determined is appropriate. To get started on this, you can select tutorials at the bottom of the left navigation bar to show you how to carry out various tasks in Canvas, including using the grade book. Or you can contact the distance education office for help.

The objective of the Canvas shell is to provide greater transparency to students while also ensuring increased access to grades, important course material, and resources. Students stay motivated when they can experience and recognize progress. One way this can happen is through self-monitoring their progress on a day-to-day basis through the ongoing feedback of instructors on tests, assignments,



quizzes, and projects. For this reason, it is extremely important that you use the Canvas shell to post grades and keep them current.

Sample Message for Systemized Check-in for Online Classes

Finally, the second component for those teaching online is a systematized method for checking in with students informally. This can be done in a variety of ways, but the most common one already used by instructors in Canvas is simply sending a class message, like this:

Hello John,

The purpose of this e-mail is to check in with you to see how your work on paper 3 is going. Have you written a thesis and outline yet? What about secondary sources: have you found any good ones? Remember that the prospectus, including the thesis, plan of development, and outline, is due this Friday.

Do you need any help from me? Please don't hesitate to ask.

Thank you,

Professor Madison

You can see that this is super simple. A communication like this need not be a stand-alone message. With a different focus, it can be attached to the end of feedback you are giving on a paper or exam through the speedgrader tool or the gradebook tool. It can even be sent as a video or audio message.

The objective is simply to let students know that you have high standards for them and care about their success. Students say they want to be challenged and held to a high standard. They specifically share that having someone on campus to whom they are accountable motivates them to succeed. This assures them they are not just a number.

Instructors who already do this kind of thing advise that it works effectively at just about any time: into or out of a major paper, exam, or project, or even, surprisingly, during a downtime between assignments. They stress, though, that for this communication to be effective, it needs to be early enough in the semester to connect students with student support services or learning support services if they are having trouble.

Progress Report

Since collecting and documenting results are a key component of this initiative, the chair will ask instructors to report on their progress by completing a web-entry "Progress Report."

Here's an example of what it will ask:



Progress Report Directed and Focused

Initiative: Early Diagnostic Assignments and Feedback

- 1. Date:
- 2. Faculty Member's Name:
- 3. Class name and number:
- 4. CRN
- 5. Did you publish, distribute, or post a set of expectations about student and faculty performance?
- 6. How did you publish, distribute, or post it?
- 7. Had you done something like this before?
- 8. What would you improve on it for next time?
- 9. If you taught an onsite class, did you create a Canvas shell?
- 10. Was this the first time you used a Canvas shell for an onsite class?
- 11. Please briefly describe what you included in it.
- 12. How has it gone so far?
- 13. If you taught an online class, did you send informal check-ins to students?
- 14. Have you been able to get to all students so far?
- 15. How has it gone?
- 16. What would you improve on it for next time?
- 17. Did the check-in result in any suggested Interventions for students (tutoring, instructional software, additional lecture/assignment in class, lab activity)? If so, please specify:

Metrics

This initiative is designed to keep students directed and focused. Effectiveness will be evaluated in two ways. **Informally**, faculty members should experience greater engagement in the first two weeks; they should see fewer student absences; and they may see a decline in questions from students about course procedures.

Quantitatively, the college should see improved rates in completion of educational plans, attrition, retention, success, persistence, degree/certificate/transfer completion, and equity gaps.



Implementation Chart: Early Communication and Feedback

Expected Outcomes	Assessment Data Sources		Action Plan Tasks For Chairs	Action Plan Tasks For Faculty	Documentation
	Early	Longer Term Data	Tor Charis	Torracally	
	Observational	(i.e., "lag"			
	Data (i.e., "lead"	measures)			
	measures)	,			
Students reporting a	More opportunity	Increased usage	Send out communication	All faculty include a	Communications
higher level of	for students to	of college learning	to full-time or to all	statement of	between faculty chair
direction: they have	access important	supports (linked	department faculty	expectations in	and faculty leading to
been provided with	course resources	to Canvas Page)	about interventions, by	syllabus by first day	adoption of
clear expectations			July 15	and/or in unit or	intervention (email,
about instructor	Better student	Increased		weekly modules as	flex day department
contact and about	engagement in	discipline,	Lead the decision to	class continues	meeting minutes,
how the course will	the first two	department, and	adopt a particular		etc.), supplied by chair
progress	weeks	college retention	intervention for 2017-	Faculty teaching	
		rates (% of	2018, by first day of fall	onsite courses	Progress reports
Students reporting a	Fewer student	students	semester (August 21)	develop and	submitted by faculty,
higher level of focus:	absences	remaining in class		implement a Canvas	archived in web
they have been		at end of term)	Send out web entry	shell, by first day of	database
provided access to	Fewer student		"Progress Report" link to	class.	
important course	questions about	Increased	all faculty by October 15		Department meeting
materials, including	course	discipline,		Faculty teaching	minutes, Fall 2017,
syllabus, grades, and	expectations	department, and	Compile results of	online courses	supplied by chair
instructor access		course success	progress reports, before	develop and	
		rates (C or better)	department meeting	implement a method	Discipline,
			_	for informal check-ins	department, and
		Increased college	Meet with department to	with students, no later	college lag measures,
		persistence rates	discuss and fine tune for	than mid-term	supplied by IR
		(students	spring 2018, by		·
		returning for	November 30		



subsequent		Full-time faculty	A student reporting
semesters)	Ensure that every faculty	participate in the fall	instrument to be
	member teaching a class	semester department	determined (end of
Increased college	in spring 2018 (full- and	meeting, when	class survey, CCSSE,
completion rates	part-time, main and	scheduled by chair	experience survey),
(% students	extension campuses,		designed and
receiving award)	online and onsite) has		administered by IR.
	been communicated with		
Narrowed college	and has all the		
equity gaps in	information they need to		
retention,	implement the		
success,	strategies.		
persistence, and			
completion			